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# CAPTIVE IN PATAGONIA; 

OH,

## LIFEAMONGTIRGIANTS.

personal narrative.

## 1 Y

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN BOURNE.


> BOSTON:
> GOUlD AND LINcOLN,

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## PRETACE．

Book－marina is so much of a trado，that it may bo thought quite unnecessary to bo at the troublo to assign reasons for cmbarking in it；but，as it is not my own vocation，it will bo allowed mo to say；that the deep interest which many，not only of my personal friends， but others whom I never saw，have taken in my for－ tunes，and the desires expressed，both verbally and by letter，to know more of my adventures than was com－ municated through the newspapers，overcame the reluct－ anco Ifell to undortake sach a task．The intorost of personal adventure，however，great as it might be in im－ mediate view of the events while they were fresh，would not alone have been presumed upon as a sufficient attrac－ tion for this volume．But the strangeness of the country
observed，and the deficiency of exact information con－ cerning its people，it was thought，would make welcomo any contribution，however slight，to the knowledge of this section of our world and race．After tho contra－ dictory statoments of yoyagers as to the＂giants＂of South America，there may bo some curiosity to hear the teatimony of one who has＂seen the olephant＂ under circumstanees that onabled him to moasuro its proboscis．

My story is a plain one，－a simple record of facts， but not，I would hope，tedious．It offers no feats of literary agility for the critic＇s inspection，but a recital of human experiences and observations，sufficiently aside from the boaten track of life to have attracted a degreo． of attention which flatters mo with the belief that they yill repay a nearer and more minuto survey．

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## CAPTIVE IN PATAGONIA.

## CHAPTER I.

For
For California - Pernambuco - Straits of Magellan -Trading with Patar gonimen - Their Lrenelery - Pour men made priboaers by them - Three escape ; the author detained, with promises of releaso on paying ransom mandian willage - The chief und his houschold - Eating, sleeping, and adventuro in a Patngonian wigwam - Find myself bookol for * an indofinite residence in latagonia, and somo natmal roflections thoro) upol.
"Amona the carly subjects of the "gold ferer" that became epidemic in the autumn and winter of $1848-9$, a company of twenty-five mes left the port of Now llediord in the sehoonor Joln Allyne, A. Brownell, master, and B. IT. Bomme, mate, for California. The vessel had been selected for her grool sailiug qualities, light draught of water, and goneral fitness for river mavigation. In the haste and excitement of the time, California-bound craft carried' out some rather motley companios; but we considered ourselves fortunate in the character of the men associated in this eutorprise, and woro orgnnized on such principles of equality as seened to promise entiro harmony and good fellowship. Of courso we had high and golden hopes,
and our great object was to reach the new $O_{\text {phir }}$ in the easiest and most expeditious manner. On account of the delays and dangers incident to the denbling of Gape Forn, it was determined to attempt the passage of the Straits of Magellan.

Wo left port on the l3th of Fobruary, and for many days our tine passed pleasantly, but rather monotonously, with nothing greally to exhilarate or to depress our spirits. Il was discovered, at length, that our vessel neoded some rumning rigging. The more impationt were for going on, and making such hotudway as we could without it ; but a majority of the company decided to run for the nearest conveniont port, and replenish. We accordingly ran fot Pernambuco, and naciored in the oute: harbor on the 25 tir of Marel. The beauty and sceurity of this harbor are romarkablo. It is dofonded from the sea liy a nearly pere pondienlar reef, extending threc-fourths of tho way acrabib its ontrance, with an openitig of anplo wilh for phasage of vessels to a sale anchorage. Being but difit degrees south of the efrator, the town lies continutilly under the burning rays of a tropical sum. Its appotrauce is like that of most Spanish and Portuguese cities, abounding in high and massive buildings, with more of the castle than of the comnting-louse or dwelling in their outward oxprossiou, buint upon uarrow, irregular streets, that aro constuntly alive with men and bersts of divers colers and forms. Men tron tho conatry, difing their mitangs, mulos and usses, Inten with produce; wathy and noble citizens borne by servants in palauquius; woucen bearing wator in bnetiots, buise and urns, which they batanes on their heads withont tho aid of their hands, and walk off
under as erect as so many midshipmen; - all tho sights and sounds bave a pleasunt strangeness, that made our visits on shore highly agrecable. The churches, which are quite mumerous, have nolling admirable or altractive outside, but the richness of their interior decoration testifias to the prevailing orthodoxy and fervor of devotion to the Church of Home. The charch is, indeed, the grand receptacle of the wealh of the country. Every bueno catoticu of them, rich or poor, will sooner stint himself and his family in their daily conforts, or even nccessaries of life, than omit liss due contribution to mother chureh.
$\because$ Our stay at Pernanibueo was short, which must excuse a more particular description of its notabilities. Having -oblained tho articles we needed, wo stood out to sea. Nothing occurred on our passage to the straits worthy of purticular record. We sproke ono or two vessels, and "spent some time "gaming" with them, - the nautical Whate for visiting. On the 30 h of $A$ pril we mado Capo Yirgin, and stood in for the Strats of Magellan. In comphyy with us, and bound for the same golden country, by the same course as ourselves, were bark Hebe, of Baltimore, and schooncr J. B. Gager, of New York. We were becalmed ofl the month of the straits for several hours, and Captain Brownell visited the Hebe. He returned just before night. A fair whind setting in from the eastward, we all stood in, the J. B. Gager, as being best aecquainted with the navigitim, theing the lead. The throe vossels anchored about midnight, within twelve miles of the first marrows.
The noxt morning, it boing calm, some of our men went on shore in the small boat, for a gunning excursion. They
returned ararly in the forenoon, with a large number of seafowl. Not long after, Captain Brownell amounced his intontion to go athoro, and eommened making preparations. Ho soon changed his mind, however, and asked mo to go, in his stoad, to proumes soma frosh provisisus, it they wore to be lad. Knowing, from the reports of whalers and others, someling of the ssivage character of the natives, I felt reluctant to venture; but alterwards, to obligo the captain, I compliced.

Taking our guns, a bag of bread, and sone taliteco, four of us started for the shore. As we appoached itre beach, a crowd of black-looking giants came to the water's oflge to gaze at us. Wo did not particularly faney their looks, and lay on our oars for a considerable length of time. A recollection of the many ugly storics current about the Pat-
 greaily fortify our confidence, or make us especially ansfous for a porsumal negponinataco with them. Wo aceord-p ingly lay of in our boat, and, hailing them in Spanish;
 plied, in broken Spanish, that they lad plenty at their houses. I told thein to produce their stores, and they ahould have plenty of bread in exchange. We parleyed with them for some time, till our boat at lenghth touchod the shore. I staod in the boat's stern, gum in handi, condenyoring to heop the matives from stealing, will wamed the men not to leavo the boat. They jumped ashore, promising not to atray from the mpot. 'Tho hatians offerel mane skins for analo, which $I$ prid for in bread. While my aticmiom was divortod from then by this barter, tho Latiaus were ccaxing my men arvay. I looked about, and found only
one man near me. Ile was despatched in pursuit of the others, and dirceted to bring thom without dolay. The tido at this pint rises and dialls forty-two feet. It was now ebb tide, the boat wats fast grounding, and, it being large und licavily loastel, I way umble to get it off. The old chief and several other Indians crowded into it, and once in conld not be got outt. Porsuasion was useless, and they were too many to be driven. In short, I was in their hands, and became imucdiately conscious of the difliculty and peril of my situation;-my men gone, I knew not where, the boat fast aground and crowded with the savages, while nearly a thousand of the tribe congregated upon the beach. What was before me, at the worst, I could only conjecture from report; and nothing but evil was reported of the creatures that surrounded me. What could $I$ do? A question onsier naked than answored.

Aftor a long time, or what seemed such under circumatanees that made minutey seen ages, one of my men came down, and asked permission to go to the Iudian village, "a little way back from the shore," as they had been promised moat, eges, and fowls. I ordered liin to cone immediately back to tho boat. He persisted in urging his request, but it was so dangerously absurd that I absolntely refuscel. Ho then said he would inform his comrades of my refusal, and return iumediately to the boat; but, for some canse, they seemed in no hurry to obey orders. Weary of waiting for them, nad not withont apprehomsion, 1 usker an Lindian for tho uso of his hosse, and rode with all apeed after tho fugitives. In the hurry of pursuit I inadvertently passed them, and tried to turn back my steed ; but his inclinations were decidedly againat a
retrent: While our opposing impulses kept ay stationary for a moment, I descried my nocu approuehing on horschack, bohind the Indians. When they eame up I unged then to rotura to tho boat. 'Ihoy persisted in going with the sovages. I remonstrated with them on the iupropriety and danger of their course, but in vain. Their months waterod for tho meat and oggs they were told of Thair ounning guidor had completely nllayed stspisiciou, and aren laid to sleep their common prudenco. The Indians kept on their course, - the men followed, and I folt at my wits' end. I rode from one to :motber, talking as indus-
 peremptory orders to return. The Indians had plainly lied to us. 'Iheir village, they said, was only a little way off; and yet we were three-fourths of a mile from the hoat, and not a house was yet in sight. Dotermined to go back, if I had to go ulone, I tumbel my borse's liend.

At this point the matk wate brown oll. The Tmbinas soized my bride, ane arrested my progress. We all dismounted, with a viev to retreat on foot, but before $I$ could reach tho mannenrest to me the Indians had robbed him of his grum. With a mataal agreconent to staml by each other in case of pursuit, we hastened our retrograde march, but had mado no great distance when we satw the Gudians coming after us. They role in udvance of tus, fatted in our front, mal manmeryed to out off our retreat; buld by various zigzag movements, or boldly turning their horses' honds, we mudo considerable progesss. Gar foes, however, know what they were at; it was ouly a guestion of time wilh thom. A suden and fesided moyement indicated a oribis. I drow my pistals (a patir of single-hurrelled oncs),
but before I had time to cock one 1 was jumped upon from behind by some halfedozen of these monsters. One of them grasping a pistol by the barrel, I pointed it to his head and pulleal the trigger. It missed fire, and I thank God that it did! Its discharge would bave certainly killed him, and would as ecrtainly have been revenged upon my life, probably upon the lives of nty comrades. This is easily felt and said now; but atid the moment, when oxcited by tho struggle for liberty, aud, as I feared, for life, with such dreader enemies and at such formidable odds, it was quite another matter.

Itho whather now eamo up, took mo firmly by tho wrist, aud said, "Usted no bono! usted hablit varmano por mo casa, mutho, mata hombre ceurathao ! mucho montaro hom-bre!"--by which specimen of dotico Spranish le desired to inform me that wa promised to go to their housos, and now would nat go; that we were bad mes and liars. His peeuliurly hick and guthoml 1 ronumeation did not muko the dinlect more intelligilde; but $I$ was in a situation where eriticism would have been çather out of place, and my ears were quiekened by the revelations made to sight. I therefore promptly replica, that if he would restrain his men from violence, we would go where he pleased. They, mean while, grasped their knives, nud looked as if they wanted to uso them on our persons; but the chice told thom, No, not then; he would get rum ancl tulaceo for us first, and kill us afterwarts. Whilst I was thus ougaged, my nenrest companion discoverel his gun in the hands of an Indian who stood not far from where I was struggling. Rushing nuldenty tyאn hinu, he satecentod in recovoring his piece,more by lact than forec, for his antagonist, like all the

Patagonians, was very large and mascular. Then nimbly jumping aside, ho told me to look ont for myself. Thut was ration more than I feld able to do just ut tho moment. Ono Indian seized mo by my arms ad legit, some of chem grapped my body, and othars were busy iuvestiginting tho contents of my pockets, and appropriating the same to their own ube. And if ho supposed himself able to show we much independence as he recommended me to, he was evidontly mistakon. LI had not cluvated tais gun to his face when tho Indians were upon him, aud wrenched it from his grasp. The old chitf, all this time, held mo tightly by the ryist, menaeing his followers with his halfdrawn callass, while I endeavored to bid for life and hiberty. I told him he should have plenty of rum, tobaceo, bread, flour, brass and beads, if he wouk carry us to the boat. At length ho beat off my phonderers, and secmed on the point
 ordorod tue to get up behind him. l. olreyed widt miterity,

[Bat, whatovor may havo been tho eligé's origina] inten~ tion, I had not gono far before his policy was divertect. Ono of the most audacious of the troop rode up, and insisted that I should not be allowed to return. I was the captain of tho ship, ho aflimed, and if I were restored they would get none of the promised rom and tohaceo. The old savage soemod struck by this now suggestion, and hatted. Wo thon dismounted, and ho led tho horso up the lith, ortering me to follow. I wasmext directed to sit on the ground and wait furthor adion. I'hero I sal, looking allemately, with longing eyos, at tho boat, and at our yessel riding at

broughi to the spot, and dismounted. And now began a moro earnest negotiation. We offered large ransom, and after gome bigeting they agread that theo of our number might be releascd, but one must reunin as a hostage; and I was pointol out as the one. I cudcavored to have one of the others stay, and ono actually agroed to ; but his heart soon failed hin, and I could see that he was using all his powers of persuasion to provide for himself. I assured liim that F . would use every effort in his behalf, if ho would consent to remain for the present; but he evidently thought of the maxim, " $A$ bird in the hand," \&e., and was bent on making sure of lis own safety first of all. Poor fellow! I camot blane him for luving his own life, though, at the moment, it did seem rather hard that, after geting into the scrape by their own heudstrong folly, against my entreaties and peremptory commands, thoy abould oxtricato hinamedves fiom it at my oxpenso, mad lenve mo to bear the lardest of it: Very likoly I might have dowe the samb, if our cases haid been reversed, Aud, oven if one of them had offered to remain, it is vory doubtful whether the substitution would have beon permitted. The Indians too evidently regarded me as the chiof prize, and were bent on retaining me as sucl. They insisted that I must stay while the othor three should go for ransom, and I had nothing to do lut to submit.
Thrce ludians cack took a man with him on a horso, and started for the boat. I watched them as they went, with feelings that I will not attempt to describe. It seemed but too probable we should never meet again. A sense of desoIation cumo orer me, fit hice thought of being loft nlowe in the prover of" ilesso savages, of' whose treachory and cunning

I hent already had such ample experience, and of whose oruclty I had hand so much. I fell that I was beyond the nid, if not cut off from the sympathy, of my associates. The falseness of the Indians to ull their engagements, as I afterwards lonened, was signully diapliyy ald towards my more fortunato commdos. They evidently had no intention of reloasing any of us. Beforo reaching tho boat, they halted, and roflused to go any further, or allow our men to leave them. Tho prisoners, however, struggled desperately, and at length got claur of their capitors. One rushed up to his neok in water, tho others sprang into the boat, pushed off, and resened him as he was struggling with the waves. They reached the selooner, told their tale, and represented
 up cargo, to get at the rum and tobateo for my ransom. Two boats were forthwith maned, provided with the required articles, and with plenty of arms and ammanition, and started for the shore. They got to the batid little before dark, and pulted into al cove, or slight indentation of the beach.

On catching sight of them, I desirod the Julians to eonduot mo to the shore, and receive the ransom. But his they declined. Thoy ordered me to the summit of an eminence near by, there to beckon the men to come ashore. An old kila was given me to wave as a signal. Percciving that I was to be used as a decoy to lure the others into their treacherous saure, and secure them all as prisoners, I protosted aguinst this now lucench off fieth, und answred thom that our men would not lave deir hoat, but hat, if thay wantod any rum mad tolneco, they mast lato mo to tha shore. To this, after a long palaver, and with visible
reluctance, they assented. The ohd chicf ordered me to mount his liorse, - this time reversing our relative positions ; he made me sit on the ruda $\mu_{p}$ ology for a siddle and gaide the horse, while he took his seat behind, elasping bolh arms tightly around my body, and spurriag his old nag forward. Thus mounted, and wondering what would be the next trick of the sayagas, I was conpeyed to the thore, heine tho spot where the boats lay off on their oars. Driving as near them as possible, I hailed the men, - told them by no meins to firo on the Indians, but to give them ull they had promised. They akked what they should do with the articles. I turned to the chief, told him what tho boats had brought, and once more asked if it was a satis-
 down, I should be released. Bhat ho was phinly resolved to have his pay in ndvance; he dimurnsted us too nueds to lot me go antst; and I need not say that my conffilenee in him was lax from implicit. 13ut, "Nothing venturo, nothing have," - I directed the men to put the things ablore, which they did. The Indians greclily picked them up, and I chaimed my relense. The ofl rasend suid, "ho hate not got phenty of rum yet, he must havo a barrel." I insisitod mad struggled, but to no purpose. He kept a tight hold of my body, and when I begged that at least he would not aqueczo mo quite so prinfully, he only redoubled his clasp. Ho obviously suspected, and I more than suspected, that it would not require a very great relaxation of his embraco to prompt a pretly decided movement on my part, for the effectual resisting of which tho vicinity of tho water was not alloggthor fiverable. He now began spurring his ofd horse from the seene of action; I dres upon the bridle
with my wholo availablo foree nud weight; but the disparity between luman strength and borse power, stimulated to its utinost by tho spur, was too great. I begged the mon in the boats to come again the next morning, and on no account to lenve me, whiel thoy solemnly promised.

I was now hurriod back into the country five or six
 down by tho old chiof at his wigwam. Ilo gave mo in ohargo to ono of his equates, who pridered mo into the liat and bado mo sit down on the ground. While sitting there, and casting an inquisitive glance around the rude habitation, my atteution was suddenly attracted to what appeared to be several pairs of eyes in a diark corner, shining with a strange brilliancy. I speculated silently on the sight, mueh doubting whether they belongel to human Wainge or to wild beaste; but, an carcelilly recenusitring, I discovered that they belongel to thwee huge women. Fiurthor investigations dibelosed a number of dark-skimed boys and girls, of divers ages amb aizes, playing and eaporing about the premisos, in a slate of perfect nudity. It took a considgrablo time to make ont these, or any other objects, distinetiy, owing to the darkucss of the hut. Prosently tho clicef, tho patriarch of the tribe, entered his habitation, and begran a conversation, in his peenliar diallout, with his wives. Ile rpules in a low, gutheral thme, in words tho purport of which 11 eothld not gather. I
 much gratified by learning his version of the day's "stroke of business."

And now a fow dry sticks andor bunch of dry grass were brought, mine host dres from a convenient repos-
itory a brass timder-box, with a stone and a pioce of steel, and soon produced a blaze that brilliautly illaminated tho scenc. By its light I. was enabled to survey the first specimen of Patagonian arehitecture that had blessed my vision. It was constructed in a pointed style, though not very aspiring, consisting of a row of stakes about eight font high, ench terminating at top in a orotelk, or fork, with a pole jaid aceross them;'two parallel rows of stakes on oifher nidu, about lwo foot high, with similar terminations, and a similar horizontal fixture; and a covering composed of skins of the guauaco, sewed together with the sinews of the ostrich, the only thread used by tho people. This curoring is drawn over the framo-work, and fistened by stikes driven through it into the ground. For parposes of vemtilation somo interstices are left, but these urate are hall cleseal by gkines athathed to the outside; so that the air from without, and the smoke from within (in defalt of a chimney), must insinaate themselves through these apertures in great moderation. In truth, my first survey was rather hurried; the first cheerfin glean hatl seareely set my cyes on the look-out when I was fain to shat them against an intolerable smoke. In no long time $[$ felt as bacon, if conseious, might be supposed to feel in the process of euring. No lapse of timo
 to the masames often havo 1 beea moro than half strangled hy it, and emplefled to lio with my fiteo to tho grouted, ns the only endurable positiot. Talk that is "worsc than a smoky louse" must be something out of date, or Shakspearo's intarination never comprchondod anything so. dotestable as a Patagonian hat. The chiof and his numer-
ous household, lowever, secmed to enjoy immense satisfaction; and jabbered and grunted, and played their anties, and exchangol grimuces, ats complacently as if they breathed a highly exhilarating atmosphere.

My meditations and observations were shortly inter rupted by proparations for a meal. The chiof's better - half- or rather alth part, for ho had fune wives - muperintunded the culimary operations, which wore as ruto and simplo us tho hat whoro they wers entriod ons. And now my fincy bognt to conjore up visians of the beef; fowls and eggs, the promise of which hat lured my men from the boat, - had proved stronger than the suggestions of prodence, and had mude mo a prisoner. But these dainties, if they existed anywhere within the ehicf's jurisdiction, woro just at present resorvel. Whe old harg threw down
 the quartor of somo animal; whelser doge ghantect, or whatevor, was past inagining. bilu shathed right and left, with might and main, an old copper kuife, hill it was divided into several picees. Then laking a number of crotched sticks, about two feet long, and shamened at all their points, she inserted the forked ends into pieces of the meat, and drove the opposite points into the ground noar the fire; which, though sufficient to snoke and eomfortally warm tho mess, was too feoble to roist it. At all ovents, limo was too precious, or their unsoghisticated appetites wore too craving, to wait for sech an operition; and tho raw morsels wore suickly smatehed from the smoke, torn juto bits by her dirty hateds, and thrown upon tho ground boforo un, Tho Tminas soizol them with avidty, and tobsed a bil to mo; bui what could I do with
it? I should have had no appetite for the dimer of an alderman at such a tive and place; but as for tasting mett that came in such a questionable shape, there was no bringing my tecth or resolution to it. While oying it witli ill-suppressed disgust, I observed the savages, like a limede of halfestaryed dogs, dovouring their portions with the greatest relish; seizing the fragments with their fine whito teeth, at tho same time cienching thens with their hands, atel giviug overy migh ol engyment exceph what ono is aeenstomed to sce in humn beings. The old chief remarked the slight I was puthing upon his hospitality, and broke in upon me with a ficrec Por que usted, no mange ustcl, usted carma? Esta carma mucho hueno hombre por munge, se hombre, munge! "Why don't you eat your meat. ? 'Whis meat very grood to eath, - very grod to eat. Lat, man! cal!" 1 mity here observe that my knowhedge of Sparinh, likn the ohisef's, was colloquial; pioked up here and there in voyages to South American ports, which may account for my ordhography being so plainly determined by the ear rather than by any rules of Castilian grammar. Secing lim so muck exeited, and not knowing what deeds night follow his words if I refused, I thought it expedicat to try to "eat what was set before me, asking no questions;" thinking, morcover, that if there were any cvil spirit in it that the firo had failed to expel, it could not possibly have resisted the smoke. So, being sorely divided between aversion to the "strange flesh" and fear of showing it, I foreed a morsol into my mouth. Its taste was by no means as offensive as its appearance had
 with less disgust than I hat fearod. L'his was my firgt
meal with tho savages, and a sample of many others; though better viands afterwards yaried their monotony, now and then.

The eating being over, a large horn, that had onec adornord the head of a Spaiks lmilloek, was dipped into a leathon busket and passed from ous to monher. Between the bucket and the horn, the fluid had gained a liavor not found by Adim in his first'brewing, and, indeed, not fur from mascating. Mowewer, it semend exportient to "compuer my prejediees" sublar ay to drimk with dio other gaosts, and the ceremonios of dimare were over; fier which, "with all other mercies," I. felt thankfinl, and turned to wy corner near the expiring fire, to chas tho cud of aweet and bitter fancies, in which the latter ingredient decidedly predmunated. The stringe and sudden dusulntwas, wh my condition, the demblint thaseas of
 that rested on tho designes of we strage captors, all rushed upon my mind, and suggested to my heated inatgination a host of terrors.
These paiuful thoughts were interrupted by an order to propare for the night's repose. An old skin, akout two and a half fect square, wats thrown upon the collil gromed in the buck part of our rookery, and assigneal for my coudn; I took possession uccordingly, and the whole lamily bestowod thenselves in a row near mo. Tho stithing atmosplare was soon yocal with their snoring. My brain was too busy for alecp. lieverish fancies kept me wakefal. I rovolved a varicty of plans for osenpe. Could [ steal
 shore I doubled the first, moth moro then dommed tho
secoud; and even if so far successful, there was no boat to take me from the accursed land. And how could I conceal myself from the Indians till a boat should arrive? They would miss me; and, long before any possibla communication with my rossed, would bo hunting me down with horses and dogs, Not a wood or thicket had mot my eye on the dreary waste I traversed tho day bofore. I tricd to devise some other plan, but none offered itself. It was this or mothing, - and this wis next to nothing. Grown desperate, at last, I detemined to make an eflort.
After lying some time, listening to the heary breathing of tho sleepers, and satisfying mysolf that nono of the company wero awake, I raised myself as noiselessly as possible, and stole towards the frout of the wigwam. Casting a firtive glance backward, I could see that the
 ovil mpirit hase waked him just at the wrong time. Tho go inmediately latek would too plaimly botray my purposo; so I walked very calmly and deliberately into the open air, and stood as if star-gazing; the old fellow, as I plainly perecived, all the time watehing me from the lodge. In it short time I walked quielly back to my dark retreat, and found him where I had left him, lying very coscyly, as if nothing had happened to disturb his slumbers. Once more stretching myself on my uncasy couch, I lay two hours or more, still revolving tho samo unsolved problem in my mind. At length, all appearing to be sound asleep, I decided to venture a second attempt; and, in tho ovent of failure, to make tho best of it for the present.
 out of doors, and crouchod upon the grass. Could I bo
mistaken? $N$,-thoso infernal cyes were fastened on me as before! Thero was no oluding their vigilance. At this moment $a$ howling as of a humdred wolves was lecard appronching, and about that number of dogs came rushing, poll-moll, towarla me. I meanuered for the wiswam as fust as my foot could carry me, and in my Hight stumblod over a stick nowly eight foot long. I seizel the weapon thus kindly lent ne, and, ;ixinging it furiouly about me, gave all iutrulers that came within my reach $\pi$ sufficient touth of its quality. Thus defending myself from the brutes, I backed towards the longe, grad to shele mysolf among its detestal inuates. The cuming chld Pitrosilver, as before, had bestowed himself on tho ground among his squaws and dirty childron, and was, apparently, fust alsleep.

 rolentloss vigilance and quiet assumateo of the ohici, 一 tormenting apprehensions as to the issue of any eflort on the morrow to effoct my ramsom, -all kept my brain upon tho mek, and dived ally drowe sleep from any cyes, till near daylight, when I fell into a disturbed slumber. In my dreams I was at once transported from the sarage hut, on board my vessel. Methought she wata driving lefingo tho wind, all sails sot, at full speed, upon a dangerous ree? All on bourd scomed intensible of tho danger ; .T : alomo perceived it, but a nightmare spell was on me, and my lips rofused to speak, my limbs to move. Rooted to my place on the deck, I stood in dumbly any, while our
 shock, - our bark lad struok, and he total destruction
was inevitublc. Some of the men were dashed yiolently upon the ileck, others precipitated into the boiling surf, where they clung desperately to spars, and fragments of the wreck. While the confusion was wildest, and the droam of effort for escape was subsiding into the calmess of despair, I sudilenly awoke, and for some time was unable to comprohend where I was, or how I eame there. . If I were indeed whipwreckod, I was also, like Jouah, vomited upon dry huml. I drev my hand across my oyos to assuro mysolf that vision wis undestructed, cast my cyes right and left; - the lodge, the ashes of tho last night's fire, the chiof and his motley family, the door through which the " lubber fiond" had folluwed me with his restless oyes, and into which the fieree dogs had driven me, recalled my distracted sensen, and restored consciousnoss of a rality which, at the mememb, 1 world almosi have exchaged for the wideost teryors of'my dream.

With the light calmer thoughts sueseedod, and I oneo more addressed myself to the task of effecting my oscape. The first thing was to get the chief with ma to tho shore, in readinoss to meet a boat, and to renew negotiations for my liberty. Observing that he was awako, I began to promiso him an abundant supply of the articles most tempting to his fancy, on coudition of my releaso. IIs carcelessly replied that he would go with we to the beach by and by. I tried to urge his departure, being anxious to go without the rabble at his heels the day before, but for whose viol ance he would now hardly be master of me; but there was uo hurrying his movoments. Ho took down his Jillio enulasa, drow it fioun its brazen seablard, and commenced sharpening it with a rusty file, trying its
odgo with his fingers as tho work went on, and castiag side glancos at me the while. Whether this ceremony was the prefaco to some ant of violenee he meditated, or a scene for effect, to fill me with a wholesome dread of his power, I could not guess; but, determined to show no foolish fears, I thought it host to put a bold fave urom the matter, and make an equally striking demonstration of oourago and prosenco of miasl, qualitios which sinvagos gonerally appreciate. I therofore approached him, thed the edgo with my own fingers, praised the beauty of the instrument, and interested myself in the process of sharpening it. Following up my assumlt on his vanity, T extolled him as one of tho best of mon, and assured him that when we got to the shore I would amply reward him for his lindacss to me; taking ocealsion, however, to throw in a hint on the vast importance of starting carly. This I onforeod ly the surgestiun that, whom how gol his gowd things, the fewor there wore present, tho fewer elamames thoro would be to divite the spoils.

Aftor moch coaxing, ho started after lis oled horse; I mounted behind him, and wo moved slowly off. When we arrived at tho shoro it was blowing a perfect gale, $A$ bont could not live in the billows. All threo vessely had dragged their anchors, and lay at some distanco from their apchorage of yesterday. Bark Hebe appeared to be dragging towards tho Orango Bank, a daugerous shoal. I. oftorwards learned that the Ifcbe, after getting into wator as shoul as would barely float her, slipped her cables, put up a little sail, and finaliy succeeded in weathering the shoal and getting safely out to sea. The J. 13. Gager was dragging in the same direction. My own.syessel was
holding on better than the others, and I hoped she would xide out the gale in safety.

I aude my eaptors understand the reason why no boat had cone, ass promised; with which they appeared to be satisficd, and we returued as we came. By means of Hoir loroken spunish, which thoy had picked up from sitilors, amd in visits to tho Chilian or other Spanish Amerienn suttements, and by signs, amombing at times pretty nearly to a pantomime, I found mysclf able to widerstimed inguiries or commands, and to make known my wishos.
Larly on the fullowing morning wo again visited the shore, and I looked cargorly toward tho anchorare, where all my hopes of deliverante centred. Not a vessel was in sight! Whether they had foundored, or were driven upon tho shoal and wreeked, or land draggol out to sea in a dissibleal condilion, - or whetleer my shipmates, tho gete haring sulsided, had deliberately proceented on their voyage, and lelt mo a proy to cruel savagos and all tho inls of this intospitable shore, - I was unablo to conjecture. I ouly knew that they were gone, and that I was lest atone to tho teader mercies of the liaharomians. No present means of estipe appeared. The future, wisely lidden from my view, suggouted nono to my inagination. I told my eaptors tho worst; that the high winds had probably sunk tho ships, and all that were in thom. At this intelligenee they seemed delighted, and laughed immoderately, as if such a calamity were a consolation for the loss of their expeeterl ransom. 'Their cruel glee could add nothing to the weight of my desolation. My past life was seuled $u_{p}$, as if by an ontrance on a new state
of being. I looked round on a bleak and checrless region, and forward on a lifo as barsen of homan joy, made up of ovory apecios of suffering, - hunger, cold, fatigne, insult, torture, -- liable to be cut short at any monent by the caprico of my tormontors, and so wretched that death itself, with all the cnomuitics of cannibalism, lost its terrors by comparison. Life, for any good or great purposes to bo achieved, was over. And then my thoughts tumed to far different seones, - to happy fices, and pleasment voices, and familiar sights; - to hearts that beat with no
 drod to my dospair, but would, in due time, be rudely
 belpless now I


## CIMPTER II.

A proposal to go to Port Finmino negndived - " Jolland "- Discovery of yessels in the struils - Doublo difappointinent - A crisis - Survoy of Pratugoniat - Santy vegotation - Animels and binds - Chimate - Sta



Repurnano to the emempment, it remined to deviso some new way of escape. Some four or five days' ride to tho westward would bring as to port Famine, on tho straits, a penal settlement of Chili, and the only settlement in the vjeinity by which I could hopo to recinter tho civilized world. A journey thither was suggested to the Indians, as the most likely way of turning my captivity to profitable account; but they refused with a promptness and decisiveness which was rather unaceountable, till I afterwards learned that they had lately visited that part of tho country on at horsc-sitealing expedition, in which their suctexss had boen too good to make than desirous of showing their fices there at present. Monoy, guns, pistols, eutlanses, brass, bearls, and everything else that could bo thought of to tempt their eupidity, were offered. I was not disposed to be niggard of promises; but in vain. To Port linmine they wero delerminod nol to go ; bat old Parosilver assured me, by way of compensation, that ho
yould tako mo do "Jlohland," whinti was a "math lexter place." Whereabont on terra firmathis Somb Aamicm Holland was situated,-if, indeed, there was any sach place, and tho chief was not iudulging in a little extrit lying, - was past all conjecturc. I inguired the distance. He conld not tell exactly. Was it inhalsital by Anericans or linglish? 'Jher werc "twenty or hirly white ment there, and plenty of rum amd tobacen." Ithey promised to start with me towarls fralland lloe mext. diy. la what diroction? Jhoy poinded towards the Alantic. Well, L eared little where it was, or who lived there, provided only they were not Patagonians, and I could once get free of these rasends. But on the following moming the migration was postponed, in consequence of turexpeded tidings.

One of the tribe, who hat been down to fle shore, re-
 thongh rather jmpiobable information, starded me, with nhout a tozen of them, an the tatack af his story. On ganing a view of tho straits, a vessel wats plainly in sight, but il wat a strango sail. Yel, il I conld succeed in boarding her, my purposes would be answered. She came into the bight of the bay, and anthored about fifteen milest below us. I endeavored to make my smutty compmions comprohend that as the tide was then running out they would not make tho shoro till it turned, which would not bo till night. They waited till neat night, when hanger and thirst wore out their patience, and they ordered mo off with then, Agninst this momely mandato $[$ warmly remonstrated, and after some dispute it was arranged Wat tho whiul' shorth stay with mu liur the night. 'Imo rest, returned to their encampuent, and wo mado a good firc,
which was keph up till nearly monning. Old Purosilver lay down under the lee of' a clump of bushes, whito I was busy in activo cxercise to keep warm, aud replenishing the fire wilh dry bushes. At duik I lad obscrved the yessol lowisting sail, and beating up the bay. On this I began frandishing firebrands to attract notice, and walked to and fro on the beach for hours. The cralt gradually approseded, till her whito emuras heanmo distinguixhmblo through the surromeling ghom. Frest fuel was heaped on the fire, a bright blaze ascended; I took my station directly in front of it, lolding out my coat, and frecquently turning romad, that my form ind features might be more distinetly revealed. And now a thrill of joy clectrified me, as I snw a light set on deek, which appeared to be stationary. There could low 1 or doubt that the vessel hat cone to
 will Joug watching, I lurried about, and gatheral aticks amt leaves in aboudateco to kindle a still brighter beteonfire, in whose light and warmth anxiety began to expand into hope. At dawn of day, as the horizon lighted up, I could distinguish the vessel lying about, a mile off, quict us a sea-fowl on the ealm surface. Presently there was a movemont on theck, the amehor was hove up, the fore and main sails were hoisted, and the olject on which my hopes and ardent prayers had centred through the cold night receded from view througlt the straits, bound, doubtless, for Califormia. I watched tho fast-vanishing sail with tearful cyes; and the old chicf, who had been on the look-out, startel for his horse, that had been lumpered and tuwed oul to crop mang the semmy yegetation.
Before I had time to recover from the first revulsion of
disuppointment and grief, another vessel, a topsail sehooner, came in by leoind lomtgeness, "Cheer mp," I satid to myself; "the sun will bu shining, the darkness have given place to the clear day, lefore this ressel can be up and opposito to us." Confident of being noticed, I begass notivo promations for the aprondiags visitor. No rod of sullicient lengla was to be lound ; lut, after some search,
 them together, I tore up my druwers, which I condd ill afforl, and nppropriated my wher-xtrines, My flamed shirt was hoisted as a flag; and having replenished tho firc, I paced tho beach with colors flying, but, as the vessel tepproachol, with inerensing fantuess of heart; for the wind gradually shifted, so that she could only take adrantage of it by heading towards Terra del Fuego. At last she came opposito, but so near the further shove Ihat the dabses of muedss diminishad overy monrat. Dark objecels moved oll
 diseover mo through their ghases, and be danwn by my signal of distress? No; onvard she floated away, - the narroys woro som passed, and my vision of deliverance was dissipated.

With this final denth-blow to all present hopes of relief, I turned away in despair. Exhausted by humerer, cold and fatiguo, and worn out hy hours of anxiety, I fell helpless upon the ground, and wopt like athild. For the first time I felt weterly forsakes, and repined at my lot ass one of unmitigatad ovil. beffert soomed usoless; I hath nother , resolution nar strength to make further exertion. There was mothing for mo lom lishoss ombarateo. I even ros pronehod myself that I. hat not cast myself into the sea,
and staked my life on the chance of swimming to the seliooner. There wats no possibility of doing this; but failure would have been only death, and what was lifo worth to me here? This tempest of self-reprotich soon spent itself. My temperament is too buoyint to be long
 despairing weakess. It was umanly, something whisperel within me, thas to give why beloro dillicalties. It would be time ourugh to do his when all possible oflort had failed. The weak aud imbecilo might tako refuge in despair, but the strength of youth should serve me better. I ealled to mind examples of courage in grenter emergencies, when olstactes that seemed insurmountable had been conqueral ly fortitude and perserorate. "Ileaven helps those who hulp themselycs." The more I reftected on the maller, the witronger grow the impmes of faith and contage, hy whose herce if semed possible to win a triumph against the greateat atdy. Before riving from tho earth, my resolution wats fully taken to throw diseouragement to the winds; by the help of Qol to meet whatever impended with the eomage of at mata; to bear my calamities with patient endurance; and to give up hope and energy only when nothing was left to be attempled, or the power to do and suffer was exhansted.

I rose an new man, - my strength invigorated, my soul fortified by a strong purpose. Though the cold night air had thoroughy elifled my frame, it now felt a warmoth kinded by the fircs within, and an unaccustoned flusla suffused my countemance. The resolve fixed in this memorabjo crisis of my etptivity, thongh sovorely 'tested, was nover wholly orerborne. Henectorth, the events and secness
through which I passed were viowed with a calmness that had boen beforo unattainable, and which is now searecly eredible, on recollection. So truc is it hat our strength is unknown to ourselves till it is thoroughly tosted.

Tho hope of immediate relense, howerer, was at an end; my savago eaptors, it seemed, must be looked upor as for an indulinite period my masters and companions; and I lad nothing at present to do bute to divert myself hy a study of their mamers und labibts; to consint mey sately by a oloso stady of their dinaracter, and of the ways and means by which so to atiapt my deportanen to it :ss to win their


Paragonis, as it offered itself to my olsmemation, mero than answorod the diseriptions of geforaphers, - Heak, barren, desolate, beyond description or conecepion, - only to be appreciated by being seen. Viowed fiom die Straits of Magellan, it ribes in geate malulations or lematem. Far as the cye can reach, in a westexty direction, it assumes a more broken and hilly appeatanee, and long ranges of momatains, extending from morth to soth, divide the centern from the wostern shore. The soil is of a light, strody charnoter, and bears nothing worthy the name of a tree. Low bushos, or underwood, aro toloratly abmendiat, and in tho valloys a coarse, wiry grans grows laxurintly. Sitroms of wator aro raxo. J'ho matives dray their smpplies principally from springs or pools in the valleys, the water of which is gencrally brackish and disagrecable.

- Tho varicty of animal is newly as limited as hat of vegotable productions. ITho bramaco, a chadruped allicd to the lama, and with some resemblane to the camelopard,
is found in considerable mumers. It is larger than the red deon, ficet on the foot, usually found in large herds, frequenting uot only the plains, but found alony the course of the Andes. Its flesh is a principal article of food; its skin is dricd with the leair on, in such a mamer that, when wet, it retains its phability and soft ness. This process of preserving skins seems to be peculiar to the Indian tribee, and is not unlike that by which buffilu-robos, bear-skins, Duckskins, wat other artickes of luxury, and oven neecessity, anong us, are prepared by the North Anerican Indians. Guabateosisins are cut into pieecs of all sizes, and sewed
 mating a sigle to suit hinself. 'lye hools are somethos
 they indulge in stech a luxury, whidh is not often.

The cueny of the guamato is the cougar, or "American lion," smonller than its African mamesake, and more resembling the tiger in lis chametor and haljits, having a swooth, sleek coat, of a brownish yollow color, -altogethor a very-beautiful but ferocions creature. His clase is a favorite, though rare and dangerous, sport of the natives. latagonin likewiso boasts of the ekunk, whose flesh is used for food. Tlinere are also foxes, and immmerablo mice. Of birds, the only noticuable varietios are the eondor, in the Andes, and the cassowary, a species of ostrich, smaller than that of Africa, on the phains; its plunage is not abundant, gencrally of a gray or dun color. Its flesh is tender and sweet, and with the fit much prized by the Tudians. Jiko the Afrienn oshrich, it is oxceedingly swift, only to be captured on horselack, and oiten fleet onough to outrun the fastest racor.

The climate is severe. The Rio Negro forms de northern boundery, and nearly the whole country is south of the parallel of $40^{\circ}$ sonth latitude. At the timo of my capture, which was in the mouth of May, the weather corresponded to that of November in the New Englaud Statex. Its chinlinoss, howover, was greatly inereased ly the hleak winds of that exposed locality. Along the Straits of Magellan the woather is also escoedingly changeable. Sudden and severe squalls, often momating intersit io a lumbicates, ves the mavigation of the straits, and sweep over the emash wih fourtid liery.

The bathits of the latigroniass, or at least of the tribe among whom I wats cast, are migratory, wandering orer tho country in quest of game, or as their caprice may prompt them. They subsist altogether on the flosh of animals and birds. Tho geanao furnishes most of their food, and all their elothing. A mantlo of skins, sewed with the siucws of the ostrich, fitting closely about the neak and extending bolow the knoe, is their only artielo of tress, execept in the coldest weather, when a kith of stoe, suade of the hind hoof and a portion of the shim alove it, serves to protect thais inferior extremities.

In person they are large; on first sight, they appear absolutely gigantic. They are taller tham any other race $\sqrt{6}$
 doseription. Tho only stamhard of meanerement I had was my own height, which is nhout five feet ten inches, I could stand very easily moder the arms of many of them, and atl the men were at least a head tuller than nyself. Thair average lwight, I thund thinh, in marly mis mul a fulf foot, and there were specincus that could havo been
little less than seven fect high. They have brond shoulders, full and well-developed chests, frames museular and finely proportioned, the whole figure and air making an inpression like that which tho first view of the sons of Anak is recorded to lave made on the children of Israel. They exhilit enormons strenglh, whenever they are sufficiently aroused to shake ofl their constitutional laziness and exert it. They have large heats, high cheok-tones, like tho Nowth Ameritan Tudians, whom they also rescmide in their complexim, thenigh it is a whade or two darker. thenir foreheady are hrond, hut low, the hair envoring them nearly to the oyes; cyes full, gencrally black, or of a dark hown, and brilliant, htough expressive of but little intelligence. Thick, coarse, and stiff hair protects the head, its abundance making any artificial corcring superfluous. It is worn long, gencrally divided at the nevk, so as to lang in two folds over the shoudders and back, but is sometimes bound abovo the temples, ly a fillet, over which it flows in amplo luxwrimeo. like more eivilized people, the latagonians take gyeat pride in the proper disposition and effective display of their hair. Their tecth are really beautiful, sound and white, - alout the only attractive and enviable feature of their persons. Feot and hands are large, but not disproportionate to their total bulk. 'd'hey lave deep, heavy
 ever haird,-with a muttering, indistinct artienlation, muck as if their mouthes were filled with hot phading. Their comenances are generally stupid, but, on closer inspection, there is a glom of low cunning that flashos
 aequantance with them; when excited, or englaged in any
earnest business that calls their fanulicis into full exertise, their features light up with unexjeeted inteligrence and animation. In fact, as one becomes familiar with them, lo will not fail to detect an habitual experssion of "seerctiveness" and duplicity, which he will wouder he did not observo sooner. They ate almost as imitativo as monkeys,


 paying it. 'The detection of a filsehood gives them $n 0$ shame or uncariness. Tlo these traits should be idded at thoroughpaced treachery, and, what might seem rather inconsjstent with their other qualities, a laro share of vanity, and an immoderate love of prase. They are excessively filthy in their personal habits. Hydrophobia, so to speak, is a prevailing distemper; they never wash themselves.

 in mots, lad baro by the mechatatal lomsening and displacemeat of some of the stratit, which enriousty variegates
 condition of the stia is highly livorable to the inerease and multiplication of "the moving ercature that hath life," wherewith their persons are abuudantly peopled.

Tho women are proportionally smallor than the men, and rather inelined to embonpoint. The old chicf had four wivos, though he had probably zever heaxd of Mahomet or his domostic laws. 'The rest of the tribe had only one wifo apioce. The wonen crect the wigwens, provide fucl and cook, - if the operation should be dignified with lhat name, - in short, all tive drudgery falls to thoir lot They are
treated as slaves, but made, in most respects, as comfortable in their servitude as the condition of their rude masters will ndmit. When, howeres, their locds are excited by gatubling, or cutared for any or no catuse, the fury of passion is visited upon their defenceless heads, which they bear ancomflainiagry, with it meek sulmissiveness worthy

 beade, and the dike, which they wene sumpended firon thoir necks. A fen ot thom had their ears piereed, and wore hass or copper car-sings; and many of them decked out their chiddren with wimilar rude finery, which is valued more than arything else, except rum, tobacco and bread. The men paint or bedaub their faces and breasts with a limed of rod carth. Charcoal is also used as a cosmetio. A broad line of red attomating with a stripe of batek, in varions fintasie: figtices, is a favorite atylo of decoration. 'Iloo women mako thonsel yos, il' possithla, still moro hidoous, by the application of a pigment mulo of elay, bloot and grease. Some of them would be very comely, if only atanly, and emiden to leavo maturo dess strentiously atorned.

The people are as defiecent in the morals as in the refinemonts and courtesies of domestic life; their licentiousness is equal to their cruelty, - the filth of their persons only too faththlly represents the degree in which "their mind and conseience is defiled." I saw no person, of sither sex, that appearel to have attajned advanced age, though it was diflienti to judge of this. The oldest Indian I remember to have seen did not seem to be above sixty. Their only wealth, aside from their huts, consists of
horses, the stock of which is frecrucntly rephenistied by stealing from the Spanish and Chilian setlements. Thess animaly are, for the most part, of stall size and inferiot quality, hali wiht, conted with coinse, shatgey hair - lean and woedegone enough, just "fit for the crows." A few valuable specimens of a styperior breed ate foush anomy them, donbtless "eonveyed" there. The rude saddes in ube umong them arts mostly of Spuish origin, ohnanted at tha settlenents. They consist each of two boards, ant inch thick, six inches wide, word two feot long, roumbed at the corners so as to fit the horse's back, and united by two strips of board passing across the batk-ione, the several piescs lashed together with leather stringe A piere or
 stced is guided by a single rein, bied round the bower jaw; some of them sport a bit of fren or wood, socured by a string round the jrw, atteching the remin to this. Spurs, liko tho rest of their riding appatathe, are merse efficient thun elogath. They are jodeed rute and ernel bings,straight meticks, six inches loug, with a long, sharp iron inserted into the end, secenced by a striug or strap around the hollow of the foot, and tied at the top, a second strap nearer the heel, and at thised pasing round the heol. They


For woupons, the chicf, and a liew of tho primeipal mes, lad cuthesses or sworls. They had no firv-arms, wor conld I leurn that they understood their use; bows and arrows, sponrs and wer-chubs, appeared to lo equally wemomat. All the men earricel bives; thed tho untas, a missile weapon used in the erphture of all tions of game. This consists of iwe round stomes, or leat balls, if they can bo
procured, weighing each about a pound, connected by a strap or thong of leather, ten or twelve feet long. When engagel in the chase, his horse at his highest speed, the rider holds one lall in his hand, and whirls the other rapidly above his head ; when it has acquired sufficient momentiom it is larled with unerring aim at the object of pursuit, and eibser strikes the victim dend, or coils inextrieably about him and roots him to tho sisit; a holpless mark for the hunier's knife.

This tribe membered about one thonsand; the chief is tho acknowledged head of the poople. Whether his power was hereditary or elective, I could not learn; but incline to the belief that it wis hereditary, as it appared to bo, in his theory at leasist, abssuluto. In all questione of importanco his dexision is final; yet lis suhijects tako considerable liberty with his opinions, sometimes oppose his counsels, aud even question his authority. On the appearanee of suth demoratie symptoms, ho sometimes finds it necossary to assert his movereignty wifh spirit, and brandishos his outlass smartly before thoir cyes.
The habits of the people are not only filthy, but indolent to the last degree; cxertion of body or mind is their greatest dread. 'They never go on a hunting expedition till thero is mothing more to eat, nor even them till they feel the spmr of extrome hunger. It sometimes happens that at such a erisis it storm comes on, which shats them in; and it is no mfreguent occurrence for them, under such ciremastances, to pass two or threo days without tasting food. Whey learn nothing by experitence; the same childish indolence and recklessness, followed by the same painful consequences, are continually recurring.

Though their great size at first sight was fitted 10 inspira terror, it required no very long observation to discover that they were deficient in matural courage. This, in fact, might be inforred at once, from their habitual decoit, treuchery dud artifiee, which are the defones of the weak and timorons, wather than the weapons of strong and daring matures. They always select the night to inflict injuries; never mect an enemy in open embat whom they tan stab from behind, or despateh in the dart; anch, when obliged to attack by day, always do so in large mombers. This defect
 grent faith in chatos, sighs and uncms, a wealmess which I anticipated might exert great inflacnec on my destiny in important conjuactures. Cound $X$ by any mans so unster their secert as to possoss mysolf of itis mystio jower, it. might prove an effective ajd to my phans of selfedefence, or of escape. Should it, on the other lamd, be moned by any accidontal causes ngatust mo, its impulse might prove irrosistible by powar or contrivanco. There was no apparance of idolatrous worship among them, nor could [ obsorve any allusion to a Suprome Beiag, or to athy sthemor fowers
 of which more hereafter, the mature of which was and is still inexplianble, thore was rothing that suggestod to my mind tho ider of religious worship. Whether they are camibals or not, has beon a matter of some dispute. So fur ny I know, they have been, heretofore, only casmally obarvarl on that bench ly voyngers or vagely roperted old by the people of adjoining countries and noighboring sothlem ments; neithor of which jo athitiontly roliablo mance of informadion. My own personal advantages on this head
wero greater; buil I am obliged, after all, to leavo the question about where $I$ found it, so far as certain conclasions are coneerned. Yet some circumstances occurred, or wero related to me, that ineline my mind strongly to the belief that such fromible practices are not unjustly ascribed to them. "Of the somdacss of my conelusions those who fullow the course of the narrative will have the opportunity of judging for themselves; if such had been my porsuasion at the begiming, it may be readily imacrined what effect this last hazard wobld havo lnad upon my feulings, in contemphating the possibilitios of tho fature. Clappily a convenient seepticism on this point preseryed me from this dark apprehension.
I. cance among these pooule not, certainly, with the best proparation in my previous habits and assuciations to endure cither the elimato of the country or the lardships of captivity. I went on shore in my usual ship's dress; thiek frock coat, lronsers, and shoes, and glazed cap. My undergerments wers woollen; though an important item, as before-xelated, twas made way with in fruitlessly signalling
 dress, to slecp wilhout any additional covering protectod from tho coll gromed only by a fragment of ganmeo-hide, athe the other diseomforts and exposures of life among sayages, made, allogether, it harsh contrast to tho comforts of our good sehooner. I'o those, however, I gradually becane inmered, fill I whe niblo to mool eodd and yot and stom with as stwienl indlfereuce as my dark companions, whe had known no other lot from infancy.

Of tho charructer of the natives I bad littlo provious knowledge; and that little was not adapted to stimulato
ouriosity, or prompt the leasi anxity far more intinato acguantance. It was derived mandy from whakers, in whom it seomed to have prodaced math the same degree of contentment, - a feeling that ignormee is bliss. Hodeed, the greatest cation has thengs been employed ly voyigers
 somon camot be persuaded to land at ath; frate with the
 with loadod tirc-u'nos constandy leveliod, in readiness for action in case of emergensy. liat hare I was, put forently to the study of their character in the school of dane lixperience, and can testify to the truth of the saying that she charges roundly for tution. Let the reater givo mo oredit for the ohenpmess with which I puth him in possossion of what knowledge was purchased at so exombint a price.

## GMAPTHR III.

Ifard journcy - Dacaugment. - Division of tho tribe - My new guardian -.. istory of tho emptere of a lirilish yessed - Joianion - Ohmbling --
 - 'Jomply yarns - 'lhe fatal ring - An elleedive orntion - Tudecision of the Sndians.

I'me reader left me just rising from a helf-stupor into which it domble dianpoithtment hat thrown ote, fevorish
 fiest nian waty for some fresh water, to allay a baming thinst. Alter a long and unsuceessfal seareh, 1 went doliberately to the beach and took a deep dranght of the briny waves, Bxpecting that the chief would shortly relarn for me with a tatio of his followers, it oecurrod to me that 1 might secrele myself, though there was nothing certain to be gratued by it, if I wore successful, of which the probability was not great. With this object in view, I wabliod nlong close on the water's edge, that my footprints might be obliterated by the waves. After proceeding in this way for romo distanee, li lelt tho shoro, and started towards the interiore, in quest of a place where I might dig a hote in the wath mon eover myself with grass and bushos. I hat gone but a little way inland, when, on aseonling a slight cuinence, whom should l. neet, face to face, but tho
old chicf and another of my tormontors! So the geliomo cums to nothing; but after othen; more feasible hat su dolefully miscarried, it was not in human mature to hay this disappointment very deoply to hoart. I made as
 then lave had my will of the sitsages, they wombth have
 him (llenven forgivo mo!) I was lowking fige them. Wlio chicf responded to my greeting only by ordering me to momet his horse. I requested leave to stay a bilte langer,
 Famine ; - no, I should be taken to "follamed."

I mountad bchind him, and we trapelled all day in the direction of Cape Vingin. For two days and aights I had waten nothing, and drunk nothing but sea-water, and, in
 rivod aboub durk at an aminemeo sommanding a view of
 short survey of the eneampuent. Wo them, douthess, the prospect was beautiful; to me it was heart-sickening, bet I strove to keep up checrful appearances. Down in a valley or deep mershy hollow, covered with tall grass or rashes,
 and beyond, at a short distanec, the surfuee was thiekly dotted with huts, erected, or ju process of erection, by fomalo architects. Ohildren, in swams like summer flies, and with no moro artificial eovering than those insects, woro enpering and monting in high gleo. At length wo desconded to tha rade village; after taching aboul, first to the right and then to the left, like, a ship ageinst a lead wind, wo came gallantly into town, and drew 2 at tho
chice's lodge. I was glitd to dismount, sore with bestriding the siscleton of a horse.
Here 1 agrim took the libarty of proposing a trip to Port Fimine, offering to go alone, if they would not go with me. Tho chiel told mo, with comphasis, to say a
 There got rim and whace. "Only get mo thero," 1 said tw mysell", "and moch goorl may your rom and tolnceo do your old carcalss!"

On the thided day of our encampment here the trike was dividel, mit I. wis sent off with ono of tho chict's lictet.cnimls. A more blood-hirsty maseal could not bo found in the tribe. Slias step was probably taken by the chicf to get rid of my importunities to visist Port Famine, the frequent renewal of which bad evidently worried lim. My new gundian reghed my mar, from timo to timo, with storicis of his murderous exploits, most likely in order to inkilinto me a wholesemo dead of his jowor, hut a subnissivo temper under his authority. The details of his bloody yarms are too shocking to repeat. Ono story, on which he seemed to dwell with peculiar satisfaction, as it was confirmed by more reliable authority afterwards, I will hero rolate, with such ollow pusticolars an I gumod by sulbseçuent information.

Abomit two yenry bufore, the Britishl brig Ayon was in the Santa Crus river. Captain Eaton, hor commandor, went on shore with his men, and bought some horses of the Indiuns, which ho paid for in run, tobaceo and triukois. After receiving their pay, they played tho same trick as with me, - refused to deliver the horses. The captain was about getting under weigh, when the Indians, perceiving
his intention to leave them, went down to the shore opposite the vessel, and beckoncd him to come on shore, signifying that they would give up the horses, ats agreed. The bout was sent asbore, and six or eight Indians returned in it to the lorig. Thay surromedel the captain on the
 stepped to the rail with his ofins, to manere monions on
 drew out their long knives, and stathed him to the heart. IIo sumk lifeless on the mail, and fell mon the deck. Seving him by tho hair, and raising him partly on their knees, they out his throat, and stabbed him again and again, to make the work ol' death sure. They then rushed upon the mate and stabled hint, bat not mortially; he threw himself exhausted down the hatchway, and hatd just
 boy was deate with in the smo manmer as the captant, and ono or two waitors, being wombed, suecedest, lite tho mate, in getting below deck and seereting themselves. The romaindor of the erew were fortmately ofl in a boat at this time, and escoped the massices. The savarges ate and drank on board, and then plundered the brig of such artielos as suited their faney. Mr. Douglass, of " JIollind," being on board the brig, was not murdered, but carried on shoro and dotained. A gombentan mamod SimmaterWurds endeavored to effect the releatis of Nr. Doughass. Ho grve them all thati they demmed as sunsom, and was then himself detained to keep lis friend company. A third embassy was undertaken by Mr. John Hall, of whom tho roader will hearn more hercalter. He paid a large ransom for his two frionds, and wats then served as they
had been. Me succeeded in offecting his esenpe the next day ; but Douglass and Simms wore carricd off, murdered, and, it is supposed, - I believe with grood reason, - that their bodies were eaten. The Avon, after being plundered, fell into the hemeds of the remainder of the crew, and suiled Fien Momberidew.
f travelled with this ruflam about ter days. Ife was an
 treatment that amomated to cruclty. Our life was monotonous enough. We slept a good share of the time when wo rested, drank pure water when we could get it, and ato what fell in our way; though the reader may be assured that we salw sonte hangry diys. At the expitation of ton days, the tribe was reünited at a place agreed upon. Here we continued several days, the natives oceupied exclusively with grambling, which wiss alike their daily labor and reercation. What the demands of hanger became too imprative to loe longer poritponed, they would go out and lount, after which they resumed their games.

Gambling is a vice to which they are greatly addicted, and they pursue it will a perseverance and ardor wortly of anatenrs in more civilized communtics. The implements used are bits of guanaco-skin, about the size of common playing-cards, on which are rudely depicted dogs nad a variety of other leasts, with divers mystio marks and
 Hood and greas. Unliko their compeors in moro conlightencd cireles, they put down stakes on only one side, for which the opposite players contend. In this way they rid themselves of their suddles, bridles, knives, and whatever other portable articles they may have to hazard.

Nay, I have seen them muthad to such a passion as to take tho mantles from their womon's shoubders, telling them to protect hemmelves from the eoddas they could.

But where was "hlolland," all this time? They told mo ut first that wo shouhd bo only four days reaching it, and alsady more thath tow hasd pasest. On inguiry, thoy said that the jowrory would bo completed in six
 duld romtino, the latians nswiguina seven or eight days as the minimum time. The phace seemed to tho :all tho while reeceling. I had lung since beemme aware that hero wate so truth ju then; lat persistal in questioning them: to eall forth fresh lics, which they uttered with marvellous fluency, as if it were vastly casier than speaking the truth.

After the rcünion of the tribe, I imploral the old chief to tuko mo back to his lolgo, and to his especial watre; to which hor omsented, muah to my satistaction. Wilh him I fult a kisd of seenrily uskhown elsewhere; mader God, I relied atone on his protection. He aldone of the tribe had the power to defend me, and I spared no pains to secure his good-will. To this end, I made him liarge promises of sueh things as I thought would arouse his cupidity, or stimulate his appetites, as well as an abondance of ornaments for his wives and childron, if the would only tako me to
 oxtenaled to his household; disagreceaho as ile latik was, I loreod myself to enress his dirly ehiddron, and to toll then what pretty things I intended to give them. By thoso, mud such-like demonstrations, T. flatlerod myself' it might bo possible to keep on peaceable terms with.
old larosilver, and enlist his authority for me, if circumstances should compel me to appeal to it.

The reunited tribe remained in samp three or four days, dividing their time between gambling and lounting. When I accompanied the hunters, as I sometimes did, I was sure
 kindoal atire nad cookell furt of the gano on the spot where it wats killed. 'Jhoir mothod of prepuring all meats wats essentially the same as has beca deseribed; tossing largo pisees into the fire, or susponding them over it, till they were somewhat smoked and dried, and then dovouring them, without silt, or any other condiment but the satuee of hunger. Cooking the ostrich, however, forms an exception: the feathers are plucked out, the bones dissected and removed; hot stones are phated within the boly, tho skin is tightity sowed together, and the whole is partially roisted on the enders. The lapings are then cett, and the meat is sorved up; it has an oxcellent flavor, far smpassing that of the donestic turkey. The bird is covered willa a layer of fitt, half an inch thick, which is melted, and collects in the body, forming a condiment which is relishod as the groatest luxury of Patagonian living. If any fragments of the repast remain, they aro slung to the backs of the saddles, and so carried home, dangling at the horsos' sildos, till thoy aro so bogrimed wilh dest ats to dely all conjuctero as to thoir quality or origin. Theso dheico morsels aro proflerod to the homo department, are received with smiles of gratitude, and devoured with a gust sharpened ly long abstinence. It was noticcable that the plumage of theo ostrich, though becutiful, was not at all valucd by the Indians; large
quantities of the fathers are blown all over the country, without attracting the least regard, while men and women disfigure themsolvos with print, and load thatir pursons with the chenpest of all trumpery, brass and eopher and beads, picked up from traders, or stolen.

The lanting of the ganatco is not only their chiel reliance for food, lath a spirited atamement, condected after a fishtion peonlitur alike to humers and humed. l'atagonia, as before mentionel, has no trees, bat is covered hero and there, in patelacs, with a hind of ander-lunesh of
 miles from the Athatic shore, like a vast rolline priarie. This affords a clear and exeellent hunting-gromed, with nothing to concen tho grame, or hindor the prosuce, except now and then a clump of low bushes, or the tall genss of tho marshes. Two to four hundred Indians on hursebatk,


 doges of every kind, buwn to cors of low degree, make up a hanting purty; as far as lio oyo con rach, lheir gigntic forms, dinimishod by tho distanes, maty bu suen projeded on the horizon, theiv long lais streanisg in the wind. Prosently a thickness is perecived in the nir, and a cloud of dust mines, -a sure indieation that a herd of gomacos has bous borlons ups ant is mox apmomeling. All syos aro fixed intently on tho eloud; it roon appears as if soycral aeres of earth were alive, and in rapid motion. Thero is a herd of from five hamdred to a thousind of these animals, infurinted, rushing forward at their utmost speed; whatever direction they may chanee to take, they fullosy
in a straight lime; and, as soon as their course is ascertained, the Tindians may be seen ruming their horses at brak-neck pace to phant Themselfes dircetly in the course of tho living then, As the gamo approach, the hunter puts sputs to his horse and rushes across their track. When within twenty or thirty yards, he jerks the bohes liom his girdle, and, whirling it viplently above hiss hadi, lets tly. Tha weanon usitally shikes the heal or weck of the amimal, and winds itself whout lisis fore-legs, leringing hine to the ground. Tho lmuter dismomts, cuts the victim's thront, remounts, and is ngum in purmil. Tho whivaing missilo, unorring in itwam, brings down another and another, till tho parly aro satisfied with their chase and their prey. 'Ihe' dogs fall upon the poor animals, when helplessly entangled by the botas, and ofton eruelly mangle them before the huntor has time to despatel them. Soldom doos aby one miss tho gane ho muths. It is thes lotighb of manly mabition anomg thent, Who hat reanth of then minimg, to oxvol in tho ghase.

Tho Herort buing over, then comos tho dressing of tho meat. The body is split open, the entrails removed, the beart and large veins opened, to permit tho blood to flow into tho cavity. Tho Ludizns scoop up with thoir hauds and eagerly demk the blood. When their thirst is satisfied, the remainder is poured inte cortain of the intestines selected for tho purpose, to become (to their accommodtting tantes) aluxury us lighly prizel ans uny wammed of Bologna. Tho ritss are diyjointed from the back-bone, and, with the head, disearded as worthless. The body is quiar. tored, ealting through tho skin; tho quarters, tied togother in pairs, are thrown across the horses' backs, and conveyed to the camp. Arrived at their wigwams, the chivalrous
huntors never malade their beasts, but leam upon the horsess noeks till thoir wives come out and relicve them of the spoil. 'They then dismount, unsaddle their horses, and turn them lanso.

Whilst remaining at our present encampment, strong in-
 luad roferenco to mo. Thome wat on largo jarly biat had ulwayn ontertained hostilo Ceolings lowareds me; and 1 mosy found it necessary to exert myself to the atmost to quell their disconicat, by making large promises of presents to mon, women and ehildren, "due and payable" on arrival at some white settlement; also, by hamoring their caprices, and flattering their vanity with the most honeycd words at my command. The reuder, I hope, will not harshly judgo of the deceptions which are horo and elsewhero
 Which, it seemed to ane, made this a legitimate and nevessary mode of self-defenco. It was plain Wat my enly way of escapo wonld tho by some negotiation for ramsom, and tho Indians had conceived expectations of very lerrge profit to be mado out of me. They were told, when we landed, that I was the captain of the ship, - an unfortunate cror, but ono that I conld not repair. . . . was naturally looked upon as so much tho more valumblo hostage. My only resoured
 inercaso their expeetations, wheaever I fomad myself siaking in tho sonle of thesi favor, - to make them feel, in short, that they had an immense interest in preserving my life, and getting me to " Holland," or some ohther white settlement, with the most convenient speed. And if some of the fictions appear gross, it is enough to say that they
were such as seemed, at the time, to bo adapted to tho grossuess of their apprehensions and desires, and to the nost sure aceomplishanent of the purpose in view.

Xet, so fulse-learted and treacherous were they, that one could never be for a monent certain. what impression whe mato. Siars in grain themselvos, it was ouly matural for thom to distrust eycry ono elso. Whenover 1 spoke, and especially when maling promises, the old chicf would look me steadily in the eye, as though piaceing my inmost thonghts. But, in process of time, I so schooled myself to the excreise, that I could return his look and tell the toughcst stories without blinking. Somo of them were to the full as medible as those of Munchausen. It was constantly necossnry to put memory and imagimation to the rack, to call fortly something new and nstonishing wharowidh ta divorh thuir fancy, and proidsouny their minds from moditating mischiof ngainst mo, of which I. had continum renson to bo ufraid. Securo ugainst any dotection of the plagiarism, I drow hargely from the adventures of Sinbad the Sailor, the marvels of tho Arabian Nights, and the cunning devices of Gil Blas, the materials of which served, when duly mixed with my own veritable exporience, to excite their curiosity, if not to arpalkon awo and superstitions reverenco. They would sit around mo for hours,
 whilo in broken Spanish, mised with a fow Indian phrases that had been grafted into my spooch through the car, aided by abundant gesticulations, that sladowed forth and illustrated whatever was obscure in exprossion, I spun yarns of no common length, strength and elasticity. Sometimes, in response' to a gencral call from the company, the old chicf
at the ond of some narvellous tale, would command me to tell it again. This was no easy task, considering the freaks which my imagination usually pliyed, without restraint, in the progeses of the marrative. In no long time, however, I learned to imitato the prudence of boys who turn down the leaves of their books, or of Indians who break down the shrubs and twigs nlong a new path, by taking special noto of my doviations, - a sort of mental dog'sear, or way-mark, interposed at the point of departure. It was not difficult to retrace tho way at their bidding, and give them the whole joumey, to its minutest turnings.

The excitement and dissatisfaction which I had remarked and dreaded appeared to have died away, when one night I had startling evidence that it was still active. At the usual hour of rest, as $I$ was expecting every moment to be ordered, like a dog, to my cold corner of the lodge, a gigantio, ill-fuyored follow made his appearance, and exclanged, in un under tone, $a$ few words with the chicf. Without comprehoading a word that was passing, I could see, by their significant glances, that the colloquy concerned me, and that it boded mo no good. Tho giant soon disappeared. The chicf gat a moment in silence, rose, and ordered me to follow him. To the question where he was taking me, no other answer was vouchsufed than "Come along!" We
 group of Indians sitting in a circle on the carth. The sight almost froze my blood. Tho most dismal approhensions soized upon mo. Thero needed no wizard to tell the import of the scenc. The fatal ring, so much to be dreaded by. those who are cast upon the tender mereies of sayages, was set for me. The suddenness of it aggravated the blow It
almost paralyzed thought, and arrested my powers of motion. The catastrophe of the tragedy, I thought, is at hand, unless arrested by the interposition of a higher power. In my way to the dreaded spot I sent up a silent supplication that He whose eye marked all my footsteps, and whose power was all-sufficient for my protection against utinost peril, would keep me in that hour of my "extremity," and make it, according to tho proverb, Itis "opportunity."

Arrived at the ring, I found the Indians squatting on the ice and snow awaiting us, with their cutlasses large knives tucked under their blankats, - weapons they never carry except when they expect to use them. I was ordered within, and seated myself as near as possible to the chief. They presently began talking in rotation, as they sat, in their own tongue. Their words were mainly unintelligible; but the deadly malice that flashed from the eyes, kindled in the features, and animated the gesticulations, of some of thens, left no room to doubt the significance of their specch. A part of them wore clamorous a gainst my life, as they had constantly been. Others appeared to bo irresolute, and said little; but, so far as could be discovered, no voice was raised in my faver. The chief spoke last, I hung upon his lips, and anxiously scrutinized his face and notion. T pathersed that ho wat in favor' of hulding on a whilo longer, and using me as a decoy, to lure others within their powor; reminding them of my promises, - the quantities of rum and tolateco they were to get from me, the trinkets destined for women and children. He was for getting the booty before cutting the matter short with me. His remarks ovidently had greht weight with the council,
and oxartod a soothing elleet on all of twan. Al hitis puint If thought it a moet seasm to impress upon their minds that I was of somo consequence in the world, iund abked leave to speak for myself, which was granted: Thereupon 1 hennched forth in an oration, the chief acting as interpreter, and rotailing it to the circlu sentence by seatence:
"IBucnos Sewores! Mo macho grando Americano capitạ, mismo cbmmodant mucho mass, mucha barea, nuchat galeta, muchos soldados, muchos marinarios. Me tene mucho mudio big gum, bastante porguto mismo bastante, cutylass, pistols mucho bastante. Vaestros hombres lyenos per me, mi marinarios, mi soldados, bucnos per vos. Othro

- corso ustod mulo runipo me," \&e. \&c, \&e. lin such ne jumble of Spanish, English and Indian, duly set off with grimance and gesture, I gavo them to understand that they were doaling with no inferior personage, but with one who was at homo as good as tho president; one haying at command abundance of steamshjps and satiling vessels of all sorts, with soldiers and mariners, big guns and little guns, pistols and outlosses, 'That if they were grool to me they would recoive good from me and mine; but that, if they did me any harm, men would come from North America in numbers as incalculable as the hairs of their heads, and kill otery mother's son of them, Furthermore, if they would tako 1 no to somo whito aothomont, whelher Amorient, Jhigglish, Frongh or Spunish, I would order the whito peoplo to -givo them rum, tobacco, flour, rice, sugar and tea. Of
 would thes bo onabled to indlugo dhemselves in laxuries almost without limit.

It was ovident, ala glances that my'speech wasseasonable,
and took effect in the right quartor. Thoir eyes stood out with wonder, and tho sternness of their countenances was rolaxed. They acquiesced in the proposal to postpone final action for the present, and see what could be made out of mo before doing their worst. In a few days, they said, they world tuke mo to "Ifolhad;" but, no watter what time was limited, that "undiscovered country" seomed continunlly further off, - "a name" wilhout any " Jocal habitation." Their conduct in this was determincd, as I was afterwards assured, by the fact that they were entirely undecided what to do with inc. They longed for the good thinge I had told them of, and their greedy appetitos could only be aatisfiod by faking me to a white setllement. On the othor band, they wero painfully suspicious that I meant to give them tho slip, and dreaded the result of bringing meninto the vicinity of any settlenent; while, at the same time, my grandiloquent assumptions and lofty threats made them slorink from the thought of doing me serious larm. The big guns and little guns greatly disturbed their imaginations. In short, I seomed to them an ugly customar - bad to keap, and bad to get rid of. They tomporizod, therofore, promised and hesitated, and postroned, and promisod again. There was no use in trying to hurry their movements. So I gavo them line upon line, seeking eviery opportunity to deepen the troablosomo impression that thoy assumed a mighty responsibility when they mado me a prisoner, and that their welfare depended greatly on the issue.

## CHAPTER IV.


 Alarm - A marring treaty and an unsucecssful suitor-Laws of marriage - Qunlifications of a husband - Feminine gnarrels - A marringe in high lifa - Dressing macht - Profuncness - Alsonce of religious ideas - Mysterious ceremony - Reasoas for abstaining from religious instruotion - The notals - Stato of the arts in Patagonin - Tuitoring - Fashion.
 mile of Corey Inlet. The day after we halted, in full view of tho south Atlantic, on looking out upon the water, tivo masts were plainly descried, evidently those of some vessel running down to this intut. On going "pan olovalion conne. manding a better view, it proved to be a topsail schooner. Sho lad undoubtedly mistaken this false cape for Cape Virgin, at the entrance of the Straits of Magellan. I pointed out the vessel to the Indians, and requested them to take me to the shore, that I might, if possible, communicate with hor and bo runsomsi. Altar mom lohy, Way eomplicit; but, as we approached the beach, she was seen suddenly to hian off tho shoro and shand down tho const, having probably found out her mistake. We made all possible haste to gain the beach before she could have time to pass out of sight. I monnted a tall eliff, where $I$ could distinetly sce
the men on deok, and, standing on tha horse's back, waved my jacket, and made overy possible demonstration to atract their notice. All in vain. The little vessel sailed steadily on, as if in mockery of my hopes. I watched her receding figure with an aching heart, till sbe vanished from sight. Thonghts of home and its familiar circle, of lost enjoyments, and of the suffering that must be a guest there, had long tantalized iny slecping and onbittered my waking dreams. These were quickoned and concentrated in a burning focus, by the light of such a vision from the world of my past existence, only to inflict the keener torture upon my sensibilities. My situation became more intolerable by every fresh disappointment. It was almost enouglr to drive ane mad. Must 1 , then, give ap all hope of rescue?

A fow minutes passed, and the temperst of feoling passed
 of such feelings was not only uscless, butactally pernicious, as tending to unfit me for rational and successful contrivance. My condition, truly, was dreadful; so much the moro nocessncy was it to ox orciso tho most onlm and pationt and self-possessed prudence, in drder to devise and execute any purpose of escape: Like the surgeon who looks with steady nerve on the quivering frame subjected to his knife, I must nerve myself to look the gloomy problem of my lot, without shrinking, fully in the face, and keop my cmotions, in all oirommennees, striotly mudor the control of tho caleulating judgment; a maxim, liko many others, mueh unsior utiorod now than to bo thought of then, and fur easier asserted than excmplified. Fully bent on effecting my deliveraneo in some way, to the discovory of which all possible ingenuity vas to be directed, my resolutions of
self-control were heroic enough. But to fulfil them, - to repress and disregard all those sympathies to which my whole being was bound, - this was indeed labor, too great, $\mathfrak{I}$ often feared, to be accomplished. When the stress of inward conflict oppressed me, I would spring from my orouohing-place in the lodge, rush into tho open air, and seize upon every object that could in any degree divert attontion aud clivido my thoughts. Theso exertions, with God's blessing, sufficed to restore, in sonie tolerable measure, the mental equilibrium, and to rescuc me from the dominion of feelings tho umestatincl action of which would havo drivon mo to matness.

During our atay of three or four days at his enenupmont, I had becone so wemided with tho monotony of their idleness, broken only by their desperate gambling, the only thing, besides the chase, with which the Indians ocoupiod themsolves, - Chat for variaty's sake, to divert my ofton-dosponding moods, and to kill time, which hang heavily on my hands, I concluded to go out on a hunting frolio. Huving procured a horsc of the chicf, and cneased my lower extremities in a pair of native boots, much warmer than the ship shoes in which I had endured the cold, I set out with quite a party. We had gone six or eight miles, when I stopped for a short time, the rest of the troop rining off without regarding me. On remounting my ohargor, I put him to his utmost speed, in order to overtake them. While driving on at a furious rate, he stumbled and ouno to tho ground, throwing his hokkose rider ovor his hoad twenty feet or more, upon the hard, frozen ground. Ono anklo was sevoroly sprained, and my whole body more or less bruised. So severe, indeed, was the shock, that I
have occasional reminders of it to this day. No time was to be lost; and, with considerable effort, and no little pain, I succeded in remomuting. The swelling of my foot soon made my borrowed boots extremely uncomfortable, and I wished myself safely back at the lolge; but, at whatever expense of suffering, I had no resourco but to follow the hunters till such time as thoy shonld seo fit to return. The remembrane of that day's tornent will not soon be lośt. We arrived at the camp late in the evening; and, having been unsuccessfful in the chase, went supperless to bed. On crnwling into the lut and removing my boots, a satl niglit was disclosed; but thwo was no present renedy. Dragging myself woarily into my comer, I had just crouclied upon the skin, which had servod for a saddle during the day and was still reoking from the horse's back, when a great dog eame along, and threw his whole weight upon the lawo foot, causing me to seream aloud for the paill. I drow back tho sorviceablo foot, and gavo him a kick that sent him through the fire and against the front of tho lodge. Sleep kept at a distance till near morning, when I gainod a briof oblivion of suffering.

Day at last dawned, and with tho morning's light came the busy note of preparation for removal. Down came the tents; the suluaws packing up the furniture, and the indians chasing and lassoing their horses. The noise and confusion, disagrecablo cnough under any circumstances, mado the secno no inapt reprosentative of chaos, from which 1 war glat to bo deliverod on tho most oxpoditious terns possible; and I was casily porsuadod to try my fortune again in the claso, moro especially as wo had nothing for breakfast. No words can do moro than partial
justice to one of these moving secnes. Not only the skin roofs of their wigtams, but the siakes and poles which constitute the frames, are carried along with them. Their furniture gives them litllo trouble, soldom consisting of more than the sking on which they sleep, an ox-horn tinderbox, a few sticks for rousting meat, and a lenthern waterbucket. Tents and furniture are all packed together on their horses' backs. The pappooses in travelling are lashed to a kind of wooden sledge, rounded at the ends like sleighrunners, and orossod with marrow slats, that bind the parts etrongly together. The litile brats are bound upon these machinos, which aro so shapod that tineir heads ond feet aro much bolow tho general level of their bodies,- a very uncomfortable position for the youngsters, if they have as much sensibility to pain as other ohildren, of which I inclino to doubt, as thoy aro inurod from birth to nlmost ovory spocies of lardship. I'he sledge, with its living burden, is thrown acroes tho horse's back, and mude fast to the load. Tho mother mounts to the top of the puck, roating har fect on thu horse's nock, and umed with a cudgel, with which she vigorously belabors tho beast, right and left. The pappooses, not liking tho quarters assigned to them, set up a general squalling. Mothers and maiden aunts join in full chorus, drawling out, at the top of their voices, "Ilōrì! mutty, multy! Inōri! matty, mutty!" without the lenst: change, to tho thousandeh ropetition. All these arrangements are made with remarkable celerity - in thin'ty minutos not a tent is left standing but the wholo tribo, their tone ments and chatels, wives and bonts, uro all patod upon horsos, ind tho motley cuvalendo moves off like an army of beggars on horscback.

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On tha present ocension the movement was delayed, whito wo rode in search of something to cat. The chaso was unsuccessful, seareely enough being obtained to more than sharpen our appotites for dinner. The scanty meal leing over, the whole company began their journey, which in its tortuous windings was not unlike that of tho Israclites in tho wilderness, but unliko that in the respect that we seemed to have no particular destinution or object, execpt to explore new hunting-grounds, and gratify the capricious restlessness of the Indians. One very desirable end was answered, - wo got enough to cat, as we were succossful in killing a large quantity of game. The Indians, it was noticeable, were never at a loss to find their camps. So familiar did they seem with all their haunts and the general shape of the country, that though the surface presented to my eyc searcely any distiuguishable way-marks, they would atrike off from any point, however distant, and go with unerring aim straight to their tents. In returning laden with booty to our new homes, I was surprised to obsorve no indications whatever of water in the vioinity; a singular departure, at first sight, from their invariable custom, so far as I had noticed. Very soon the squavs issued from their huts, ench with her leathern bucket. Curiosity prompted mo to follow them a little way, when a spring was discovered, from which they had to dip the water with their ox-horn oups till the buck ots wore filled.

About this time a new phase of life presented itself, to cast light on an important item of the social economy ostablishod in Patagonia. Looking out of our wigwam one ovoning just ut dusk, I notieed an unusual concourso of Indians about two hundred yards distant. There wore
fifty or more, headed by ouc of the most ruffianly rascals in tho tribo, marehing in the direction of our lodgo. I - spoke to the chief about it, whereupon he went immediately to the back of the lut, and sat dorwn on his littlo bed, his cutlass hanging beside him from a knot of one of tho stakes. This ho took down, laid it across his knces, and folded his arms. Somehing, I saw, was wrong. In anticipation of tho worst that might befiall mo, I had found $\mathfrak{a}$ short time before, the latadle of an old knifo among the chiof'a trumpery, and also an odd bade; these I had put together, and the chicf permitted mo to carry it about my person, the only weapor ho allowed me. I now planted myself on my knces beside him, and propared to sell my life as dearly as possible, should the mob enter with evil designs towards mo. The consciounness that I was in their power, and was sure to have the worst of any sorions ruarirol, made it my study to keep the peace with thom an far an ciromondnaco would admil; but thore was a limit to my control of cenents, a very nurrow linit, which I had constant reason to fear would be oyerborne by tho impotuous latred of my cnomics, when nothing would bo left but desperate resistance. Such a orisis seemed near, when the chicf was himself reduced to a

- defensive attitude, mad was indeed besieged in his own ludgo.
The motloy throng surromded the lut, thoir numbers constantly swelled by fresh arrivals; somo wero squat upon tho grownd, others peeping through the erevices. Presently ono of tho number addressed the chicf, and tho tho oonyernal for homo timu in a low and animalligible, but dooided and emplatio tono. The crowd outside ap-
peared to be a good deal excited, and kept up a contiruous hum of rapid conversation. I looked and listened, with mingled curiosity and dread, while the chief repeated the same thing over and over again, in a firm, anthoritative tone, tinged with anger. Uuable to conjccture what was on foot, or to bear muy longer the agony of suspense, I patted lim familiarly on his nakui breast, told him ho had "a good lieart," begred that he would not suîer the Indians to hamn me. "You go sleep," was his answer; "no Indians come into this house to-might." I inquired what they were after, but no answer was vouchsafed, and he resumed his mysterious colloquy wittr the outsiders. The idea of sleeping under such circumstances was out of the question; I was wide awake, and bent on keoping so, - - sorely bevildered at the strange goings on, and not a little terrified, but holding fast by my sole weapon of defenec, and waiting a favorablo opportunity to intorpose another inquiry. The chief turned his head; and, perceiving my vigilanee, repeated in an angry tone his injunction to sleep. This was a drop too much; ind, clasping my arms about his dirty neck, patting lis broast, and looking (with as confiding an air as I could assume) into his dull eyes, I begged him to speak to me, to tell me what those man wanted. "Do thoy want to broak my hond?"
"'dho uen don't watut to lurt you," he said; "Indian wants a girl for his wifo; poor Indian, very poor, got no horses nor anything elso. I won't give him the woman."

So speedy a doscent from the height of my fears was not satisfactory; it wat imporsible to crotlit this explamation of such a formidable scone. I apprehended that it was a pure.fiction, extemporized for the purpose of quieting reo;
but, as ho seemed more communicative, I swallowed my doubts, and questioned him further. "What does poor Indian say?"
"Says he 'll steal plenty horses when we get where thoy are, and give the woman plenty of grease. Siys leo ian gooll lamber; grated hiol."

These high titles to consideration did not seem to bo admlited by the proty thay wor offered to eondiliato; on tho contrary, tho ehief pronounced him a slecpy mink-skin of a fellow, - no thief at all; one that would never own a horso in the world. This opinion, which he was good enough to fiver mo with, ho communicatod to tho party chiclly concerned, telling him that ho wats a poor, good-for-nothing Indian, he should not have the woman, and that was the end of it. After a litlle more jabber, and abundance of wrangling, the mob dispersed, much to my relief. Satisfied, by further conversation on the subject with old Parosilver, whoso triumph over tho matiny had put him into better temper than usual, that the affitir did not inminently conoorn my safuly or welfare, I lay down to rest.

In answer to further inquiries, - for I must plend guilty to $n$ good deal of curiosity in respect of the poor Indian and his blasted hopes, - I was informed that without the ohiof's consont no marriago whe pornitted; that, in his judgmont, no Indian who was not an accomplished roguc, particularly in tho horse-slealing line, - an expert hunter, able to provide ptenty of meat and grease, was fit to have a wifo on any terms. He never givo his consent for
 sidorately added, all the differenec it made was that some
one else had to support the squaz till her suitor proved himself worthy, and acçuired sufficient woalth to justify taking her to his wigwam; and, if he orred much for his coury, he would not be long in earning her; it would make him a first-rato thicf, - the most indispensable titlo to fivere in the tribe. It niperarod hat tha possossion of two horses, one for limsold and ono for his intended, was regarded as the fropor oubit in a matrimonial adventuro.

I'ho women are somewhat given to quarrelling among themselves; and, when their "combativeness" is once active, they fight like tigers. Jealousy is a frequent oceasion. If a scquaw suspects leer liege lord of undue familiarity with a rival, she darts upon the fair enchantress with tho fury of a wild beast; then ensues such a pounding, seratching and hair-pulling, as beggars description. The gay deceiper, if taken by surprise, alips quatetly out, and stands at a safo distance to watch the progress of the combat, generally chuckling at the fun with grent complaconny. A crowd gathers round to cheer on the rivals; and tho rickety wigwam, under the effect of the squall within, ereaks and shivers like a ship in the wind's eye.

While the contract of marriage is so jealously regarded by the chief ag to be subject to a veto in every case whero a proposed match appears in his eycs -unsuitable, the ceremony is literally nothing at all. Duo anction having been given by the supremo authority, the bridegroom takes home his bride for better or worse, without any of the festivity which graces similar occasions elsowherc. About this time, - for, its I had no means of journalizing my ox-
 montlas, it is guite impossible to assign inates, - a mat-
rimonal transaction took place, accompanied by unusual solomnities. Tho rank of one party, and the extraordinary accossorics of the occasion, will justify a particular notice of this " marringo in ligh life."

One evening, the chief, his fanr wives, two daughters, an iafant granddaughter, and myself, were seattered about the lodgo, enveloped in a smoke of unusual strength and density. Whito tho othors sat around as unconeorned as so many picees of bacon, I lay flat, with my face closo to the ground, und my heal eovered with ia piece of guanacoskin, the only position in which it was possible to gain any relief from the stifling fumigation. While in this attitude, I fincied I hared the tramp of many feet without, and a confused muttering, as if a multitude of ludians were $t^{2}$ lking together. Presently a hoarse voice sounded in front, evidently amed at the ears of some ono within, to which tho chiol' promptly pophivel. I canght a few words, - onough to matisly mo that I was not tho subject of their colloquy, but that there was a lady in the ease, - und listonod eusiously, without any of the fright which grew out of the previous negotiations. The conversation grew animated, and the equanimity of his high mightiness the ohief was somewhat disturbed. I cast a penctrating glance into the smoke at the female members of our houschold, to diseorn, if possible, whether any one of them was spocially interestod. One look was sufficient; the elief's daüghter (who, by the way, was a quasi widow, with ono hopoful seion muriuging up by hor willa) mat lisatming to the conversation, with anxiety and apprehension visille in evory feuture. Her mother sat acar her, her chin resting upon her hand, rith an ansious and thoughtful expression
of countenance. The invisible speaker without, it soon appeared, was an unsuccessfal suitor of the daughter, and had come with his friencls tos press his claim. He urged his suit, if not with classic, with "earnest," cloquence, hut with success ill proportioned to his cfforts. The ehief told him ho was a poor, good-for-nothing fellow, had no horses, and was unfit to be his son-in-luw, or any one else's. The outsider Was not to be so casily put off; he pressed bis suit with fresh oncrgy, affirming that his deficioney of horses was from wat of opportunity, not from lack of will or ability to appropriate the first that came within his reach. On the contrary, he claimed to be as ingenious and accomplishod a thicef as ever swnng a lasso or ran off a horse, and a mighty hanter besides, whose wifo would nover suffer for want of greasc. The inexorable chief hereat got considerably ex. citoh, told lim ho was a poor devil, and might bo off with himself; ho would n't talk any more about it.

The suppliant, as a last resort, appealod to the fair one herself, begging hor to smilo on his suit, and assuring hor, with markel cmphasis, that, if successful in his aspirntions, he would give her plenty of grease. At this last argument she was unable to resist longer, but entreated her father to sanction their wion. But the hard-hearted parent, not at all mollified by this appeal from his decision to au inferior tribunal, broke out in a towering passion, and poured forth a torrent of abuse. The mother here interposed, and besought lim not to bo angry with the young folks, but to deal moro gently and considerutoly with them. Sho nem hinted that le might have done injustice to the young man. He might turn out a smarter man than he had credit for. He might-who lanew? - make a fino chicf yet, posioss
plenty of Lorses, and prove a highly cligible match for their daughtor, The old fellow had been (for him) quite moderate, but this was too much. His rage eompletely mastered him. Ile roso up, soizod the pappooso's orade, and hurled it violently ont of doors, and the other chattels appertainfag to his dhughtur wont aftor it in rapid stecessaidn. Ho then ordered her to follow her gronds instanter, with which benediction she departect, responding with a smile of satisfaotion, doubtless antieipating the promised luxurics of her new lome, the vision of which, through the present tempest, fortifiod hor mind against ity worst perils. Ieaving tho lodgo, sbe gathered up ler seattered effects, and, accompaniod by her mother, the bridal party disappeared.

Tho whicf sat on his horse-skin couch, his legs crossed
 bride and har mother retumed, aud now began the second noone. Tho chice no sooner resergnized them thun a kound - somothing between a grout and agrow, but much nearer the latter than the former, and in a decided crescendo gave warning of a frosh eruption. The runbling grew more emphatie, and sudtenly his fury burst on the head of his wifo. Seizing her by the hair, he hurled her violently to the ground, and beat her with his clenched fists till I thought ho would bronk ovory lowe in her booly, nuld rohtuco hor sallustaneo to a jolly. l'erhapas I wasa lithe hari-hearled, but dio hat been ono of my bitherest enemies, and I had a foeling that if some of her ill-will to me could we beaten out of hor, I could be casily resigned to her fate. The drubbing onded, she roso ant muttored somethiag le did not like. He replied by a violent blow on the side of her head, that sent her staggering to the further end of the hat. This
last argumant was decisive, and she kept her huge mouth closed for the night. There was a silent pause for some minutes, and, without another word, we ranged ourselves for repose. I thought the old heathen's conscience troubled him through the night; his sleep was broken, and he apponrod yory reathess. Burly the moxt morning he went to the lodge of the newly-married pair, and had a long chat with thenn. They thought him rather severe upon them at first; but, after a good deal of diplonacy, a better understanding was brought abont, The young people could hardly get over in senso of the indignities they had recoivod; but in the course of the day they roturned, bag and baggage, to the old chief's tent, and made it their permanent abode.

Wo now mover in a westerly dirootion, and on tho way succeeded in cupturing a good doal of gamo. Their modo of dealing with the enterass of the gananeo js mough to dissiputo whaterer appotizing qualitios the meat - in itself very palatable - would otherwise possess. It was no uncommon circumstance, while the sifunws wero removing the hide, to sce the dogs tugging at the other extremity, the womgn, montime, erying out " Lh! Ah!" in a diasuasive, though not angry, tone. If the amimals' become too atducions, the ite of their mistrossos is kindlest, and thoy brouk out with "Consharan anshaty I" athane equivalont to that which, in Chylish, directs its objecet to a region unnentionable in ears politc.

The Indians lave, strictly speaking, no profanc expressions. I nevor conld learn that they worshipped or bad any idea of a Supreme Being. The only obscrvance whieh bore any aspect of religion was associated with something we
should littlo think of as an object of adoration - the tobacco-pipe; - though, how fir this is, in firet, th object of idolatry in Christian lands, it might not become me to speculate. The only oceasions on which the Indians discovered any appearance of devotion were those of smoking. This may have bean only a symptom of intoxication, but the reader nay judge for himself.

A gronp of a dozen or more assemble, - нomelimos in a wigwam, sometimes in tho open air. A verfol mato of a pioco of hide bent into in satuecr-shape whilo green and afterwards hardened, or sometimes an ox-horn, filled with water, is set on the ground. A stone pipe is filled with tho sornpings of a wood resembling yollow ebony, mixed with finely-cut tobacco. The company then lay themselves in a cirolo flat on their faces, their mandes draws up to the tops of their heads. The pipe is lighted. One takes it into lis mouth and inhales as mueh smokeas he em swallow; the others tako it in succession, till all havo bocomo satisfied. By the timo the second mmokor is filly eharger, tho first bogias a surion of groaninge and grantinge, with a slight trembling of the head, the smoke slowly ouzing out at the nostrils. The groaning soon becomes general, and waxes louder, till it swells into a hidoous bowling, enough to frighton man or beast. The noise gradually dies away. Thoy romain a short timo in profound silemee, and each imbibas a dranght of water. Thon succeods anothor interval' of silence, observed with the most profound and devotional gravity. All at leugth arise, and slowly disperse. Now, this may or may not havo beem in form of wornhip; but tho
 in its the formatity with whioh it was invarialy combetor,
the solemnity of visage, the reverential grimace, the prostration, the silence, the trembling, - these, and traits of expression which are more easily discomed and remembered than described, gave me a decided impression that the whole had a superstitious meaning. The paturul operation of the tobacco, and of the substance mixed with it, might explain part of the symptoms, - the writhing and groaning, - but these appeared to bo a good deal in excess, and thero were other features of the caso which appearod to recquiro another solution.
I never asked any explanation. The mystery which savage tribes are so apt to throw around their religious ritos, and their resentuent at any unhullowed curiosity, I was not indined to meddle with or provoke. If my conjectures were just ass to the mature of this ceremony, inquiry might lead to unpleasunt consecuences. Ignorance appeared, on the whole, safer than knowledge of good or evil, gained at the risk of being catght trespussing on things forbidden. If any ono thiuks my procaution oxecssive, ho is at liborty to taks "a diflerent courso whonover ho dinds himsolf in the jurisdietion of Parosilyer, or any other Patagonian chief.

The inkuiry may arise, especiully in the mind of the religious reader, whether I attempted to impart to my captors any knowledge of God, his attributes and laws. The answer is quite ready, —No, and for a varicty of reasons. The writer did not understand cnough of either Spanish or Indian to communicate intelligible ideas on any matters beyond the rango of the senses; and Patagonia is protty Darron of sensiblo phenomem, whith made my slock of words more limited thins it might fave been under mora fivorable dircumstanous. 'Ithere was no finding "tongues
in trees," or "books in the muning brooks;" tho band parsombas noldior in mamburs malliciant to bo conversablo. "Sormons in stoncs," even, must havo becon of very jelibly dimensions, and of no great weight. Mad this diffieulty been romoved, I conléss I lad no great dosire to surmount it. I was the oljject of suspicion and hostility. My life was in constant danger. To diminish, as far as possible, the causes of dislike, to mitigite their ferocious hate, to slude occasions of mischioi, to delay what I feared could not be very long prevented, was my contimual study. If the roader is not satisfice with this account of my conduct, Í am sorry for it, but cannot afford uny words of contrition. It is vastly easier, I may hint to the objector, to prescribe another's duties than to judge of one's own, especially where the two parties are in circumstances so vidoly difforing. Tho Iratagonians noed tho gospol-and tho law -as moch as any pooplo it could name from personal obsorvation. Thoro was no trace of justruction imparted at a previous period, and the reception Christianity would meet with among them is yet to be discovered.

Their pipes are made of a hard red stone, the bowl dug out with whatever iron or steel implement is at command to tho dimensions of an ordinary chay pipo, the stem about an inch square, and threc inches long, with a small per-
 is Itted to the stem, and serves ats a month-piece. This is mado by bending or hammering a melallie plate about a small round stick, and soldering or cementing it with in glutinous substance thickened with earlh.

The copper, brass and iron, seen among them, was probably procured from mfortunato vessels wrecked on their
coast. I was inforned by Captain Morton, of whom the jersevering reader will know more lewenfler, that to had touched at Sea lear Bay for a harbor, and saw there great quantities of iron punps, ships' langing knees, and other gear, from wrecks of vessels of all sizes. As he was bound for the land of gold, he thought it soarcely worth his while to collect the baser metals. Had he been homeward bound, ho might have oltained a valuable cargo.

As ormaments, bits of brass and copper, of silver and German silver, have $n$ high value among the Indians, and when the motals are plenty such adornment is very common. 'The children's shoes havo small oval pieces sewed on in front, and they appear on other parts of their dross. When geare, they are moro seldom scen. Blacksmithing in Patagonia is something of the rudest. Two hard flat stones do duty, tho ono as anvil, and the other ns hammer. Of the elfect of heat in making tho motals mallemblo, and of the art of tempering, the peoplo have no knowledge. To make a knife, they take a picce of iron hoop, or iron in any practicable shape, and hammer away upon it at a provokingly slow rate. Their blows are no beavy enough to do much execution; but they keep up a constant tap, tap, tap, hour by hemr, till the iron is flatened to the required shape and dimensions. It is then rubbed on a smooth
 into a wooden handlo. Sometimos melted lead is poured into the hanille, but lead appeared to be a scarec commodity. All mechanie arts, if they descrve the name, aro in an cqually rude and prinitive stage. The simplicity of these people's ideas is indeed extraordinary. In invention or constructiveness they are babes. A Yankee boy, siz
yeara old, would be a prodigy anong them, -a miracle of gonius.

An opportunity was afforded, while in camp, to see some specimens of their tailoring or matat-making achievements; - cither torm is approprate, as the male and femalo dress do not differ in form, and but slightily in the mode of adjustment. The mantle or blanket is woru uround the shoulders; those of the women are fastened together by the corners under the dins with a stick for a pin; tho men hold theirs around them with their hands, except that when lunting they ie a string around the waist.

The skins of young guanacos are scleoted for mantles, on nocount of tho superior flenonss and softenss of the hair. Nearly a dozon skins aro used for a single mantle, as a large part of each is esteemed unfit for use, and thrown away. The skins, while green, are stretched to their utnost tension on tho ground to diy. When partially dried, they are serapod on tho inside with a stone sharpenod like a guu-finut, sprinkled tho while with water, to facilitato the operation. Whon the surfare is mato tojerahly musoth, and of a protty uniform thickness, it is actively seoured with a conrse-grained stono, till it has a bright polish. The skin is again dried, then crumpled and twisted in tho hands till it becomos perfectly solt and pliable. The thread, ra has been stated, is mude from the sinews of tho ostrich. These aro extracted by the exertion of great strongth, and divided into strings about the size of ordinary shoe-thread. They are then twisted, tho embly aro sorapoll to a poiut, and when dry becone still; they aro now roady for use.

Thwo pieces of skin are ant to fit each clhor. Tho tailoress (for all the work, from the curing of tho skins to the last results, is done by the squaws) holds the edges together with the left hand, and drills them for sewing with a sharpened nail, held between the first two fingors of the right hand; the pointed thread, held between the finger and thumb, is insertod and drawn through, and so the work goes ont. The stitches aro tolarably fine, and a very nent seam is made. Other pieces are added, and when the whole is finished the scams are rubbed smooth with a bone. The fur being worn inside, there remains the work of outside decoration. With a due quantity of clay, blood, chareonl and grease, ammgamated for the purpose, the artist arms herself with a stick for a brush, and exceutes divers figures in black, on a red ground; which, if intended to shadow forth men, require a vigorous imagination to detect the purpose. They might pass for unluppy ghosts (if a little more cthercal in composition), or for doformed trece. Thoy bear a rude rementhane to a chair in profile, or a figure 4; and are hickly disposed over tho wholg surfate, in tho attitude sometimes vulgarly termed "spoon-fashion." The garment is now complete; the edges are carefully trimmed with a knife, and the fathie in thema over the shonlders, with the infallible certanty of liting as closely as the mative tastes require. There is no trial of patience in smoothing obstinate wrinkles. A "gonteol dit" is the easiest thing in the world; wherein Patagonian tailors have decidedly the adyantage of their fohlow-onalizam in civilized lands.

## CIIAPTERV.

Inclomont weathor - Stato of my warưrobo - Attompts to doprive ree of my clethes - Powwow and horso-kilhing - IYair-combing extraodinny - Monedy for rhoumalisul-Sicliness - Purn barbor-A cold bath - Fasting - Discovery of my rpatel, and its effect-I am made. showman - Lion-hunt-Sucoessful ohase.
 valloy. The weather was cold and stormy; rain, snow, glect and hail, fell alternately, but did nut accumulate on the carih to any considerable depth. Fitful gusts of wind camo swoeping through tho camp, making the wigwams shake fenrfully. Oar old lodgo gallantly rode out the gale; but, cithor owing to its straining and working in the atorm, or to some defects in the origiual structure, leaked shockingly all night. I was repeatedly awakenod by a stream of cold water rumning under me. Giving the skin roof a fow knocks to lighten it of its watery burden, and ghaking tho wet skin which constituted my couch, I would throw myself down, and resign myself to repose ; but bofore quict was fairly restored, another innmation would drive me to my feet. . The night wore away with me, wet, cold
 two hours in vigorous exereise to restore wanth to my olillad firma, before tho latiany were astir. Wifes woto
then kindtod, and nutiors fegran to assumo a moro dhoorful appearance.
'The weather, guite cool on my first lunding, had grown gradually colder, and was becoming inclement. I was scantily prepared to endure the severity of winter. My under-garnents, as before related, were desperately expended in trying to signal passing vessels. Cravat and poeket-bandkerchicf wero appropriated to the adormment of the women in our houschold, to the no small envy of less favored ones. My sole article of linen was in shreds, and of a color that would afford matter for speculation to a jury of wasberwomen. Stockings and shoes were andly dilapidated ; coal and trousers were glazed with dirt and groaso till thoy mhono liko a ghas bottlo. Tho contents of my pockets were all confiscated, -- purse, keys, knife, \&o., - and a pair of pistols, of tho uso of which my captors knew nothing, were taken to picces, and the brass mountings suspended about the necks of the chief 's wives. In short, my outer man was nigh unto perishing, and I had no visiblo resources to urrest or repair the procoss of time, while I was not sufficiently inured to tho elimate to adopt the native dress without serious risk to health. But none of these things wore allowed to trouble me. I took no thought for the morrow, but, according to the seriptural injunction, suffered the morrow to take care for the things of itself, estecming sufficient unto each day the eril thereof.

At an early period of my captivity, the chicf and somo whor Imiana hat tast a longing oyo on my clothes, and tried to seduce me into parting with them. Whey offered no compulsion in tho mattor, but resortod to all manner of
tricks. It soomed that hicy thought ia white man could nfford to go without dressing. I explained to, them that, hnving always worn clothes, - lhaving in infincy, eyen, unlike Patagonian picconimnies, been externally protected against the frosh air, - it was quite impossible for me to chango my habits without tho lazated of my lifo; nut, if $I$ slould dio in consequence of yielding to their wishes, thoy were reminded they would lose the valuable ransom they expected for me. This reasoning proved onvineing; greatly as they longed for my wardrobe, they more desired rum and tobacco, and I was permitted the undisturbed enjoyment of the scanty covering loft me.
The storm continued for two days and nights; on tho third day it clourod up. About midday, observing a crowd of Indians together with a hugo jargon of tongues, I learned, on inquiry, that a horse was to be killed; a matter which, it appeared, was always the occasion of a solomn powwow. On rouching tho spot, a poor old beast, loan and lank, with a Jariat about his neek, stood surroundod by some tifly Indinus. Thas sigutws were singing, in stentorian tones, "Yo! Ye! Yup! Yup! Yar, Japaly, yapaly!" with a repecticion that became unendurahle, and drove me to a respectiful distance. 'The horse's fore-legs were fust bound together, a violent push forward throw
 with a kuilo; antioipaling, by a feew days, tho ordinary courso of nature. Soon after my retam to the wigwam, a hugo portion of the carceass was sent to our guaters and hung up, to furnish our next ucats! After being driy
 soorchod mad monod aceording to hisargo, it was served
up, -my only alternative to starvation. Famine has no seruples of delicacy; if the reader is disgusted, he is in a state of sympathy with the writer.

Early the next day we (literally) pulled up stakes, and were on the move; and, after journeying all day, encamped in a situation vory like tho ono wo left in the morning. The Indians spent their time, as usual, in gambling and in combing cach other's lair, with a brush made of stiff dry roots, tied up together. The operatar reccived as a feo the gane captured in the process. The reader will excnso a more explicit statement of what, though less abominable than cannibalism, is hardly less repulsive.
One evening our family circle were seated round a fire, which sent up volumes of staoke sufficiently denso to suit a savage of the most exacting taste, and which drove me, as usual, to the back part of the hut, where I lay flat on my face. One of the chinf's wives was invcighing against me, as was her wont, and a second oceasionally joined in tho sitrain, by way of chorus. A third was cracking the lones of a gmanaco, that hor son Colanneo might eat tho marrow. The fourth and lust of tho women was attending to a picce of meat for our supper, fixed on a forkod stick, in the smoke. Two sons wore engaged, as usual, in doing mothing, except oceasionally begging a litile of tho marrow, and seraping their dirty legy with a sheath-knife, by way of diversion; sundry by-plays, and hittho pieces of mis. chicf, served to fill up the spare minutes. The old chicf, who had been silently regarding the seenc, now commenced Inlking, in a low, mumbliag, guttural tone, to one of lis
 ing tho process of cooking; but, at leer husbund's instanoo,
loft thom, and drew from their repository of tools a sharperred mil fixed in a wooden hentillo, like an awl. Tho oliof strotehed himself on the gromed, face downwards; a surgical operation was plaingy imponding. What could tho matlur bo? That due ohicul, in tha exceess of his phempnoss, burst open, like ripe fruit, requising to be sowed up? I drew my hend from bencath the protection I had provided against the smoke, and rose on my knees, to get a better view; the huge, black, grensy monsier lay extendod at his full longh, his wifo pirehed up the skin on his bask, piorced it with her ayl, and continued the procoss till a number of perforations were made, from which the blood oozed slowly. I asked the meaning of this operation, and was told by the chice that he lad pains in his baek, for which this was tho best remedy. Blood-letting, it seemed, is no monopoly of the faculty. I told him that in my country wo applied, in such cases, a liquid called opodeldoo, an infallibio rowedy, and promised to procure him some whon we got to IIolland. This was heacerort added to my list of induements.
Tho old follow righted himself, nud leaned against one of the pillars of his palace; onc of his partners puiled up the toasting-fork, and jerked the half-roasted and more than sufficiently smoked meat upon the ground, saized the knifo which the boys hat been flaying with, and eut tho moss into liberal pioces, which were thrown broadenst on either side. The chiof's appetite did not appear to bo affected oithor by his indisposition or by the extraordinary remedy applicd; his portion of tho carne disappearorl bohind his grout whits leeth with a haste that secmed to iavolye no wato.

Theunatio affections, they told me, are very common among thom; the chief showed mo the arm of one of his wives, which was searred from the wrist to the shoulder by tho awl; and the aperation was afterwards performod on other mombers of the family.

Again we took up the line of march, travelling, as near as I could julge, west-north-west, and killing a quantity of game, both gnanaco and ostrich. But the hardship of my life, aggravated by a constant flesh diet, and that eaten half raw, and at irregulir seasons, - often going two days without food, - had, by this time, brought on a dysentery. This was no more than I had expected; but I knew of no remedy, and had to endare it as I could. We encamped, on the second day, near tho banks of the river Gallegos; a fine spring of water issued from the river-bank into a low marshy ground, skixting the margin of the stream. By this time my illness had increased, till I felt unfit to travel further, and began to think that death could not be distant. .No change of diet was practicable, and thero was nothing to comntcract its cffeet on my systom. The pain and weariness of travelling did their part to aggravate the disorder; and mental discouragement - the sickness of hope deferred-completed my prostration. No luman boing in that desolate hand cared for my sufferings, more than they would for those of a dog. Worn out with the constant irritations of a stato of existence odious to every sensibility, tired and disheartened, but for one thought I could have gladly laid myself down to die, to got at onco and firever beyond the reach of my savago tormentors. The thought of homo, of wifo and child, of friends and comatry, and all dio unuttorable onotions that
respond to theso precious names, at onco tortured and strengthened mo. Theso, and the thought that perhaps, after patient endurance, Divine Providence would restore me to the objoots of my famisher affeetions, mailo lifontill doar. Thosestreng thened mo to suller and to strive.
As I orawled out of the lodge, to look upon the sun, and breatho the pure air, and be refreshed by breezes untainted with the breath of cruel men, it came into my mind that some palatablo or even tolerablo species of plant or root would be wholesome for me. On looking about, there presented itsolf a specimen of large dook, such as is common in the United States; a weed of humble pretensions, but why not worthy of a trind? With what strength remained at command, I Legan a process of "extracting roots," with good success. Taking a quantity into the hut, and roasting them in hot ashes, they wero fomed to bo nut distamitilit; I fillud my pookets with them, and abandonod flesh-diot for a litilo time, to tho rensibio, though gradunl, reliet of my sufferings. Fortunately we had a senson ol bad weather, which prevented any advaneo movemont for four or five diays, and gave me timo partially to reeover strength. I could not sooner have kept my seat on a horse; and, if the alternative had been presented, the lndians, as I very well knew, would soonor
 hinder their mareh for a day. A nowwow was held over another horto, unserviceablo alive, and therofore maked for diet; but this time $I$ did not competo for any part of his carcass, my pocket-stores being quite sufficient, and more attractive. But in the fate of the poor beast I read
$\mathfrak{a}$ warning to myself, to make haste and get well cnough to move at the first signal.

Away again, - -theis time facing about, and passing down the rivor, I neved rest; but, at whatever expense of sufiering, uceds must when a certnin old gentionan drivos. At the next stopping-place my acryices were called into requisition in a new department. Ono forenoon, as I sanutored towards our wigwam, after a stroll among tho gluatty liuts, to kill time andi divert painful thoughes, I was hailed from within by the chief, "Arke, Boney!" On entering, he appeared to bo conversing, in low, gurgling sounds, with his lately-married daughter, who was running low hands through tho shageg lair of her young hope, ns sho talked. Soncthing was plainly wrong in tho youngster's top-knot, and some unp peasant task in relation thereto was as plainly about to be imposed upon mo. 'The chief resulvod my doubls, lyy orduring me to oub off a portion of the shag; I objected a want of the proper implements, but the mother silenced we by producing an old pair of sciesors, in no condition to cut anything. Catting for a filc, the rusty calges were brought into a tolocable stato, and I approached the task. Such a sight! If tho dair now would have oloyed a mesucric pass, without the need of manual contact, - if the job could be performed with clonod ayses, mad inkemsible mostrily, and absent mind! Faugh! I hurrich hurough tho pemaneo, hiding disgut, and assuming the appeatance of good will, and made good my cscape into the fresh air. And so I must turn barber, and, in atl likelihood, havo the dinty heads of half the tribo put under my nose ? What would come next?

Our next move took us across the river Gallegos, in
shoal wator, barely up to the horses knees. 'The current was rapid, anal musses of floatiry ico were swept along with it. When half way across, my horse took fright, reared, and, in attempteng a sudden turn, precipitatod mo into tho water, and fell heavily upon me. The ducking aud the bruise together were scvere, and, among oher disasters, the erystal of my watch was broken by the shock. Illis I had kopl careflilly socectod, ne a last resort, to amuso the suyages when other expedientes should fuil,- when memory and invention could yicld no more tales, when promises bhould lanve become theradbaro with repetition, and when pretensions of greatness it home should have lost their power by the every-day diselosure of present weikness and humiliation.

We - that is to say, myself and the old horse - kicked and floundered a while in the cold water, till at last the oronturo sucucedod in rising, und, I followal his example. Wo waded askore, dripping, amidse tho uproaziots latighter of the whole troop. Once more mounted on my Rosinante, wo resumed our line of march. The chill from my cold bath so benumbed me that I had to dismount and lead the horse, to rocover, by brisk walking, some portion of animal warmth. Our course was down the river towards the Atlontic. Being unsuceessfut in the chase, we pitehed our tonts at night, supperiess, and without prospect of breakfusting tho next moraing. A smmell tiro was lighted, which I. hugged as closely as possible, to thatr my stiffened limbs; and thon, coll, wol and hategry, fagged to extremity, cast myself on the gro mit, to rejose as I might. Tlat mext
 tho Indians sallied out to find some food. My only rofresh-
ment before their return was a littly grease, which one of the squaws scooped out of an ostrich-skin with her dirty thumb and finger. It was so black that its pedigree whethor gunnaco, ostrich or skunk, or a compound gathered at randon from beast and bird - was a problons defying solution; but famine is not fastidious, and I swallowed greedily what, a few months before, I should hardly have thought fit to greaso whoes with. .'Wo mon camo back with a few ostriwhey and skuiks. 'The chicf received as his portion one of the quadrupeds. The associations comnected with its name, as related to one sense, were not adapted to prepossess the others in its fayor; but I made shift to do justice rather to the Indian than to my halitual tastes.

During the three days we xemained here, tho long-conce:led watch was brought to light. 'lho filth of the matives, the condition in which their hats and their persons wero always suffered to remain, tho swarms of vermin they housed, had imposed upon the oxtruordinary eare to prevent the natural results upon my own person; but no amount of precaution was sufficient to avort them. The reader will excuse me from speaking more partieularly on this head. Jhough to say that 1 found myself intolerabiy lomentod. The chicf ordered an cxamisation of the case, and sent for an Indian to deal with it according to their art. While diresting mysolf of my garmonte, one by pun, for this purpose, the old fellow eaught sight of the hidden treasure. I know that it was usicless to attempt any longer to retain it, and handed it over. He was vastly pleased with it. I wound it up, eunl put it to latis car. Ho was as delighted at
 explainod its uso in keeping tho hours of the day, but ho
cared for nothing but the ticking. Tho breaking of the crystal was explained, and he was informed that another should be procured as soon ns we reached "Holland,"another inducement, I hoped, to spoed our passage there.

The inspection disclosod a state of the euticle which would bo thought dreadful in a civilized land. Tho chief, however, looked an calm an besement a surgieal examiner; and in a goodrathrod gutheral exelanged a lew words with his assistant, who placed himself by my side, and fixing his eyes stendily upon me, begran swinging lis hands and howling like a wild beast. the compririson was not far out of
 my neck, and commencod sucking the blood, growling all the while like a tiger! for a moment I thought my hour had come.: I weaned the raseal as soon as possible, not knowing what his taste for blood might come to, if too freely indulged. It semed jike a refincment upon camibalisun, but was, in fuct, ats I soon ascertained, the regular treatmont ando and providul by latagonian sciance for the roliof of aovaro sutunenus aflesedines.
Tho chief, all lhis whilo, recured with modiminished pleasure to the ticking of his new toy. When his curiosity had at length abated, he returnod it to me. I wrapped it carefully in a rag, and enveloped it afterwards in a young colt's skin provided for its xeception, when, by direction of its present august proprictor, it was suspented anong other valuables from one of the stakes of the hut, near the spot where his lighness customarily reposed. It was not, however, allowed long to romain quict. I was ordered to take it down and hold it to the cars of all the visitors to the lodge. Forty times a day it had to come down for this
purpose, till I got so tired of my showman's duty that I wished the wateh in the bottom of the sea. The Indians, as they listened to its vibrations, would stand in every attitude of silent amazoment, theice oyes dilated, their countenances lighted up in every feature with delighted wonder, and then break out in a roar of hoarso langhter, the tone of which strangely contrasted with the infintilo simplieity of their demennor. Tho business was droadlully annoying, nod yet it was plain that a now and almost unbounded power affecting my destiny was lidden in that little machine. It hud captivated the chicf, and struck an awe over the tribo liko the rol of an onchanter. Whethor it bodod good or evil, was another guestion.

Our next move took us in a weat-norlh-west direction, and in our progress we not only secured abundant game of the ordinary varieties, but encountered and killed a young lion, - to use the popular term, - the first living specimen I had seen in the country. I had seen their skins in possession of the Ludians, and heard storics of their chase. This was a youtliful creature, about the sizo of a woll-grown calf of six weeks. I was riding sido by side with the chicf across a piece of low bushy layd, when the dogs gave token that they scented something uncommon. We halted, and the chief erierl out to the dogs, "Chew : Chew!" They wero of in a jifley, rushing lithor and thither through the bushes, larking furiously, and soon drove the beast from his covert. Other Indians, a little disn tance off, ascertaining what was in the wind, made after tho game with a reinforcement of dogs. The chase began in good earnest. Horses, viders and dogs, from all points of the compass, were scamporing to the scene of action, hal
looing, barking, lowling, enough to frighten any unsophistiented lion out of hiss sonses. Somo were rmaning full tilt, to cut off his retreat; while tho hunters, barcheuded, leaning forward in thoir sadules and urging their horses to their utmost speed, whirled the bolas about their heads and let fly with a vengomoe, with mo other eflect than to arrest tho furious animal, and cuuse him to turn in desperation on tho doga, and drivo bhenn back yolping with pin, Others of the paek, watching their opportmity, would suring upon his back and fasten their teeth in lis flesh. He brushed them off with a single stroko of his paw, as if they had been flies, and was again in motion, halting oceasionally to givo fight to his nearest assailaut. Now and then the bolus is butled at him, hat his hitho limbu, Ihangh manotines mot tanglod, aro not fettered by it, and his prowess is hardly diminishod. 'llow Indiums press around him; the batho waxes fiercer; his whole strength is tuxed. "Chew! Ghew!" roar the savages; the flagering dogs return fresh to the
 is fuirly ovorborno by mumbers, and despathend by tho blows of the Indians. I hact kept in the viemity, but yet at a respectful distance, and now rode up to view the slain, amidst the howlings of the wounded dogs and the boisterous luughter of the hunters. It was a beautiful animal, with soft, slock, silvery fur, tipped with black; the head having a goneral resemblanco to that of a cat, the cye large and full, and sparkling with ferocity.

After the Indians had cyed their gano sufficiently, and talkod nad langhed and grusted thuir salisfation, mud congratulatod themsolves genocrilly on their victory, and sovorally on tho part eavh hud takoin, the body was driven of
on the back of a horse, and the hmerers again spread themselves over the combtry. Some ostriches were soon started up. The chief drew out his bolas, put spues to his horse, and darted awsy. His mantle fell from his shoulders; his long, straight black hatir, so coarse that each particular hair stood indepondently on cod, streamed in the wind; his hidcously painted fice and body loomed up with grotesque Atintentinos, aull the den lly minsile whirlorl frantically over lis head. The whizzing weapone is suddenly hurfod at his victim, the chief still sitting erect in lis saddle to watch its effeet. Mis horse suddenly stops, - he dismounts nimbly, scizes the entangled bird by the throat, and swings it violently around till its neck is broken. As I rode up he
 in pursuit of another. That was killed and also phaced in my keoping making mo a kind of atoro-shit). (Mhors parsue the guanaco with equal suceess, till they are satisliod with their booty. We ride up to a convenient thicket, a firc is lightud, a portion of tho prey is cookod and oaten, the remmants of tho farst and the residus of tho gamo aro duly precked up, zad the wholo troop is undor march for the camp. •

## CIIAPTER VI.

Tho olfof's oratory-A eiso of sjeknoss novolly treated - The eaptivo
 pablont - Murder - Cunnibalizm - Anoher assassination, sluwing tho perils of medical practico anong savages - Spurts of the chiklren Patagonian furriery - Slonder success in the chase man second strugglo for lifo.

Tru chief oceasionally mado a speech to his subjects from the door of his lodge, wherein he invariably inculeated the duty of hunting indnstiously to promme meat, and a duo supply of greasc, for their fumilies. Jle nover had an auditor in night, for his finthinl lieges emsifiered the apooch from tho throno a decilod bore, and, if one happened to bo passing, ho was suro to dodge into tho nearest hat till the infliction was over ; but the leathern lungs of the orator could not fail to mako him audible in many of the wigwams. In lough his performancos more resembled tho oflicial addrosses of our republiem rulerg than those of his royal cousins of Europe, soilom filling short of a fill hour. In stylo, they cane nearer the proclamations of a crier. Ho would proced in a monotonous dumble to the ond of $\Omega$ sentence, and then dofy contradiction by repeating Boyoral lines, " Uomola! comolo! comble!" atier which to pausod, as for a roply. No ono laving tho audacity to
tako up his clallengo, he would go on cronking the sume things with tedious itcration. After listening very patiently to one of his harangues, I inwardly applauded the taste of his subjects in getting as fir as possible out of the reach of his voice.

One foremoon, as 1 was begiming to feel impatient to move, - for every movement seemed to fin tho flickering hope blat we would soon reach a place affording some arcune of escape, and this restiessness always made camplife doubly dismal, - the chief informed me that we should decamp that day. Preparations had commenced, when one of his daughters came in with a child orying nt a tempestuons rate. The version which she gave of hirs complaints arrested the marching orders. A messenger was forthwith despatched for onc skilled in the healing art. The physician soon arrived, armed with two small packages rolled up in pieces of skin, about a soot long and throe or four inches in diameter, which I took to be his medicincclosit. Jo walked gravely in, laid down tho packages, and siquatted beside the mother, who held the Jittle patient in ler arms. Whatever his ailment might hovo boen, his Iungs could not have leen impuired, for he was ronring like a young buffalo. Not a word was spoken for some time, the doetor :all the while looking him very steadily in the cye. Ihen came a sudlen calm, importing that tho liftlo fellow experiened some relief, or, more probably, that ho was exhausted. Ihe doctor ordered an application, - not of hot water, according to the preseription of Sangrado, but of a mortar made of clay. The clay was brought, the anxious nother workel it over with hor two hnuds, spilting upon it to give it tho requisite moisture, and having re-
duced it to the consistency of thick paint, bedanbed the littlo fellow from head to foot, giving him a decidedly original appenrance. Ho evidently took umbrage at this unetion, and discoursed in his shrillest tones till he wat fairly out of brenth. Tho medicine-chests were opened, but, instead of medicinal herbs, disclosed only a bunch of ostrich's sinews and a atatle cight or ten inches long. The
 almost intudibly. This lasted four or fivo minutes, at tho
 furiously for a minute or two, and resumed his place by his patient, eying him intently as before. IIe then turned with an air of importanco to the chief, who had been erouching cross-lagged on his couch, leming forward. with his amen tightly folded ou his beast, and watehing anxiously the progress af the treatment. 'lhe man of skill brake sildnce: "I think ho in betiler; don't youl" 'the chiof nodded, and granted assent. The same appeal was nude to the mothor, and received a like response. Another plasioring wat orderd, anothor harst of mody followerd tho applicabion, tho mystorious siningy were again fingered, duly followed by the ratile. The paront and grandparent once more assented to the leech that the child was better. Tho ohiof took out a picee of tobaceo, ans ent of enough
 aceopted as a prolestional leo. The strings were tided up and yophood in thoir preprer rocephelo, and tho ratido wns shaken with hearty good will, whether by way of finale to the ouro, or as a note of gratitudo for the fee, or of triumph for suocoss, could not cassily bo gressed. But tho practitioner had scarcely evacuated the lodge, before his patient
broke out more vocifcrously than ever; which I thought would somewhit shake the fuith of his guardians in tho treatment he had recived. But no ; their confidence in their medical adviser was not to: bo blown away by a breath, or even a tempest. They evidently regarded him as nearly infillible. His remedies wero obviously aimed more at the imaginations of his spectators than at the body of his pationt, lut it was uo concern of uino. Patienta among us have to eradure more disagrecable applientions
 relief. He shortly appeared to be quite well, and continued to thrive for some time, as I had opportunity to wiluess.
'Ihe tribe went alhead with alacrity, to make up for the loss of time this siechess occasioned. We moved off anohter day'a journey towneds nowhere in purticular, and sectiled there at night. Then ensued mother seabon of caum life, fensting and listing, gambling and quarcelling, and venting superfluous wrath in an abundance of "Cashuran cathaly's." The chie? was slightly indlsposed, and I amusod him with a duseription of too sanner in which our physicians count the pulse of their patients. IIe listened with considerable interest, and sat thoughtfully ruminating on the matter. He came to an unexpected and alarming comelunion; pulling hiw mand my mory of tho opodeldoc together, ho made up his mind that I was a physician myself! I protestod agninst this infurenoo, fouring that no good would come of the responsibilitics he was inclined to impose on me. But the disclaimer was useless, - he stuck to the opinion; and in no long time it was understood through y.ll the tribe that $I$ was a distinguished doctor.

Now, it camo to pass, at this critical turn of affairs, that a oortain widow, of pretey ripe ycies for a latagonian, was taken suddeuly ill. Her husband had been murdered many yoars before by os: of the tribe. She was possessod of sovorul horges, and, in virtue of this wealth, held an aristocratic position in society. A mossenger bronght the tilings to the chief, who ordered mo forthwith to set the wateh, and go with him to her residence. I again assured him I knew nothing of sickness or medicine. Ite told me lo know botter, and bude me come along without delay. .There was no resisting bis wilh and I amed myself accordingly with tho "ticking machine," and followed my master on my first professional visit. On appronching the widow's lodge, our eare were greeted with a hideous chanor, which momentarily inurcased as wo neared tho nipot. $\Lambda$ great erowed of Jindians, of both sexcs, surromed the wigwan, severally and colleotively making the mast villanoms mise ever hard. The crowd was dense, both within and without, but gave way for tho chicf and the great forcign physician to enter. She first ordur I gnve was to stop their singing, whereat there was a silence so blank that the fill of a pin would have been audible, - that is, if there had been a floor for it to fall upon. With what dignity I could command, I walked up to my patient. There she lay, crouched on a bit of horse's skin, so witheren, shrivelled and contracted, that it soomed as if a bushel-basket might havo covered har, bed and all. I kuelt by her side, drew forth tho watoh, grasped hor by tho wrist, and felt for her pulse. But, to my surprise, I could not feel it. Y fisseed and fuabled a long time, and limally arrival at the mottitying conolusion that I wan so grorant' as not to know the
position of the artery! The patient was frightened at so uaprocedented a proceeding; but I succeedod in quieting her fears, though not, alas! in counting her pulso. Howover, it ocoured to mo that it was all ono whother I did or not; so, koeping up an imperturbable gravity becoming my office, I continuol for some time to look wisely at the wateh, holding hor wrist in profound silence. When I judged that a due impression had been produced on tho awestrickea epectators, I ventured to preseribe, not a clay plaster, for the patient was dirty enough, in all conscience; nor yet any compound of drags, for I had none to administer; and as to roots and herbs, I durst not inflict upon her stomach substances of unknown properties; but, after a little thought, I ordered some water heated bloodwarm, and the patient to bo washed, and thoroughly scrubbed, from hotd to foot. This, I thought, mot tho most obyious indications of hor casc, as I doubt not a whole college of plysicians, upon a superficial view, would have unanimonsly agreed. Thero could, not have been a doubt us to the nevelty of the presoription; the respectable relict, it is safe to say, had never been washed so thoroughly from infuncy to that hour. Minute directions were given for the bath, that the serubbing should bo partieularly smart and thorough. She was furthermore put upon a strict diet, excluding grease and all such luxuries, and we slowly retired from tho siok room.

My solemnity was not affected, -- far from it. Promotion from barber and showman to the dignity of physician to the chiof, was too dangerons to bo lightly oonsiderod. In fact, unxicly drove sloep from my oyes, and I fervently prayod for the recovery of the widow; fearing, from what

I know of tho superatitions of tho savages, that in ense of her death I ahould be held responsible. In this partieular case, as very soon appeared, I misjudged; but of the gonoral priacipho I had startling comfirmation.

The widow was better, $\rightarrow$ my preseription worked to a charm, - but her days wero shortened. Late one night, after we had all retired to rest, a ferocious-looking rascal onme into the ohijef's lodgo; ho mimered a fow withls to the chief, who arose, and went with him to the front of the wigwan, Thoy comootsed in a los temo severne minuthes, and separated, apparently with matual satisfaction. I sounded the chief cautionsly in reference to the matter in - 1 hand. Calmly, and without reserve, is if it were a very ordinary transaction, he said that the savages wished to kill the widow, in order to possess themselves of her horses, whioh they wanted to cat. I asked no firther grestims, being fully satisfied that he conwived at the dark decd, whioh was consummaled wilhont delay. Before this teario result, I had taken puins to lisabuse the mind of the chice as to my supposed medical skill, and was ablo to relieve myself of the dangerous and burdensome honor.

Strange ficsh was eaten by the Indians about this time; I was told it was lion-meat, but was not inyited to partake of it. The same thing was observed several times; at times, too, when I was positive they had killed no wild animals without my knowlalgo, or which were not disposed of openly. The nature of my suspicions may be easily conjectured; yet I mado no inquiries, in even the most oasual manime, ns to their dispnsition of their dead. It wan jainthy to think of the ntrocitica, that weto bat too probally shroudod under tho myntory thoy cast ovor thoso
transactinns. On one occasion, however, a young Indian, who could speak a few words of Spanish and English, told me that they had killed and eaten three men. Whether be momt to have me understand this as a singular case, or as a coumon action of the tribo, I do not know; I mido no infurices of lim. In fact, the statement was volunteered by him; and so painful was the subject, that I left him albruptly, in tle middle of a sentenco.

We again moved in a north-westerly direction, taking a goodly guantity of grmo on tho routo, and solllod in a wretched, marshy spot. The wind was high, and made the tents quiver like a ship in a gale; a storm set in, beating through the roofs, drenching and chilling me through all the night. On the evening of the second day of our encampment here, an imeident oceurrod which faurfully confirmed the wisdom of my decision to renounco all title to medical skill. As I was seated by the dying embers of a litule fire, surromided by our molloy househoh, and tugging maufully at a bit of halfrav meat, which constituted my eveniug meal, while a largo picec was in process of cooking over the fire, we were suddenly startled by a cry of distress, followed by the distinet alarm of murder. The chief drew back to the rear of his lodge, took down his cullass, and ordered me back from the fire, which was at once extinguished by two of his squaws, while the other two ram to the door, and set up a loud, lumentable wailing. All the women throughout the camp were, in like manner, giving their voices to the air, and "making night hideous;" and not a malo ludian ventured to show his head for an hour or moro. It was to mo an hour of fomiful sumponso, tho agony of which $I$ camot deseribe. At last a man came
and told the chicf that a doctor had been mortered. Mo had visited a woman professionally, and treated her case with charms and spolis, but his prescriptions effucted no satisfactory rosnlt; and hor hasband went in a rebge to his
 work of death more sare. It Yas a singular circumstance, that men capablo of delilserato murder, and who hat no recently, with the tavit or open staction of the chief, strangled a woman for her horses, should have shown so much alarm at the ery of murder on this occasion. The yictim was mu chormously fit man, weighing, 1 sitomed judge, nearly four hundred pounds. A horrible sight pre-, sented itself the next morning, on going out of our hut; the snow around the doctor's lodge was saturated with his blood. I drow back from tho sickening spectacle, uatablo to look upon it with composure. Jeyond their axlibition of stupid torror in tho night, no notice wat tuken of dio aot; and thont noon tho estnjp beoko up. Wo mavolled till sight, meeting with no success in tho ehtase, and enoampod on an catensivo plain, ncar a good mping of water.

It was an occasional diversion to wateh the children at their sporta, of which a favorite one was throwing ostriches' feet, with the sinews of the legs attachod. The toes are cut off, and a pair of the feet are tied together, with n pidou of minow nbout in yard long. Tha ehihtron begin to practiso the sport as soon as they are able to walk, and will continuo tho amusement all day; onc boy throwing them into the air, and others throwing and hitting them as thoy fly, therein serving an apprenticeship to the grand manly accomplishment of hurling the bolas.

Young Cohnata, the chici's youngost son, appeared to excel all others; he was looked upon as a remarsably smart and very active lad; and, though he was six or oiglid yours oht, whes not yot wonned: All tho tribo fondlod aud curessed him; he would practiso with tho boys, often wihoui any covering to his back, till excited and almost exlansted; then he would run into the lodge, toko refreshment at his mother's breast, and speedily return to his sport.

Alt this time Ilolland was not forgotten, but tho chief and his lieges were continaully reminded of tho urgent reasons for taking me there without delay; the presents which could only be obtained there, the fearful consequences of suffering me to come to harm, the great ships with the big gans, de. \&c., that would assuredly nveuga me upon the whole tribe, 一 with what effect, boyond allaying present irritations and discontents that throatened mo, it wis imporsihlo to dolermine.

A novel sample of farriery offered itself to my observation ono day, while hunting with the chief; my old horse, on a sudden, began to hobble, and very nearly gave out. I watched him some time, and jolted on, suffering somewhat from his uneven movements, but could not discern the occasion of the dificulty. On dismounting and examining his foet, nothing serious was percoptiblo, except that tho hoofe wors worso for wear, and broomed up a, little. I remounted, and gave the poor ercature a smart drubbing, to overtake his owner, if possible, and consult , him on the ease, which was one wherein I was content to defer to his wiscr judgment. Sufficient steam was raised to bring us abreast of the clief, who, on hearing what was*
the matter, put spurs to his hirse, and told me to come on --"Bueno caballo, se campo, campo." I tricd to comply, but it was hurl starting the beast, though I used up consid-
 adyance, and finding me desperately in arrcars, hove to, and waited for me. I trilod on, and suceeeded in working a passage to his position. He dismounted, inspected the horse's feet, and, directing me to wait his return, rode off. Ho sooth roäppared wilh a piece of gunaco-skin, which ho tied securely about the hoof of the lame foot. I expressed some surpriso at this method of shocing horses ; but he said, "Buenos zapatos,"-- good shoes,-- and the event confirmed" his words. The lameness nearly disuppeared, and we jogred on togother without any further trouble.

While at this camping ground, the chief one morning arose in a towering passion at some wonds let fall by one of his wivos, and oxhilited another situplo of the rigar of matrimonial diseiplino, very similar to that whish graced the nuptials of lis daughter. IIo gave her a tremendous beating, which seomed enough to kill her outright; hat she took it very calmly, as a sort of neccssary evil incidont to the married stato.

Onee more on the move, the squaws taking charge of the furniture pand baggnge, including the pappoosos, and the phan riding in adyanso ny asual, to ulanso supplios for tho farder. Gamo was sarres ; wo got a couple of ostriches and 4. skunk, - or a couplo of skunks and un ostrich, I forget Which, and it makey loss difforonoo to tha reader than at tho timo it did to me. We cookod and luncled on the gromed, and turnod our fuces homoward wilh the sennty remainder. The poumen were busy erecting the wigwams. The ground
was frozen, and a large iron bolt, doubtless from some wreck, servel as a crowbar to dig holes for the stakes. The encampment was on a hill-side, near a low swamp, which


Wo had searcely selted down, and I was dreading the staguant monotony of camp life, when dulness was dispelled in a most unvelcome manner. Knots of Iudians could be seen in murmuring conversation, whose glances betrayed the bent of their passions. They were again getting impatient of wy life, and caresses and fattery were of no avail to stem the rising tide. On the evening of the third day, I was summened out of the lodge by the chief, and followed him in silence, with a trembling presentiment of evil. He led me to a spot where twenty or thirty leading spirits in the tribe sat ranged in a circle, - the fatal ring was onec more set to eusnare me! Once I had escaped. Was it possible to effect at second oscapo? Everything said no. The chancos scomod a hundrod to ono aguinst it. What hiad I left unsiid, to tempt thoir oupidity, to excito alarm, to make them value my safety or dread the effects of harming me? I could think of nothing, and the dismal prospect benumbed every faculiy of my soul. But, as I entered the ominous cirele, an access of fresh strength, the courage of desperation, emabled me to bear up with energy agninst porploxily and four' ; to rouolve that I would meat them with a stendfist eyo and an inflexible mind, - a force which, though upringing out of weaknoss, should provo atronger than their atmost mulice.

IIaving seated myself near the chief, the consultation began and proceoded much as before, but with increased vehemenco. Their demonstrations wero alarming, but, to
my joy, tho thicf took the wame vien as in the former conncil. Would be bo able to restrain their sayage tempers? His power was great, but dere wiss a limit to its eflect, and I fonced. In my tarn I sumghe to enforeo lin views, by arraying all the motivos invention could produce, and was ablo to percoivo that thuy had some weight. Agitil tho matter was canvassed around the ristg. Thero was a hesitation, ns if they felt suspicious and unsatisfied. Then they began to cross-examine me; my promises were not explicit onough. What did $I$ mexn to firo thom? The answor did not content them; they wanted more. More or less mode no difference to me, and I gaye them assurance of allthe good things they craved, when we should arive at $H o l$ land. Another talk followed, and brought them to a pretty unanimous conclusion, that they would gob the presents first,
 fud-throw-lt-uwny" policy, in which these macalss secanced to bo rommikablo alopis.
 talk, and 1 was not at all cager to displaty my acruisitions. In fact, though unable to speak their jargon, my car had become pretty well trained to interpret it, while my seraps of half Spanish enabled me, without suspicion, to hear, mark and digest, nuch of their conversation. This was, in part, acquired in teaching some of them, the youth especially, to spoak Eaglish and to count, - a parsuit in which I ongaged partly for their benefit, and partly for my own. Besides adiug me in loaming their langage, it tended, so far as it divorted thesir attention, to keep miṣchicf out of their hoads, after the memer in which constant employment maintains ordor in a ship's crow. It added to my knowl-
odgo of their charater and ways of thinking, so that, in dangerous emergencies, I was able to detect the first symptoms of evil. More than once it enabled me to elude or to nip in the buil dangerous conspiracies, which, if they had gono liuther, might bavo proved fatal to mo. Circumppoction mado self-possesssion more easy. I will confess though the narrative may bave mado confession needlessthat I ann maturally timid, and inelined to the better part of valor. Yet somehow - God helping me - I carly learned to hido my constitutional timidity under a show of fearlessness, even in circumstances of great peril. Moro than once, when a savago drew his knife at me, have I looked him in the eye and disarmed him by a laugh; perhups laying hold of the instrument of death, trying its edgo and praising its qualities, till its owner was shamed into quiet. One pieco of English that tickled the chicf was the title of " Old Boy," with whidu (hrota a unnviation of ite appropriatoness) I ourly honored him, and which ho appeared to relish as much as if 1 liud calloud him " His Mrijosly."

The council, to my great relief, at lenglh broko up, and I returned to my wretched shelter. 'The chicf pointed to my bed, and bade me lie down. I complied, not to sleep, but to adore the Providence that had twice rescued me as from the very jaws of death, to reflect on the past and to specu late on the future. The excitement of the evening kapt me wakeful, and the night woro away and the moraing dawned, without slecp for a moment visiting my eyos.

## CIMPTHRYII.

A. new torture - Mloody gossip - An explosion nearly fatai-Plen of inaanity - licconciliation - Riyer Santa Cruz-Naval arehitecture Ortginn! modo of ferrying - Aecidant - Ominobs demenotertions therongen - loriluus superstition - l'has of excape - I'the chief fithting his batlles over again - lrospecta brighton - A blind hint to maturalistyf

From this point we moyed again in a north-westerly direction, finding game more plenty, and among other animals captured a species of fox, the first I had seen in the country. The campingeground sulected was a wasto moro desolato than had yot grooted my sight, even in l'atagonia, -a low markh, surrounded by sandhills destituto of even the semblanco or vestige of yogetation, part or frement. The horsen wor'o lot luoso to solve the problem of oxistence as they could, while my landladies, with their canirie assistants, sorvod up akink and two ostrich-legs for suppor. I thought myself fortmate at getting so aniple a meal, having been ou short allowance the preceding day.

Mere a new torturo was inflicted. Thore had been abundanon of volublo hatred against me, as I had too grod rumson to know, bat it was aromad and bohind mo. Now, presuming, doubtioss, on my ignoranco of their languago, they. canse to utter their blowdthisity thoughts in my oresence. At night, befro retiring, tho women began to
talk against me, as usual; which never gave me much uneasinum, female opinion not having much force, I suspected, in uffairs of state. Two of them had always appeared to bear me a mortal grodge, for what cause I could not conjecture, unless they thought I took up too much of his highuess' time, or exerted too mach infuence over him. But, on the present occasion, the conferente was enlarged ly fho entrance of two or there visiters, whose only orrand secmed to be to give the chief gratuitous advico touching the disposal of my person. Though perfectly comprchending the drift of their remarks, l looked as stupid as possible, and bent mysolf to carcss and flatier the old fellow with more thatu conmon servility; - palting bis breast, telling him what a big, good heart it contained, calling bim my compadre, and myself his child, his piconine, his muchacho. So deep was my abasoment! To talk of the goodness of a heart beating with eruelty and black with erimn! J'o call that black, greasy, depraved monster my father, and mysell' his dutilul und affectionate son! It is humiliating to aprak of thin; - what, lut the ronder imagine, must it havo been to feel it! tho braised reed was well-nigh broken, The courage that sustained mo in sharp trinls was frittered awny fiecemeal by incessant irritation. Itopo, that kopt mo from fainting in the fatal ring, vanished with the oceasion that invoked it, and a bittor, consuming despair hovered over me. Then eame dark and distracting thoughts of home, now moro distant thun over, to stab my hart, alsendy, faint aud blecding. Again was sleep driven from me, but the night passed, und the blessed light of day stole upon me, as wilh a bencdiction from heaven.
I aroso and rushed into the open air to warm. myself by
exercise, and when tho firo was lighted comiorted myself by its kindly heat, aud recovered a measure of buoyancy. But the day was wearily spent, and night brought the meroiless gossips ones more into the lodge. The lwa squaws lod of with words of the most fiendishl bute, uriging dint I should be summarily despatched, and gloating over antioipated vongoance. Tempestuous thoughts and slecpless hours had weakened me in body and mind. 'The fall of muccessive drops of water will madden the stoutest brain, and the drop too much had now lighted on my head. I was frenzied; strong passions, hitherto held in check, overmastored me. I rose, threw my cap violently on the ground, stamped, gnashed my teeth, and cursed withoult restraint. I stook nuy fists at them, defied their malice, and raved for several minutes, reckless of consequences. What was lifo to mo? Tloy wero killing me loy inchos. Let them do their worst, no matter hoiy boon. The chief was at first startludint such an oxplosion, and sat looking fixedly upon me, with a durk and clouled brow. It was fortumato that my rago was too inmpotuous to be contained within the bounds of my Indian-Spanish vocabulary, but breathed itself in good strong Saxon, so that specch could not betray me. For no sooner had the internal pressure been measurably relioved, than a sudden consciousness of orror-fatal error-moto mo will a new dread. What had I done? Where were my wits, that I should thus toss away life to gratify impotent anger? If my chance of life was worth little to myself, was it worth nothing to others, that I should so triffe with it? With returning sanity of fooling anmo alao a hint of tho way to repair my wrong. Without wailling for any questions or wordy explanations,

I looked pi sously at the chice, pointed to ny head, and assured hin: it was disordered. I could not help my actions. I was sorry to make such an exhibition of myself, hut it wan all wy pror head; and holding on to the poor head with one hand, I beat it reproachlully with the other, at tho same timo giving yent to somo uncarthly noises by way of corroboration. 'flou old fellow looked rather duhionsly at this thange of secnc, and asked if it was at them I shook my fists? - At them? No, no! they did not understand me. My heart was good, like lis, but it was all my head, my poor maughty cabeza. Another thump on my cranium, and a sccond cdition of the howl, proved suffcicnt. Tho plea of insanity was admitted; ho expressed himself satistied, and explained the incident to the amazed spectators. I drew a long breath with a returning sense of security, scarcely croliting the suceess of the artifice, and almost doubting whether the whole scene were not a dreme. leal or uneal, it was over, and things wero apparently on their foriner footing. Only my fominino focs would not be convincod, and added ihis crowning indiseretion to the list of my offenees.

We moved the next day in a northerly direction, and struck the fiver Santa Cruz, encamping about an eighth of a mile from its marshy banks, which, at this point, were bent in a brond, horse-shoo curve. Wo wero surrounded, except on the river side, by high abrupt sand-banks, oovered in part by underbrush of a stunted growth. The river was narrow, but deep and rapid. Tho Indians said it was the Santa $\mathrm{Cu}: \mathrm{z}$, and that it led directly to "IIolland;". but their fiom uloud hina nume butuh hand land long sinco dustroyed all fuith in their words. That it was the Santa

Cruz was p:obuble, for I knew of no other river in these parts;-we had passed Corey Inlet and the Gallegos. The rest of the story I could ouly try to credit. I tried to urge them on, but they were not to be hurried. Some of them gruabled that I had no intention of giving thom anything, but meant to slip from them the first opportunity. No wondor thoy thought so ; they certainly liad not laid me under very great obligutions of gratitude. What on earth they wanted of me, unless to fat and cat me, was past conjecture; and wy fure had not been of a nature to induce corpulence, so that this supposition was not trustworthy. They said they wanted mo to help steal horses. They were bound for the Rio Negro, where they moant' to steal seven hundred horses, of which number I was to get two. Certainly, I told them, it would be just the thing;
 land." They would find mo n rare thiuf; but, howover it might bo wilh them, $I$ coukd not stenl withers a grood stock of rum nnd tobacco. Way I insincere in all this? The reader may suile or may frown, lat it was my pmorose, if I fuisul to esenpo by way of " Holland," to hemor thom to the top of their bent; to ride, hmat, and even steal my wny into their confidence; - any way to insure present eafety, and keep an eyo opan for future opportnuities.

Throu on four duya woro passod in susplonso, which was at last terminated by taking our lino of march down tho river. Wo lalted at noon, at a point where the banks sloped gontly to the water's edge, on cither side of the deep and narrow chamel. Aetive preparations wero hero
 socoss the rivor, whilst a portion of the tribe were occupied
in building boats to ferry their families and goods acroses. Their boats are constructed after a simple fishion, A quantity of hushes are cut and dragged down to the margin of the water. They take four tent-stakes, and lay them so as to enclose an area eight feet square, lashing them firmly together at the four corners. Four Indians then raise the stakes from the ground, while others place the skin coveriag of the tent over the frame, allowing it to sag down three or four feet. The edges of the skin are brought ofer the stakes, and fastened on the inside. The bushos, made ready for the purpose, are placed within, tops downward, round the entire circumference, and secured to the stakes, till the bout is completely timbered up. Tho bushes keep the skin distended, and give to the vessal an oval shape, so that, thongh square at the top, it bears a striking resembhance to a larso iron pot. Disy Jonghand its bradth of beam are of course equal. When coimpletod, it is firmly lashod from stem to stempost, and from sido to side, with a lariat, or green hide rope, forty feet long, to keop it from spreading or racking. I had no hand in modoling this witch of tho wave, but, like an appreatice, did as $I$ was ordered in forwarding the struoture, and, when nothing else waṣ required, "held on to tho slack." It was at last completed, liko the templo of Solomon, without tho sound of axu or hummor; noillor bolte, tromils nor ounlking-iron, woro roquirod. We carriod tho bargo down, and lamenod ber in the stream, Tyyo paddles woro mado by lashing two bladeboncs of the guanaco to sticks. Squaws, pappoosos and buggiggo, woro stowod uway, till tho bont wns ladon to tho watur'w udge. 1 wate dirouted to taku pasenge willa tho fimily and houschold effects of the chief, and seated myself

In the contro of the closely-packal watt. Ono and of a lariat was fusmed to for bond, whid Wo oher tied fo tho tail of a horse. $\Lambda$ savage mounted, with one rein attached to the wooden bit on the up-siream side. Two others took the oars, one on each side, and a squaw was stationed on the top-gillant forecastle for the purpose of singing, to insure good luek. All is ready. The old horse wades till the dopth of water compels him to swim, and tho boat is pushed off. The rider. floats on the lorec's back, kicking the wator with his feet, holding the rein in one liand, and grasping the mane with the other. "Chew! chew!" he shouts, at the top of his voice. The black swan in the forecastle opens her eapacious mouth and sings, "Yek.yal, youri miti! yok yah, youri miti!" J'lee two onrsmen dig awny with might and min, whilo tho younger fry swell tho
 heavy lurehos to the windward then yawe of to leaward; all owhig to thono lublorly onrsmen not mecting her with the helm in season. At length, after immmerable shiftings, we reached the opposite shore, and waded up on dry land.

Several boats were constructed after the same unique model, and sucecoled in crossing safely. Some of tho horses, being better adapted to towing, were swam back to repeat the process, and our craft returned for a second froight. I watohed the proceedings from the bank with intenso intercst, speculating on the probable eonsequences of an necident to any of the flect. Such was their superetition, that, in the event of any ill befalling them, they would be guito likely to aseribo it to mo, and serve me worse than Jonah was treated by his shipmates. The spyifuness of the current; and the rudeness of their navi-


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gation, made them so liable to mischiof, that it secmed wise to prepare for it; and $I$ at once began ingratiating myself with two of the worst fellows in the whole tribe, by professions of special good will ard admirution for them, and confidential hints that they would share more liberally in the bounties of "Holland" Hhan any of their fellows. Whilst thus engagel, with cautious glances across the river, to make sure that all was right, I pereeived that there was quite a commotion among the people below; some were springing upon their horses, - others, ready mounted, were dashing furiously down the bank. On looking some distance below, a boat appeared to be in distress; the lariat that bound it together had snapped asunder, and the pressure within, and the strain of the horse without, had broken the front stake; the horse, 1 elieved of his freight, pulled for tho shore, and conld neither be conxed nor beaten into a return to duty. The horsemen on the banks dashed into the stream, and swam far the wreck, which contained, among other passengers, a young child. It was alroatly fillod with wator, and was partially turnod on her side. The surfice of tho river was doted with dark forms, struggling with the mad current; one horseman after another each grasped a floating object, and made for the shore. The craft had chrifted nearly half a mile, und nothing could bo mado ont very distinctly. The squaws, on first pereciving the mischance, watehed the wreck, and sung in a loud and plaintive strain, all the while casting unfriendly glances at me, and gradually apw proaching the place whero $I$ stood. My apprehensions
 (the name I gave one of my preseat particular friends),
as he doved rum and thaceo, and expected to get any, not to leave me. Jolm saty at it glanee what waty in the wind, and appreciated both the inmedjate danger and th, ullimato reward of averting it ; namoly, the privilege of being gloriously drunk at my expenso. He told me to go into his hut, and pointed me to the furthest eoner; where, I being duly ensconced, he took his station, cutlass in hand, directly in front of me. The singing grew louder, and the voices mose numerons about the door; the song was their regular powwow strain, which juvaribly preluded the killing of a hareo. Tho Tminam legran to miter tho lompo, and looked unutterable things in the direction wheres I was orouching; the wigirem was soon fillod with them, and they were beginning to crowd towaris me, when old Joln opened upon them, and told them they oright to be asishamed of thomselves, to nome in there in thit manner; they did not oyon know what lad lappureh, - they tid not know whothor any lives wero lost. They wero threatening on nocomat of tho death of a chihd, when, for aught they know, the chith was aliva; thay land louter wail pulionily, till they linme moro about the untter, befbre they made any further uproar about it. In this stain he parleyed with them for some time, till they concluded to retire, uttoring, as they went, the most horrible sounds. I felt loss roliof from their absonce than if John had not, by implication, fully assented that if the brat was drowned, my lifo should answor for it. Nows soon came that the shildron were nll bufs, but that the boat wis lost.

An instunt elango ensuod: tho fire appeared to bo quenched, but I feared it mig't break out at any moment afresh. Kuowing their treachery, I kept a pretty sus-
picious watch on their movements; the chief soon came sver the river, hurricd, perhaps, in his movements by tho aceident, which he had witnessed from the opposite shore. After eonferring with John, and giving him some instructions, and seeing that all was right, he reumbarked for the other shore, as he made it his special business to see that all were passed atcross in safety. The ferrying ceased as night came on ; the elief was likely to be on the opposite side all night, as there was a good day's work yet to be done before the whole would be transported. I had overhund him giving special ordors to keop a good look-out on me during the night. If felt, however, some unersiness in his absenco; ho had boen my most powarful protootor, having twiee, at least, saved me liom imminent death.

I now began to revolve in my mind the possibility of escape; the thought suggrested itself that I might steal one of their boats, and drift down the stream. I was long sinco hontily tired of captivity; my situation, especially if' I was to bo hold a hoglage of Providenco for tho safe forringe of the bribo, was doyporate. But, on socond thought, I did not know that this was ecrtainly tho Sunta Cruk; if it was, I was furthermore ignorant of our distance from the sea. I lines of no white settlement on or near the river; none, $I$ remembered, was laid down in the elart; if such a soltlement oxisted, I might hopo to reach it in a boat, but a voyage in such a craft as one of thoso would bo as hazardous as that of the wiso men of Gotham. Tf there was no such settlemment, and "Mobrand" was l'atagonian for Utopia, my only chanco, short of drifting in my leathern sack out to scil, would be to liand on Bome island, in case an island thero were; and then what
should I live on, after landing? Berrios f had never seen, except once or twice. Bexides, my stolen eraft condd not bo paddled, - tho Tudinns had too good ears for that; I must follow tho chancl passively, through all ity course,
 the risk that the ungainly velicio wonld bo disabled. On tho whole, it was so dondstinl whelloe I could reneh ary partionar place, or eserpe starvation after $I$ got there, and so certain that fuilure would be death, the projeet soomod a forlorn hopo. But then, thgatin, it was not moro forlom than my presont sitaation; so my poor mind
 I was, - tho danger that I should escape only from tho frying-pan juto the liro. At list, as I. fell the frying-pan, aud only feared the fire, I conchaded to try.

Grawling as noiselessly $n s$ possible from my restingplaco, I stolo softly out, and made for tho river. Alack! In culalating the chances, I had inat onco thought of fourfooted enomies, and thoy woro upon the bofore I was halfway to tho shoro, - a half-dozen dogs, barking loud coough to wake the whole encampment. I retreated incontinently to the lodge, and succcoded in geting quietly into my quartera again, not without some juward spasms. It was all for tho bost, no doubt, but it was not, just. then, casy to think 30 , or passible to fcel so; and, thercforo, after a littlo timo, I onoo more omorged from tho lodge, and stole towards tho river by a differen; track, hoping to elude those infornal dogs; but they, or some others, were on tho alort, and camo lell-mell upon my rent, barking more
 and my own folly, and gave up the attempt.

The ferrying recommenced the next morning; and bofore night the whole tribe were safely landed, with their effects, on the west side of the river, and their wigwams were all pitched. We were slort of provisions; but this
 occasional morsel of graase, sufficient to keep starvation at bay; bab illmest, widl bud mat insuliaient food, had greatly cmaciated me, till I was a spoctacle but few degrees above the living skeleton. But hope was still in the ascendant, and I had no idea of lying down to die till I was quite sure my time had come. We continued aur womborings tho noxt dey it a wosterly direction, blaying every living cronture that onmo within reach, from a skank to a ganateo. This was n great disuppoiatment, as I hoped we should go down tho river, the direction in which they saict "Irolland" lay, and the only direction in which we were likely to strike a white settlement, if any oxisted on tho Atlantio coast. But my remonstrances on this head were vain; they would go where they pleasod, and I must go with tham. Time dragged heavily; hours seemed days, and days wecks. But impationce is no virtue, and submission was imperative.

The country hereabout was more broken and mountainous than any we had before traversed, with a more abud. dant growth of bushes, and some clumps of stunted trees here and there. As we proceoded, keeping still to the norilh-west, gamo was more plenty. We came to two ponds, or small lakes, one of not more than four acres in extent, the olher considerably larger; the latter was

by the Indians ran into it, and their pursners wadel after, und succoodod in capharing them.

At one timo I dimoryeal a Jarge sar in the eate of the oliof's $\operatorname{leg}$; the mark of a wound that must have been indicted a long time before, as it was completely healed. Its depression was so great as to iudicate a very severe cut, unless the old fellow had grown uncommonly fatt since he received it. On impuring the catuse of it, he said it was from a wound inflicted by tho Alamagros, a tribo inhabiting a courtry to the northward. The name he gave them signifies tie blacks; and, from the manner in which he spoke of than, I inferred they were in some respects saporior to the Putagonians. He suid they werc arnod with cutlasses, and very long knives, - had tobacco, and plenty of horses; and I conjectured that they might have hoon a party of Spunish Ausciennes, or one of the mixod races of Spanish origin. The fight, he said, arose on oceasion of his tribe being on a borse-stealing expedition ; they encamped a short distance off, and at aight he made a descent on the Alanagros, killed some of then, and phandorod thoir comp, earrying of many of their horses. Tho plundered tribe rallied, hotly pursued them, and recapturod a part of tho booty; in tho strugoto wounding him with a cutlass, and, as I judgod by appearances, cutting to the bone. Ifo told the story with great spirit, slashing right and loft, and gronting with oxtroortinary comphasis, as if to givo an impression that good hard blows wero given and lakou; but L. atherwards Jentrood that it was a cowardly running fight, in which moro sweat than hlood was spilled.
Nothing of importance occured at our encampment near
the lakes, beecpt - what was a yery noteworthy fact with mo - such an abondinco of ostrich that I was surfeited with the deligious fire, and was compelled by the chicf to take a horse-rcin emetic, -a more precise deseription of which the rader will have no dilficulty in exeosing. Inad I not so completely disavowed the medical character, the chief might probably have allowed me to feel my own pulse, - if I could find it, -and to preseribe for myself; but the renumeiation of professional honors brought mo under tho sanitary, as well as the political, jurisdietion of Parosilver.

Our line of march was now in a northerly direction, soon deflecting to the eastward, - a movement that revived my sinking hopes. Thore seemed to be some prospect of striking the Atlan'ie coast, and coming wilhin reach of civilized mon. On our way we obscrved the tracks of some animals diferent from any I had mot with. The chicf said it was the limerer, with which lucid definition I was fuin to be content; and, as no specimens were visible, the incuisitive naturulist must trust to his imagination for the rest.

## CIIAPTER VIII.

Retrograda marel - A look-cut ahead - Now ajecimens of birds obsorved - To tho dght ugtili -- Largo inducoments to visit Ifolland Apparent eflost - Council - Dthor tribos of Indjang - Story of a battlo - Culturs of widd horses - A royal speoth worth benting - Deputation to Molland - A start and a budden halt - Journcy comonenced In earnuat - Druer of arrangomonls - First viow of Ifoldand - A
 and liberty $-\Lambda$ rescue - Fiaremell to Patagonia.

My hopos woro soon easis down, by a decided movement
 the distanco botwoen mo and the spot whero my most earnest wishes contred; for, though I'knew not of any settlements in this barren region, yot it was pretty certain that if thero was one it must bo sought in the line of the Santa Cruz. Of our latitude and longitude I conld form no decisive judgmont; but by the aid of the sun, of which occasional glimpsos woro oanght, it was onsy to tako noto of our
 marks, and Eatisfying mynulf uh nomrly as ponsiblo an to our wheroabouta. At night thero was a renewal of the diseussions which had onco no noarly turned my brain, and now at times camo near verifying tho plea which then saved mo from destruotion; but I was embled to keep my feelings in more ogual chook, Disappointed ard caro-worn, I eprent the
night in conmending mysolf" to tho mercy and good providence of God, praying that ho would soften the heart of the sivage and open a way of deliverance.

Amoing oher amatlers that oxvitod my ouriosity, I was ansions to know whecher the hudians weru export swimmers. The only oceasion on which I had seon them attempt it was at the time of the aceident in erossing the river. Then tipo of thom swam across, while the others floated on their horses' backs, clinging to the mane. In answer to some questions dropped on the subject, the chicf assured me that they were all expert swimmers, and could stretch off a long distimee without resting, as they would show me, but that the coldness of the senson made the experiment too unpleasaut. Others of the tribe told the same story. Tho quesLion was intoreming, fine obyious reabons, I had thought a time might come when it would be a very practical one.
 time to time. One was a largo black bird, resombling the turkey-Juzzard, and subsisting on carrion. AnotKer resembled the snow-birds of the north. I had also seen, near the sea-shore and by the lakes, seyeral spocios of water-fowl,one not unlike the wild goose, but the chicf said they wero not good for food.

Onr course, tho next day, was northward, and the day folJowing turnoul onco nere dosidudly towneds tho ciant, wherent my hopes, varying with tho compass, began to revivo, though their buoyancy was tempered by experionco of tho untertianty of Endinumovenents. Olserving a spot covered with small trees, over which a geat number of carrion birds hovered, wo approached and found tho carcass of a poor old grameo, whieh hat most likoly paid the dobt of
antaro sithout compulsion, thed was stapped of its flesh by tho bieds. The dhaf broke some of the bones and cagerly sucked the marrow, and then pieked up tho remaindor to add to tho domostio stuek ol' grease.

At the close of tho next day we brought up at a ravine, and found our camp by following it a short distance to a low flat. Proceeding to the enstward all the mext day, we ascended a high cminence, from whish the chicf pointed in a south-westerly direction, and said that "Ilolland" lay there. I strained my eyes in the quarter indicated, without, however, making any discoveries, and with a strong disposition to think the Old Boy was hoaxing nec. At dark we defiged down a steep declivity, and pitched our tents on tho border of an extensivo marsh toverod with iee. Fere I rencwed my argimonds for spooding one way to tho promised land, dilating on the qualities of the promised rum in a style that would lave astonished the adyocates of the Maino liquor law, and impaired the confidence of those who had reasonably regardod me as a strict teancranee man. Tndeed,
 and illustratod tho jovial effects of tho erentare, - line boasts of how I would teach theme, by its aid, to throw the lasso, and perform most astonishing feats of horse-stenling and riding, - might have induced a suspicion that I knew more of it than moro obsorvation or fuetey sould foreh. Ime, lowever it may aftect my reader, it produced mmistakable contentment and satisfaction to my falagonitm atditors; and that was what $Y$ anoed at. Whey looked and listened with watering mouths and hoarse langhter, giving token that the balmy deseription was appreciated to a most desirable degrea. So evident was the impression that I spent
the nexb day rmoing about and giving lino upon line to tho most induentia! of the tribe, and suceceded, as I thought, in wakening a thgree of onthasiam to movo towards the phace where'all these good things were to bo got. In confirmation of this, I had tho satisfaction of boing calleld at night to attend a solemn couneil.

It was a peaceful gathering, - they left their weapons behind,- - but it contomplated only a sort of prelininary intuiry; tho I'atagoniang kow how to make their forms of procedure as tedions as any of our courts of law, summary as are many of their deillings. They examined and crossexamined very strietly, sifting my story with a severity which showed that, they were in carnest, and at the same time a little suspicious. It was necessary to be on my guard at all points; and if they had been more docile learnors of arithmetic, and able to stick on questions of number and quantity, it might have been a harder mater to satisfy them. But, on the whole, the old story was stuck to with a degree of consistency that produced the desired effect. Thais confirlenco was perceptibly misod, mud, after a good deal of talle, the council adjounted, every ono mora thun ever disposed to visit "IIolland."

While at this eneampment, I observed on the ground about a ilozen large oyster-shthe, that appeared to have
 of the kind I saw in the country. I inquired if they wero plenty in that vieinity. They mid they were not; none of the tribe semed to know where they came from, or any thing nbaut them. The chief said that he and his people did not relish oysters, but other Indians ate them. Me did not like fish of any kind; to fish had grease enough for them;
none of his Indians ate fish. 'This, and some similar incidents and conversations, convinced the that there wore other Indinu tribes in the vicinity. On one occasion I hid noticed somo places whero a tribe, probably as numerous as our own, had encamped. Thair fires appeared to have been very recently extinguished. Our tribe appeared to be considerably disturbed at these discoveries, and I judged that they were the traces of some enemies. It is certain that my captors had seen some desperate fights, of
 hud a deep ecar on lis breast, which fe said was the mark ol'un arrowseluat roveivod fiom the "Y'amaschoner" Intians, a tribe that use the low and arrow. His description suggested the probability that these were the Terra-del-Fuego Indians; but, on mentiouing the conjecture at a later period to a person I mot at tho Chilim ponal botidement, ho informed me that thoso islandors invariably shoot poisoned urrows, whioh would not loayo tho vietim mots luisuro to duseribe their effect. The sear in question was a deep one, in the region of tho heart; and whilu $I$ was examining it, the chies remarked that the arrow passed through his body and came out at his back. On examination, a distinct sear was risible on his back, so fir corresponding in form and direction with tho ono in front, that it seemed likely to lave been mado by the samo weapon. But how the arow cond have transllxed lim througle tho cheat, without wotuding the vital orguna, was not sakily to bee conjocitured. The only explamation I could conceive of was, that the fellow's hatert was so much harder than any material uset for arrowheads, that the missile, instead of peretrating that inmortant organ, had glanced aside and passed without mortal burt.

Enough had been devcloped to assure me that the tribo generally had hearts of no ordinary toughnces, capable of serying them for all practical purposes wherein impenctrable stuff was in request; but the tale of this miraculous escape gave a new impressinn of obduracy, and entitled the hero to bear the palm among his fellows. I pretended to pity him for his former sufferings, and went so far as to volunteor in ease I should ever be permitted to enter the enomy's territory - to make minec-meat of some of them, and so to avongo lis ernol injurios. This prontanoous sympathy mad forwardness to tako up his cuarrol was excoedingly gratifying to the sufferor antl to the thisf, and drow from thom a more particular narrative of the combat.

They were out on a horse-stealing expedition, .. the usual occasion, it seems, of Patagonian fights, -- and made a swoop upon the camp of another tribe. 'The objects of this folonious invasion asserted tith to tho horses in thair posression by cortain tangiblo argumonts, and inducod a nortal combat. And now Old Boy waxed olorguont, and espocjully displayed that prime ingrodient, "actioni.". .His broad-sword oxcreise was really animated, and taught us "how fields were won,"-or would have done so, but that, while his right lhand was slashing the air with his good stecl, his left wond hold the bridle-rein, and his heels involumatarily arive tho spur; - in short, thongla it was a partion whioh has did mot linger in the maration any more than in the act, there was some tall rumning on the ocension. So artlessly was the tale told, that while the hero was cutting and thrnsting and grumting, to make due inpression of the desperate bravery displayed in the encounter, his subordinate action clearly depicted a running and
retreating fight, and convinced me that thoy got a sound drubbing for thoir pains. He said he killed one Indian, with an air that would have done justice to the slaying of a regiment. Shocking to relate, there were found persons who slumderously reported to me that Old Boy's legs had the whhappy proponsity of l'at O'rlaherty's, whose leart was as brave as any man's, but his cowardly legs ran away with his body; and thoy serupled not to affirm that in this same hard-fought battle ho erawled into the bushes, and there secreted himself till the cessation of hostilities onabled him to rejoin his tribe.
The roador has doubtless noticed that "the tribe" has been all along anonymous. The explanation comes rather late, but, in point of fact, I never could leass that they had any distinctive mame; they nover used any. Tndeed proper names wero very beldom heard. Wven in conyersition concerning each other, they managed to avoid "naming namon" is atrictly as so many honorable somutors, though for no retson that 1 could discover. By signs and gostures, und othor hints, hoy indicated the porsomal subjeot of romark, and scemed to suffer no inconvenience from


Whilo out hunting ono day with tho chief, we uscended a slight eminence, commanding a view of an extensive plain. The chief suddenly stoppod his horso; and looked steadily forward. I bont my oyes in the same direction, and saw
 point. Thero was nothing unusual to be seen, but Old boy momod tc..discoyer something. I inguired what it was. He answered by pointing; aned, on at socond view, I observed a horse lonse, which I took to the that of somo

Indian temporarily dismomited. But the chief said thoy were about to catch a wild horse, and forthwith dashed off at a furious rate, bidding me follow. We were rapidly nearing the spot, when the two in advance of us put their horses at top spoed towards the lone horse that was standing beside a clump of bushes. It suddenly ran before its pursuers, followed by two colts from tho thicket. Tho colts appeared to be one or tiwo years old, and wore doubtless following their dam. One Indian singled out the mare, and another the larger colt. The little one did not lag behind. The chief and myeclf followed at a pace which would have made a single misstep fatal to our neeks; but fortunately our horses proved sure-footed. On we dashed, helter-skelter, in a direction to head off the pursuers, and to place ourselves nearest to the affrighted animals. The mare yet holds the lead, and fairly tears up the soil with her fashing lootis. An Indian, in olose pursuit, presently swings his lariat about his head; but she makes a curve in her courso, and springs beyond the reach of his aim. Hor pursuer once more gains on her; again the lariat swiggs through the air, - he lets go, - the nooso catches her nock, - tho liunter's horsa turns suddonly off, and the ropo, securely attached to the sadde, brings the poor oaptive headlong to the ground. The truined horse keeps a strain on the noose sufficient to prevent her from rising, whilo the hunter dismounts and secures his prize. The colts ghared Tho samo fite, zucl, with tho mothor, woro sulduod and made useful to the tribe.
the seenos and reminisecnecs I have deseribed dirl not prevent the matter of most absorbing intereat to mysolf -the projected visit to "Holland"-from ongnging due
attention. Tho chiof camo lomo from tho council full of it. Ho was in royal good humor, and talked about it half the night; but several objections arose, which it was necesssary for mo to dispose of. These were met, apparently to his full satisfaction. One of the most serious was the fear that the white men would revenge upon him the murder of Captain Faton. I assured him that so long as I was with him lio had nothing to fear on that acoro; the peoplo were all mino; and would do, or refrain from doing, whatever I should bid thom. Jlloy would not dare to lift their hands against hime coutrary to my orders, or refuso to deliver what artioles I chose to demund. Nothing, I found, would do, but tha nsecrtion of absolnto supromacy over all white men whatover, the world around; less than this would not secure the confidence of these savages, and I regulated my speoch ly the necessitios of the caso. The chief inquired, half a dozen timos over, what I, would say to tho $t$ 'ite men, and $Y_{\text {ns }}$ often relenrsod an address for the occasion. At lant his ouriosity seomed uhated, and we fell wricel. -
lhary tho noxt morning wo wors uj, nul mtioring, ant the chief having adjusted his toilet with eare, a slight breakfast was mado ready. This over, his highness stood forth, and from tho door of his lodge mado me oficina address to the tribo, whercin he set out the advantages of a visit to "Holland," and suggested the most expiedient stylo of making it. Ho alvised that $u$ few only of tho tribo should be deputed; with himsolf, to accompany me, and rocoive tha storcs of rum, colneed, bread, riee, te:, butter, beads, brass, coppor, nutd no forth, that were to be lath-
 tinguishod considoration with which thoy hat ireated ne.

Though royal specthes seldom excite any jealousy of plagiarism, and it may seem a little captious on my part to mako such a charge, it is due to "the truth of history" to declare, that herein the great l'arosilver did but repeat a snggestion which he did me the honor to receive with favor over-night. It was not deemed essential to the case to inform his highness of all the reasons that led me to wish for as small an escort as the nature of the business would admit. On the contrury, uctiug npon the profound maxim, that one sufficient reason is as good as a dozen, and better than that mumber of questionable ones, I merely advised, that, aftor the expericnce which Captuin Eaton and others had had of I'atagonian prowess, tho sight of too many of his giants would frighten away tho whitos, and provont all benclicial conmunication with them; while the presence of a mall deputation would be a pledge of their pacific inclinations. The speech from the throne proved less moving than most of the chief's offusions; his lioges histened with great interest, and an earncst dobate sprung up, at the conclusion of which it was decided that the chicf, with four other Inditor and heir mifuws, sloond bo my body-guard, the rest of the tribe to follow anter. Another old woman begged to go with us, which was agreed to. The horso I had been in the habit of riding was lame, and unit for service; another was procured for mo.

Our simple preparations for departure were soon madd, and as wo were about to start they all legan bringing their dirty children to me, and retpesting that I would bring brass and beads for thea all; which was gravely promised, mowh too thuir matichactim. 'Whero remanod tho lust act in the comedy for which 1 had been long rohoursing - if, in-
deed, it did not turn out a tragely. Ihe idea lad carly ocourred to me, that if I had some object to which I appearod vory much attaucd, it might prove to be for my advantage; the Indians might hold it, in my absence at any time, as a sort of surety for my return. A belle from among tho beauties of the tribe would be effectual to that end; but, if no sentiments of virtue had rostrained me from this expedient, the hith and unsightliness of thom all woro onough to insuro continence. I chose, therviore, a little White dog for a pet, - a dirly, thicvish little raseal; - but $I$ fondled him in tho style proper to a violent attachment. It is true that when I sas him licking the meat designed for our repast it was not easy to refrain from kicking his worthless brains out; but this was a tritle to other things I had to onduro, and I made myself apparently so fond of him that tho roality of the ount was nover sempented. Nows and then I indomiffod mysolt' by giving him, when anobsoryod, a smu't rupping for his mistleeds, though medt chastisement made but a blight impression on the olject of it. As wo wero aboul nething ollt, 1 was anked if 1 itstended to take my dog. $\mathrm{No}_{\mathrm{i}}$ I told them, he would be better off there, and when I recurned he should havo some bread and other daintics to cat. The ruse more than ansperod its expected end, in lulling all suspicion of my sincority.

At last wo wero under way. The grand crisis to which ull my diplomacy and the uturost license of fiction had tended was near at hand. A strong hope of deliverance braced my gpirits, shated, it is true, hy in natumal apprehonsion of possiblo failure, and of the conseguences that might follow, With no great clation of pirits, bat with a
stern, severu tension of all my mental encrgice, nud a concentration of them into one foous of resolve, I waved a farewell, which I hopod might bo everlatting, to the accursed gang of robbers who had tormented me so many tedious weeks. "Good-by to P'atagonia!" I mentally ejaculuted, and struck off with my escort; but had not gone more than an eighth of a mile, when the party wheeled about and ordered me to follow then back to the camp! Iremonstrated, but it was of no. use, and with' a heavy heart I found mysolf oneo more in my dirty corner of a wigwam. The horses were turued adrift without a word of explanation, and the Indians sat down to a game of cards, with as much indifference to everything else as if the cyents of the past fortycight hours had been a feverish' dream. What could be the meaning of it? I rquestioned the chief. Me merely replied that ho would go ly ame by, - by and hy; whieh, being interpreted, probibly mand whou ho plemeal, nud thut denvoniont season might never urtivo! After I hand teasod him for a long time he took me to the door of the ladge, and, prointing to the river, baid it was "no good then;" it would be "good" at night. What the state of the river, which was an shallow stream, a branch of the Santa Cruz, had to do with the matter, I could not divine, and was half inclined to vote myself fairly outwitted by the Old Boy.
 more set ofl. We crossed the frozen marsh, and forded tho river, and, after going about two miles, stopped for repose. We took no camp ejuipage, and had to shelter ourselves for the night under the loe of a clump of bushes. We thrust our feet inte the thicket, while our heads lodged out of doors. In this interesting attitude I was made to repeat
my woarisome detail of promises, nud to relourse once more my contemplated speech to the white men; which done, we dropped asleep. Waking carly the next morning, I found my hoad and shoulders covered with a fleecy mantlo of suow. Would the fortune of my expedition fall as lightly on me? I shook it off, turned up my coat-collar, pulled my poor, more than half worn-out cap over my ears, and so, partially protootod from the atom, rollod ovor, and again wak jato a alumber. The atorm censed at duwn of duy. I rose and wout in sourch of faol, while my dark companions still slept profoundly. In an hour or two they roused themselves, and kindled $a$ fire. Meat, from a store brought along for our provision on the way, was cooked, und sarved for breakfast. The scanty meal being despatched, our horses were driven in, lassoed, mounted, and we resuned our journcy, in a south-ensterly direction. At the cnd of ubout three miles another lault was cullod, a firo was built to warsu bri and the porses were watered. Tho order of arrangements was disoussed, and a fresh edition of the promises and the spocoh oritically listened to. Chauging our course is litho to the right, we soon struck the Sianta Cruz. The Tudians pointed far down the stream, and said, "There is Molland." I strained my eycs in the direction pointed out, and thought I oould distorn an island with several suall huts upon it. A mile or two furthor on the north bouk brought
 The island was directly opposite the mouth, and the lower part only appeared to be inhabited. Wo hatted. The Indians pointed towards it, exclaiuing, "Dsta Lolland sarvey!" muohus vasas, macho mucho bombres, hena mucto atpudicule, mucho truva, yeruen, arenar, aroso!"-- This is JIolland,
and has plenty of houses, and abbundane of men, - plonty of rum, tobaceo, breat, tea, flour and rice! I surveyed the espot in silence. This island was of considerable extent, lying two-thirds across the wide mouth of the river, its surfice dotted over witl little knolls or hillocks of earth. Could it be that these were dwellings inhabited by white men?

Our horses' heady were now turned from the shoro, and wo rode back about an cighth of a milo to a large clamp of bushes, unstudled our beasts, and waited somo timo for the rest of our company, who had fallen in the rear. They came at last, our horses were turned adrift, fre was lighted, and, as the day vas fiar spent, supper was in order. Fhen ensued a repetition - a final one, I trusted - of the grand present to be levicd on the Hollanders, and of the speceh which was to draw them out. The Indians arranged theit I was to hoist the English flag, -the colors of the unfortunte brig Avon, which they had brought aloug at my request, - and then to walk the shore to attract the attention of the jalanders. On the appronch of a boat, I was to be kopt back from the beach, to provent escape; for 1 found that they were not, aftor all, as well assured of my good faith as might have been desisable. They thought, moreover, that when the white mon siw a prisoner with thom, they would como ashoro to parloy, and offer prosents to ufiech bis releaso; in that caso, thero might ho a shanes, if the negoliation provel unsatisfectory, to take bonds of fate in the form of another enptivo or tro. So, at least there was gromed to suspect, - and sone cause to fear that the rascals might prove too shrewd for all of us !

After talking till a late hour, the Jadians throw them-
selves upon the ground, stuck their fect into the bushes, and were soon fast usleep. I consulted the chief as to the proprioty of modifying this arrangement, by placing our heads, rather than our feet, under cover, since both could not be accommodated. He declined any innovatious, and told me to go to sleep. I stretched myself on the ground, but as to sleep, that was out of the question. I lay all night, thinking oyer all possible expedients for escape. We had no materials for a bout or raft of any description, and it was impossible to think of any plan that promised success; so that, after tossing, in body and mind, through the weary hours of night, I could only resolve to wait the course of eyents, and to take advantage of the first opportunity affording a reasonable hope of deliverance from this horrid captivity. Suow, slect and rain, fell during the night; and I rose early, thoroughly chilled, overy tonth olatioriag. A firo was hauled, and the lask morsul of mont itat rumathod has was oookad and onton. Tho wouther continuod sgually till the middla of the afternoon.
Aftor break that the chicel went with me to the shore, bearing the flag. On the beach I found a strip of thick board, to which I fastened the colors, and then planted it in the sand. The bughos around, which have a kind of oily leaf and readily ignite, were set on fire. It then walked the beach, - but no boat came. When it olewed up sufiaiently to see, I obsorvol littlo oljocts moving about on the island. Tho day wore away with fruitless attempts to attract their attention. With an neling heart I returned, at dark, to the samping-ground. On this isiland my hopes had so long
 fendaro'it? The Indians began to talk of rejoining the tribe
the following day. I opposed the notion with all the dissuasives at coimuand, assuring them that, at sight of our flag, the islanders would surely come over in a boat, and that, if they would only wait a little, they could go over to the island and enjoy themselves to their hearts' centent; representing the absoluto neccssity that I should procure the rum, \&e., we had talked of, and how embarrassing it would be to go back to the tribe empty-handed, after all that had been suid, to be ridiculed and repronehed. It would never do. Our conversation was continued till quite late, when we ranged ourselves, hungry and weary, for another night. Wor hours I was unable to sleep. The uncertaintics of my situation oppressed mes, and $\Upsilon$ lay restless, with anxiety inexpressible, ineonceivable ly those whom Providence has preserved from similar straits. It was a serson of deap, suppressed, silemt misery, in which tho heart
 alowo able to doliver. 'lowards moming, exhanasted with the jutensity of onotion acting on an onfoobled body, I slept a little, and woke at ourly dawn, to a frosh consoiousness of uny critical position.

The weather had been friir during the night, but thero were now indications of another snow-sterm. I waited long and impaticntly for my companions to awako, and at last started off in quest of fuel; on returning with which, they bestirred themselves and started a fire, which warmed our half-benumbed limbs. There lay tho little island, beautiful to eyes that longed, like mine, for a habitation of sympathizing men, about a mile and a lalf distant; it almost
 under the prossure of disappointment and bitier uncertanty.

A violent anow-storm soon setting in, it was hidden from view; everything seemed to le against me. It slackenod, and partially cleared up, 一 then came another gust, filling the nir, and slutting up tho prospect. In this way it continued till past noon; at intervals, as the sky lighted up, I took ar frotmand, and nol firo to tho bamber on the bonch, and thon hoisted the flag again, walking wearily to and fro, till the storm ceased, and tho sky becamo clear. Tho chicf conconled himself in a clump of bushey, und sat watohing, with cat-liko vigilanes, the movements of the islanders. After some time, he said a boat was coming; I sonrooly durst look in tho direction indisuted, lest I should experience a firesh disnppointment; but I did look, and saw, to my great joy, a boat launched, with four or five men on board, and paslinge off the shore. On they came; the chief reportod lis discovery, and the rost of the Indians onme to the bench, where I was still walking hackward and forward. 'tho boat nipronded, not tireatly cf whers I wres, but an oighth of a mile, perhmps, to the wimhward, and thore lay on ber uars.
The Indians hareupan ordered me to retarn to the camping-ground; but, without heeding them, I set off at a full run towards the boat. They hotly pursued, I oceasionally turning and telling them to come on, - I only wantol to sae the boat. "Stop! Stop!" they hawled. "Now, my legs," said I , "if over you wint to serve me, this is tho time." I lad one advantage over my pursuers; my shocs, though much the worse for weur, protooted my feet from the sharp stones, which cut theirs at
 mado about oqual mpoed wih myself:" $A_{n} I$ gained a point opposito tho bont, tho fredians shackencil thar apeed, and




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looked uneasily at me; the man in the stern of the boat bailed me, incuiring what Indians thoso wero, whent number of them, and how I came among then. I replied in as few words as possiblo, and told him we wished to cross to
 said; he could not take me with the Indians. They bogan to pull away! I mado signs of distross, and wavod chom to return, shouting to them through my hands. The boat was again backed within hailing distance. "Will yau look out for me, if I come by myself?" "Yes!" was the prompt reply. The Indians, all this time, had Eept within ten or fifteen feet of me, with their hands on their knives, and reiterating their commands to como back, at the eane time odging towards me in a threatening mamer. "Yes, yes," I told them, "in a moment," but I wanted to look at the hom, - laking eate, beowover, to make gowl my distance from them. At the inskat of heariag tho welcome ansuranas bant $I$ hiand ho andod for, I drow ont tho watch (which I had brought, aceording to promiso, to have a new erystal inserted at IIolland), and threw it into tho bushes; the salt water would spoil it, aud, if I shoutd bo retaken, the spoiling of that would be an aggravation which might prove fatal. At the same monent I gavo a plunge headlong into the river; my clothes and shoes choumbered me, and the surf. agitated by a high wind, rolled in heavy scats upon the shore. 'I'to boat was forty or fifty yurds off; and, as the wind did not blow square in shore, drifted, so as to increase the original distance, unless counteracted by the erew. Whether the boat was backed up towards me, I could not detcrmine; my head was a great part of the time under water, my oyes blinded with the surf; and
most strenuous exortion was necessary to live in such a
 pointed, apparently, at me. Porhaps we hat misunderstood ouch other, - porthens thoy viowed mo as an enomy! In fact, they wero nilned to keep the Yudians from follow ing mo into the water, which thoy did not attempt. My strength was fast fuiling mo; tho man at the helm, percoiving it, stretcled out a rifle at arm's length. The muzale dropped into the water, and arrested my feeble vision. Summoning all my remaining enorgy, I grasped it, and was drawn towirds the boat; a senso of rolicf shot through and revived mo, but revived, nlso, such a dread lest the Indiums shonld give chase, that $I$ begged them to pull away, - I could hold on. The man reached down, and soizod mo by the collar, and ordered his men to ply their oars. They had made but a few strokes, when a simultaneous ery broke from their lips, "Pull the dear man in! Pull the dear man in!" Thoy ot full their oars, laid hold of me, and, in their effort to drag me over the sido of thoir whatu-lont, I reecivel some ingury; I roquostod that they would let me hel! myself; and, working my body up sufficiently to get one kuce over the guswale, I gave a spring, with what strength was left me, aud fell into the bottom of the boat. They kindly offered to strip me, and put on dry olothes; but I told them; if they would only work tho boat further from the shore, I would take eare of myself. They pulled away, while I crawhed forward, diyostod myself of my coat, and put on one bolonging to ono of the crow. Conversation, which was
 of a Patagonian winter, - I was chilled through, and could only articulate, "I cath't tatlk wow; ['ll ta-lk lyy and
by." Some liquor, brend and tobaceo, which had been put on board far my ransom, on shaponition thent this was what tho signal meant, was produced for my relesehment. Tho sea was: leavy, with a strong lead-wind; so that, though the mon toiled vigoronsly, our progress was alow. I was soon comfortably warmod by tho stimulants provided, and offered to lend a hand at the oar; bat the offer was dechined. The shouts and screams of the Indians, which had followed me into the water, and rung hidcously in my ears while struggling for life in the surf, were kept up till distance made them inaudible. Whether they found the wateh, whose mysterious tick at onee awed and delighted then, and restored it to its place of slate in the chief's lodge, or whether it still lies rusting in the sands ly the seat-shore, is a problem unsolved.

The boat at last grounded on the northern shore of tho island; Mr. Hall, the gentlenaan who commanded the party, supported my tottering frame in landing; and, as we steppod upon the shore, welcomed mo to their island. I grasped his hand, und stanmered my tharks for this deliverance, and lifted a tearful nyo to Heaven, in silent gratitude to God. I was then pointed to a cabin near by, whero a comfortalle fire was ready for me. "Now," I heard Mr. Hull say, "let us firo a salute of weleome to the stranger. Muke ready! present! fire!". Off went all their nuskets, and a very cordial salute it appeared to be. JIe soon followed me, took tue to his own dwelling, supphiol me with dry elothing, and, abovo all, warmed me in the kimbly glow of as generous a heart us over beat in humen inoman.

I was captured by tho savages on the lst of Mry, and landed upon the island on tho 7 th of $\Lambda$ ugust.

## CHAPTER IX.

A civilized meal - $A$ huppr ovoning - $A$ gurvey of tho indand - lrepuration of guaw - I'roprrathens ugainst buyasion by the giants - A aroposal to attack thom - layghty and revenge - Killing time - itroublo in tha eettoment - A diangreanhle situntion - Arrival of vescels-Countrymen-A welcomes by now fricads.

Abrear getting sufliciently thawed out, I gave a synopsis of my adventures. The cook presently lad the table, and brought in suppur. 1 ato lesurily of brent and lrish pork, and drunk ton raised in Brazil, eatlen mathe, If may not, comprere favorably with the prodnce of (hina, but to me it was a dolioions boyorago. I had been in captivity ninety. seven days, living us the rader has seen. Althongh I partook freely of supper, - too freely for one in my weak condition, - I rose from the meal with as keen an appetite as I brought to it. Pagain expressed to Mr. Mall, on learning his name, my gratitudo at fuding myself, through his timoly absistmaco, anong friends, though a shanger. 110 cordinlly sympathizod with mo, observing that ho had been a prisoner among the latagomians for one day only, but had seen enough in that short time to be convinced that a life of ninety-seven days with them must havo been dreadful indeod.

After supper the boat was hiuled up on the island. Pipes and tobacco were furnished, and I passed in the society of my deliverers one of the happiest evenings of my whole life. The change was so great, from the miserable and almost hopoless existence I had so long lived, that my joy esceeded all bounds. My heart overflowed with gratitudo. Words could not then, and cannot now, convey any ade${ }_{q}$ quatc impression of my feelings, - of the ficelom and joy that animatod me, on being snatuhed from perils, privations and enomies, and placed, at in a moment, in boeurity, in pleaty, and in the socicty of friends. It seoned like a dream, the clange was so sulden and so total.

The little house which for the present I called my home, and which, in fact, appeared to me at the time the pleasantost dwelling I had ever seen, was about twelve by fifteen feot upous the grouad, built of boards and seantling, and lined with blue kentacky jean. Tho liroplaco was in the middla of ome cud, und a door oponed at tho opposito oxtremity. 'I'wo large closets wero parted off, the one usod as a cuploard, and the other for stores. Each side was lighted by a window containing four panes of seven-by-nine glass. T'wo comfortable settees, probably saved from some wreck, lined the sides of the rooht, and a good-sized hardwood tible occupied the centre. It was floored overhead, and a trap-door oponed into a slooping apartmont, fitted with two litile berthy, - one for Mr. Mall, and the other for Morrison, the Seotehman.

As we have described the interior of our snag little cottage, we will bestow a word or two on its exterior and surroundings. Its cracks and joints, over the roof and walls, were covered with strips of tarred duck, and battened with
narrow pisees of thin board. It was sitnated on a little mound of sano, perhaps fonr feet high, and was bunked up to tho windows with tho stame material. The height of the walls abovo tho ombunkuit was about roven feet, tho winbankment thre fect more. A. ship's leell was suspended on the north-cast corner of the house, to notify the workmen of the hours of labor and of their meals. Sea Lion Island, as it is called, - the name "Holland" was probally corrupted by the lindians, from the word island, indistinctly pronounced in their henring, - is atbont a mile nuel a quarter long from north to south, with an average width of an eighth of a mile, and is covered over its entire surfice with low evergreen bushes. The settlenent was made by an English company, for the purpose of collecting gumo and
 orn extremity.

Our social evening was prolonged to it late hour, the moments sped by the stimulus of novel enjoyment. One of the moltens wir ussigned fir my someh, leer-obethes wor" provided, and a hag filled with ships' celors and other articles served for a pillow. Before committing ourselves to repose, howaver, we discussed the probalility of an invision from the coutinent, and cante to the conclnsion that nothing was to be feared in that cquarter before morning. Old Boy and his purty, it was obvious, wank hatvo to roturn to the mairs body of the tribe for remforecments and naval equipage before attempting pursuit, as thay had no matorials for the construction of boats or rafts, even if they woold daro to tempt salt water in their leathern sacks. Wo
 and the Sootchman, having cared for my comfort with anx-
ious kindness, disappenred through the trap-door, leaving belind a friendly benedictien. The little cottage was warm; my couch was the perfection of comfort, in contrast with that which had been my lot for ninety-seven wretched nights, Alove ull, fiur tho firerb timo in so many wecks, I could lie down without the fear of treachery and violence. I was secure from savages. I'his indeed was luxury. I slept soundly, wying in the profundity of slumber with the immortal seven, till late in tho morning. Daylight at fength had dispossessed the darkness of every part of the interior, and I awoke. It was no droam. I was indeed froe. Rude but umaistakable ovidences of civilization surrounded me. The adventares of the preceding day flastod vividly on my hitherto olouded mind, - the susfense, the strughte, the seasonable resene, the rejoicing welcome, tho spontaneous and subduing kindncsses, - and a warm gush of tender and grateful enotion from my imnost sould thrillod and suffused my wholo being. While these entoliont were hubsiding firm the ferver of their firat inmpulso, and the mind was gliding awny into a delicions and confused revery, wherein all manmer of delight seemed to encirele me as with an atmosphere, in whose genial glow all past suffering cxisted only for the heightening of present enjoyment, the trap-door overhend was lifted, and my genorous friends drapped down with a henrty salutation. I spraligg from my couch, as good as new, and younger than ever. A checeful coul-fire was soon burning in the grate, the room was swe ${ }^{\text {d }}$, breakfast was brought in and despateled, the bell rang, und the men jssued forth to thoir daily lubors, while $I$ went out to oxploro my now abode.

Tho ishand is low and flat, nud me high wator ita narfino is only eight or ten foot above tho water-line; but the tido
 mouth of the Straits of Magollan, - nearly forty-two feet. Within twenty-five feet of our honso was a small storehousu and shod, in hogroly, and almego stoms ovan. Ahoub the same distanco further on, was a house for workmon, framed of timber, and roofed and laid up at the sides with bushes; and the sides were banked and the roof coated with earth, an old sail forming tho topmost and ontermost feature of tho edilico, - execpt that on one extremity of the roof a headless barrel commanicated with the fircplace, and did duty very respectably as chinney and ventiator. Thore wero no windows; the men, and whatever portion of light and air suffioed them, found ingress and ogress through a door in ono onl. It was most ovitumly mado fier usw, not. for show ; hat appurud to bo very' combortablo, and whe
 ing apparatus. Its oceupatis woro cight in humber, throo Fronchmon, two Spaniards, an linglishman, a Welshmun and an Srishnum; wo that tho jahan having mioptont (for a season, at least) a ropresentative of the "univerwal Yankoomaion," may be thought to lave brought lugedior sumples from a pretty considerable part of mankind,

Bosidos thoso hmman apeoimons, tho sot thenent bonsted of a dog, two maturo porkers, and a litter of pigs. Near tho houso was a largo heap of guano, prepared and ready for shipping to Ingland and the United States. The men were at work hard by digging it inp. It lies on the surface of the ground to a depth of from ono to three feet; is dug up and conveyed a barrows to a cloared spot, where it lies in
heaph, to bo sifted. Stones, feathors, atick, and other forciga subshances, aro oarelinly removed, the larger lumps wre broken up, and the clenrod ganno is sproad out in a thia Layer; when thoroughly dried, it is covered up with planks. 'Ithe business was earried on by Captain Matthew S. Whito, an linglialnam, who lad thon beon absont for several months at Moutevideo, whither he had gone to procuro vessels for conveying tho gunno ulrendy proparod, now amounting to some fifteen hundred tons, to market. The time he fixed for his return had expired a month before my adyent upon the island, and Mr. IIall was begianing to fecl very anxious for him, fearing lest somo accident had befallen hin̆, and auxious for himself and his company, also, at they had but a few months' provisions; tho island wes rarcly visited by vessels, and their only monus of roaching any port, in case of extremity,
 (0) madurtulde no long a voyaro with any hopo of afety.

The pessibility that my late frospitable liriepds on the main land might be led, by their high consideration for me, to vivit "I lolland" in a boaly, kopt us basy, during tho day, in making preparations to reecive them with appropriate heners. Mr. Hall, whe was loth in charge of tho nethomont during the absenee of the proprictor, observed that Unptain Whito batd oflen expressed approiensions that tho Indians would come upon the island, some time when he was awny, and murder all hands. My slipping from them in tho manner I had was not an event likely to dissuade them from the attempt, or weaken their motives for naking it. There were two swivels in the camp, whish we mounted upon wheelbarrows, to serve as flying artillery. I ground sharp an old
whaling-harpoon, and fixed a handlo to it; this was slung over my couch; and a large shanthekife, for pise in case wo got to clot quarters, reposed under my pillow. The lindians were prowling about the shore, probably expecting to seo me reäppear among them, liden with the rum and tobacco they came after, and which they had carned by boarding and lodging mo so loug, and by the multiplied kinduessos with which thoy bugaided tho momthe of my residenco among them. It is likely tiroy think, by this time, that I have been gone a long timo for it.

Boforo rotiring for the night, wo lomaled our swivels to the muzzle, and fired thicm, to let our meghbors know that wo had the wherowilanl to give them a warm reception, should they see fit to matee us a visit. We then reloaded the pioces, each with a dozen or more large bullets, placed than romdy primul at tha door, and eaveren tho priminge, to beep our powder dry. We lad hix or eight maskets ready loaded, enough to arm the cutire garrison, with plonty of ammunition. The dog was bied to the doorLandle, to give notico of danger, and the door carcfully secured. Just ns we were about retiring, Bose gave a portentous bow wow! but, on groing out, and taking a survey of the premises, the alarm proved to be fulse. All was quiot; and, with a mamentary doubt of the sagacity and disorotion of ond nomtinol, we lay down wilh a bepane of socurity, -first taking tho axe into the house, lhinking that tho ounning rogues might try wh burn out, should they find the cfforts to dislodge us otherwiso ineffectinal. With this final precaution, our faithful sentind chained to his post, like a Chineso soldaor to his gun, we were soon sound asleap. The night passed quietly away, without
an $\mathcal{Y}$ further alarm from our look-out, who was of the Englisth pointer breed,--a slecpy, dougir-faced fellow, better qualified to show the game than to oceupy the responsible station to which he was promoted. He was a great coward, but that was not altogether agaimst hien; for, since the law of selfpreservation applics to brutes as well as to men, fear would impel him to make some kind of demonstration on the aproctuch of foes, if fidelity did not; and ono kind of domonsinntionk would be as usciul to us as another, if only andible.

After breakfast I walked forth, and cast an anzious look throngh tho glass to the northern shore of the main land, to see if the Indians still occupied thoir position, and whether they wero building boak, or making tuly oher preparations for invasion. There they were, - the putient oreatures! - still posted in view of our quarters, the
 on the shore, nud aniong them I recognized my nun; I almest fincied I could heur him braking. As we brought no dogs with us, I concluded that they had gomo back to the main boly, and got a reinforocment, with matoriuls for bost-huilding, and brought my dog for the especial gratifieation of his affectionate master ; and now he was cajering about on the shore, as if to call mo back. Having sufficicxatly gratifed my curiosity in this direction, I turned thas Kalase senway, in hopo to viow somo approading sail; but the broad expanse was cloar, - no pessol to be seon. On the river hanks afow stay gasnacos wero cropping the seannty, rank grass, while others, with their young, were lying on the sunny slopes of the sand-hills. The quiet of these animals assurch me that their iuveterate enemics, the Indians, were not in the vicinity.

Tired, at length, of this sort of sight-sceing, I returned to tho house, and, taking our guns, started with Mr. Inall on a stroll up tho ishand, hoping to shoot some sea-fowl; but returned at noon, unsuccessful. The afternoon was apent in wandoring aimlossly over the islond, killing time. Wulking about on the sea-shore, I pieked up some clear, transparent stones, coated on the outside with a kind of crust; some of thom are very hard, and, when broken, cue gloss like a diamond. I wrote my name, and place of residence, on a window of our little cottage, with a fragment of ono; they aro mostly whito, somo of them of a vermilion, and others of a straw color; they are, I suppose, a varioty of quartz. The shore is, in some places, covered with theso pobbles to the depth of two or three feet, on an average of the size of a walnut; the hardest spooimens woro not abument, but I collootert nbout n loundred of thom. I might have pickod up nany more, if' they had noubonsed nny apocind valtes.
A. further examination of tho opposito shore diselosed Indians still prowling alout, and I. proposed to Mr. ILnM to go over; with the men, and give them a sound drubbing. Revenge, I know, is said to dwell in little minds; if so, my abode in Patagonia must have dwarfed and contracted my own intellect for the time being, for I must coufess to the ednboiousnoss of a desire to visit upon them some appropriate return for what they liad inflicted upon me. Mr. Hall admitted tho ill-desert of the Indians, and the entire rightfulness of a sovere chastisement; but, not having tho same stimulus to heat his blood that burned within me, he viowed the question with a more strict regard to prudence, and was altogether disinclined to undertake so hazardous
an oxpelition; he dreaded going any nearer to the savages than was neeessary. I would, myself, rather nave been shot than falt into their hands a secont time; but contended that the approach of the loat would bring them to thic shore, and enable as to do them a mischice from tho bout, without any necessity of landing among them. True, the Indians might succeud in getting upon the island some night, and cffcet our destruction; there eertainly was nothing to prevent $i t$, if they had the least ingenuity, and a moderate share of courage; but $I$ knew them to be a glug of armat cowardy, and tho roader may judge of their inventiveness by the preceding narrative. The subject was disoussed till late in the evening, and the needful proparations and preantions were thoroughly talked over. When about to retire for the night, we went out and looked for our vigilant sentimel, whose dhe phace, in right of his offeo, mould have laeen at the dow. Recrente to his trust, tho rascal haul deserted, to tako up his night's lodging with tho piges howas soon hustlod out of his nost, and compelled to return to the door, there to bo tied, as on the preceding night, to the hundle. His choice of such menn company greatly lowered the animal in my estimation. While fixing lim in his place, we perecived a light on the north shore; it appeared to be carried about from place to phace, and was at some disiance from the Indians' wigwams. This had much the appearanico of preparation for a nocturnal visit from the rasoils,- - a symptom of boatbuilding. From my abservation of their habits while among them, I was convinced that something extraordinary was on foot; they were not much in the habit of moving about after dark, with or without lights, and


 them speak in a londer cone of waming and deliance to the
 made the island ring, and unst have resomedel with ellect upon the hostilo shore. Tho gutes were geloated, mimed, and mounted upon their curriages at the door. The lights that had drawn forth this sonorons demonstration speedily disuppeared; the Indians, it was prosumed, had taken the lint, and abandoned or postponed their undertaking, whatever it might have been. I well know their dread of big gans. When I attenteted, at first, to persuate them to go with me to Port liamine, the chiof reason assigned, besides the superior advantages of "Holland," was, that there were big guns there, which were " no good for Indinns." A council of wat camo mo the conclasion that there was nothing to be feared from them that night, and we thereujon rotirod.

If out carcful preparations seem to belie my expressed belief of their cowardice, it should be remembered that they had once $\mathbb{l}$ eshed their swords, if not their teeth, in the bodics of somo white men, and lad held, for a brief period, islauders in their custody; they were numerous, and might so far confude in their numbers and streugth as to daro tho attompt to wreak their disippointments fully ugon our hexde. One gation was romsomable, ant, at the time, was not excessive in degree. In the morning wo mado a carcful survey of the premises, exploring all the sheds, and every other place where an enemy could have neorotod himsolf, but mado no discoverios. Wo walked
over tho inhom, und examined the upgusito shore; bat per-
 Hhill rommintel in thein rgartars, and lhat their numbors hat greatly incratsed.

Tho gucsion of aroming over amd driving them oft was revived after breakfast, but, alter considerable talk, no defimito conchasion was reathed, and I spent tho day wamering ofer the island, guming and pieking up rare stones, occasionally surveying the coast through the glass. At night no lights appeared opposite; and having made our usual preparations against a nocturnal attack, we decided that if the black raseals did not speodily pick up their traps, and make thomselyes "searee," we would go over and larry theic movencats. Mr. Watl found his loyalty stiring within him, in aid of revenge. Ho said it was too much to see that blood-stamed British flag flying among such a miserable set of ercatures, bringing freshly before his mind the forms of his slatughtered countrymen. 'Ihis sentinent I was prompt to encore, and to enforeo the propricty of an invasion to wrest the trophy from their hands. Ilis was determined apon for the next day, unIess they should sooner telieve us of their presence.

The day dawnet with a cloudy sky and a thick atmosphere, which made it impossible to see distinctly for any distance. Towards noon it cleared up, and we discovered that our tronhlusome noighbors wero still there. Wo Howetpon bed about tho neecsary proparations fior a movement, immediately after dinher. Arms and equipmonts were appointed, knives sharpened, groms put in order ind stacked against the house; - the bell rang for dimer, and wo ato with appetites sharpened by excitement. But, on
going ont, and taking a final look through the glass before embarking, we olserved the Indians catehing their horses. They speedily mounted their beasts, and rode ofl. Onr anticipated valor was soon cooled. They had slipicel away without giving as athence to do anything for revenge, for justico, or for the honor of the captivo flag. On the whole, wo were not sorry to abandon the expedition, though it noumed to mo that our elanees of sematidy were not mush fimproved by their departuro. Thasy weund he very tikely to lurk in the vicinity, and to return with full preparations for orossing amd landing pion the ishand. Purbapes their movement was only a ruse to put an off our gamed. Such thoughts crowled ney mind; but there was no uee in borrowing trouble, und $I$ dismissel them.
Tho men ruturned to their work, thed I sel myself to deviso some employment. I had kecone tired ol idleness, and offered to assist in the preparation of gunuo; bat Mr. Hall interposod a dexided voto. Ifo wisheel me, horidid, to
 possiblo. But the sort of life I was leading wiss very decidelly uncomfortable; and I entreated so eitriestly to be allowed to mako mysolf usoful in sone way, that ho set mo to mako a row-lock for a boat, or a few thole-pina, or some other trivial things, that sorved to oecnpy attention
 floor, and some alterations wero foud meeswsury uhout ho promises. When overything was done, and no more was suggosted, I was desirod to go a guming, to vary the sapplios for the tablo, or to take a basket amp piek the lops of the bushas for piekling. 'lye buskus, which are cyergreen, havo on their tops little clusters not unlike bas-
berries, that make a rery fine pickle. Several jars wero filled, and furnishod an excellent condinent for our suppers.

Time passed on, and the non-arrival of Captain White made it drag slowly. I had thought to tako passage in ono of the ganno vessels to IRio Janieiro, or some other South American port, from whicl it might be censy to obtein a passige for Califumis. In defant of other ocenmation, tho large lighter, whith lay ap the ereuk, hwo-lhirds the length of the island, was brought down opposite the house for repais, to be in readiness to load the ships when they should arrive. Thar delay theatened us with famine, moreover, and it was begriming to be felt as a very serious matter. To add to our troubles, the seury brole out umong the men, in consequonce of living on salt provisions, withont vegetables. 'lhey had been recommended, as a preventive, to make and eat freely of the picklo just do. seribed; but, cither from want of faith in the virtuo of the yesserijution, or bemamio it was loo mueh troublo, thoy hat noglecteit to do so, and now fonnu themselves in a poor plight.

About the same time, as troubles
> " conno not singlo apics, Dat in battidions,"

Mr. Mill was informed by tho Wolshman, who appeared vory frieudly, ihut Morrison, the Scolehuma, was trying to prejudice the Frenchmen and Spaniards against him, and inciting the men to mutiny. The man had lived in the houso and been treated like a gentloman, and this was all the return he made for the prefercnce shown lim. Sawney's
 ho was orderel to tako his beel and loarth wilh the men.
 when I tallied with him on the impropricty of his conduct, appeared quite penitent. I strongly advised Alr, Hall to tako him back into dio housu; far, thongh be harl proved treacherous, it was bettor, after all, to have hime under our immediato wateh than with the men, as he might, fo a short time, lufuet the whole eompany. After much coaxing, consent was given to his return, and he repheed his things in tho houso with mued apparent gratitude. Ne was told that ho must show himself an honest man, and labor to undo the mischicf the hat done, if the hatd any care of his personal safoty; for should any tronblo break out, and the sacrifice of life become necessary, his would be the first. Ho faithfully promised, nud, I donbt not; exerted himself to Rllay discontonts and provent any outbreak. With the
 turbuinent, and determined on a rupture. I'hey comphaned that their allowance of fuod was insulficient, and threatencd to break into tho storchouse and help themselves. Mr. IFall had served out their duily rations of meat, bread and flour, by weight, according to the directions of Captain White. The quantity $I$ have forgoten, but remember Mr. Hall saying that it was the sume as is allowed per man in tho British nayy, When the bell rang for work the next morning, the Welshnan and Irishman alone went. Tho Spmiards said that thoy had the seurvy so badly they wero unalile to work; tho firenchunen mardied up to tho
 mot then at the dor' and, in reply, told thom that thoy

Hand tho atome Soust, in quality mod guantily, with all the whors, binself included, and that the atlowane for the
 other men complatincel, and their complaints could not be listened to by him. They had all that Gaptain White allowed, and, if they were not satisfied, they could appent to him when he returned, which would undoubtedly bo very soon. Moanwhile he advised them "to be fuict, and do their own busincss." They len in a very wrathful mood, not to their work, but to their quarters, and to idle away the rest of the day in sauntering up and down the island. Thoy went on in this way for noarly a weck, and at last consented to return to duty, under a promise that nothing should be deducted from their wages, which was given as a matter of prodence. It was not thought safo, in present circumstances, to statin athority over them. Nothing oceurred to give serious uneasiness, though the men were so foncly and quarcelsome an to raiso a slight tempest, now and then. On one occasion, Mr. Hall had been with three men up tho creck, seven or eight miles, after fresh water, which could only be obtitined at that distance and boated down to the settlement. Whíle we wero unliding the boat, a row was kicked up between one of the frenchmen and the Welshman. 'lafly, who was a thorough somm, when adjusting the ropss to the easks, was assailed by one of the Frenchmon with sone deragatory remank touching his scamanship, prompted ly his mode of "putting on the padonekle." The critic attempted to take the rope into his own hands, by way of enforeing and exemplifying his view of tho provesta; imid the two woro on tho poial of selling the question in a smnnary fashion, in a spirit which it required some cufort to quell.

The Indians still hovered in the vicinity of the further shoro, as the sume ol their fires phianly indicated, ant wo woro obligent to keop ul our promations for defence. There was nothing to prevent them from payiag us a visit
 and the tenacity of heir parposes, - the long-liven matico with which they were cupahlo of pursuing my evil denigns, - it seemed not unlikely that, smarting under the disappointment I had caused thom, thaix resentment would prowo strong enough to overcome their timitity. In this comection I had an unpleasant thought, now and then, of a hint given then while wo wors on our way to "llollaud." When about a mile distant from the shore, I picked up a bit of plank, and somewhat raslly, in the inpenosity of desire to contrive ways and moans to get to the island, in case tho folandors cond wot bo athrectod towards ow, told the Indians that, it we could lind twe or these more of the same sort, I oonld bied them togelhor and mako a rafi, on whith I might bo padded over ta "Jlathard." [informed dem, moreover, what was the most favorable time for crossing; namely, at the last of tho tide, ats the diastanme to loe passol would be less, and there wanld be no dificulty in eflecting a landing on tho island. No additional materials presented themselves, and the soheme was given' up; happily there was no neod of it. But, less happily, it now oecurred to mo that what I then spoke in my own behoof might be turned by the Indians to theirs, to our no smatl danger, in case a more earnest and vigorous search should disolose, nlong-shore, mone abondant materials for extemporizing transport craft.
Some of the men became so sorely anlicted with the
acuevy that we decided to land on the south shore and daase some of the dramaco for fiesh provision. Two of the lirenehmen tucompancel us. Just as we wero getting off, Hheir countryman whas left behind came ruming to us,
 them lad his gru. Ho seizol it and was taking it out of Whe hout, when the praty diepposturnel of it dimputed lis progress, and a recoular lircuch fight of kicking and fisticufly onsucal, which we hat diffentey in subluing. At last wo got off, but discovered only at lono guamed in a hollow bativeen the hills. Wo posted oursolves to surround him for a shot. When he cane out I had a fine chanco at himasho crossed the top of fich hill, and made quite sure of him. Unluckily, the fint-lock missed fire, and, beforo it was possible to burn any powder, our expeoted prey escaped. We araisod thsot for sevoral miles, and retumed homo tired arsi tmpty.
'J'ho mon continued thoir work, ata usual, the noxt day; but a storm was brewing. On tho following morning tho Fronchmen marched up to the honse, and demanded their wayces. Nley were told by Mr. Inall that he had nono of the proprictor's moncy, nor any authority to settlo with them. Then they would work no longer. Very well, they were told, they might let work alone, but their wages and rations could not be moddled with on demand. So they indulged in another season of idleness and misehief. Their first revenge was taken on old "John," :'e horse. On the second day of their mutiny the poor animal was seen to La 1 l ; $a$ hamstring was cut. Me was very fat, and was probably marked by tham for food, in default of fresh provision. At all even:3, Mr. Wall ordered him, as he was useless, to bo

Bo doall widh. Thu mon's mations were served ont, and tho
 beof" lute a atrong and simgilar flavor. I had become acoustomed to such diet among the l'atagonians, though nevor privileged to partako of so fat a specimen as old duhn.

Not knowing to what height the mutinous spinit of his men might carry them, Mr. Ifall wrote a brief statement of his affairs, and an account of my arrival on the istame, and enclosed then, together with what money and valuable papers ha had, in a tin box, which he buricd at night in a guanoheap. That would certainly be remored on Capt. White's arrival, or by some one else, if he never returned; so that our tale would not be lost, even though we should not survive to tell it. The desperate character of the men, --all but one or two of whom, as we had reason to believe, had left thoir oountry for their comentry's good, - and the recklessness of thoir bolavior, mado onr situntian rather ticklish. Our fear of the Indians, moreorer, was not laidentirely to slecp, though all visibla tokene of thoir teighterthood to us had dis-
 appronch us firom the south shore, which mas separated from tho ishad by a chamel notmoro than half as broast as that
 muddy, involving the risk that they would be hopelessly, benired in attempting to lind ; but this was a weak securjity against thom, if thoy woro resoluto enough to make tho effort. Nothing occurred for several days to break the monotony of life. No work was done; the men received their allowneces twite a weok, spending their time in wat-
 thoy roidered no aid. We took advantage of high water,
rove tackles, unt, by the help of rollers, drew it ip high and dry on tho limad. Whom it wis finishosl, - throught fene that the suen might stize it and make ofl to momo placo northward, thus depriving us of our only means of escape, if our provisions should be exhatusted before Capt. White's return, - it was furned over, and the sails and onrs were seeured, as far as possible, from depredation.

Old John was devorred, to the partial relief of the company; but some were still bidly affected with semrvy. Yet we were afraid to go any distance in seurch of fresh provisions, on account of the risk of finding Tudians about, Tho carcass of a guanaco, just killed by the dogs, was picked up in time to afford a seasible alleviation of suffering, and to roplenish our rapidly wasting stock of provisions. Indians without, discontent and mutiny within, and the possibility of famine, together, would have made the island anything but a paradise th one who hat not so lately cscaped the purgatorial pains of a Patagmiam captivity. The first of theso dixagreoublew, however, began to bo leas vivitly felt. Wo got hirod of sweoping tho horizon with our ghass in searel of the sumbe of thein canp-fires, or other appourances suggesting their vicinity, and gratually relaxed our vigilames. Wose was relamed from his sentry dution, and suffered to exchange such muilling serviee for the society of his friends the pigs. But wis stlll took tho axo into tho houso by night, and kept our guns loaded. The boat had to be lanched onec more, to go up the ereck for water. When it was unladed, we got the aid of a Spaniard and Froschann in drawing it or land, to provent the raseals Jrom utokling it, by tolling thom that it noeded printing, which was true enough. Tho scine was next got out, to
soo if sosab fish coutd not he fat las the insprovement of our
 luok," und suread the ineftectaid net on the gravelly beach to dry. Grown desperate, at last, wo decided thal, ludians or no Indians, we masi have fresthprovisions, if any were to be had, and mamed the whale-boat for an expedition to the continent. We landed on the south shore, and succeeded in diacovarimg and bringing down a molitary ghtateo. Tho gano was drossod, and we returped to our home in triumph. The two following days were chicfly spent in hunting, unsuceessfully.

In the afternoon of tho second day, having mothing ches to pres away tha hours, I comunched repiring the hagher, buat land not beon long at work pofore Mr. Hall cane down, with a smile. "Look out to sea!" he exclaimed; "Captain White is coming." I looked as directed, apd saw distinctly two anil appronching. A thwill ol joy shot through mo; I thought so more of work that day. An examination through the ghass mado them out to be a ship and a fore-
 White? The island was not frequented by yessels except for guano; bat it seemed very strange to seo a sehooner, as a vessel of that rig was not adipited to such a service. Mr. Hall bogan to think it might be some of Gencral Rosas, vessels despatelied to drive away reople engaged in taking ${ }^{\prime}$ guno on tho Pathgomin coast. It had been reported, some timo before, that lio designed doing so. He heard die rumor a fuw monlan proviana thi Monloviduo; and nliso nthother, What tho Chilian government clained the country, and were determined to hold it.

Tho little selooner led the way, considerably in advanco
or We thip. As the vessels ajproached nearer, they pro-
 intense interest, as they passed the shonls, and cume up wilh a favomble brece, under a press of satil. Soon they ontcred the river's mould. On passing the north point the sehooner stood up, kecping the north shore, and cast anchor. It wals evident thoy were not nerponinted with tho navigation, as there is a large shoal running from tha upper end of the island nearly to the mouth of the river, and they had sailed within it. On discovering the error, she attempted to keep off, but, in so doing, struck tho lower end of tho shoml, Mr. Jall mamed tho bout, and bourded the schooner. She proved to bo the Washington, tender to the ship Mudson, Captain Olilt, of Mystic, Connecticut, - a whaling yessel, just from the Tralkland Islands. Mr. Mall promised to go on board again during the following forenoon, and pilot the vessel into the chamel.
I. went with him for this purpose; and, as it was calm, the anchor was hovo awoigh, and, with tho boat ahoad, we lowed the sehooner actross tho shoal, which ab Jow water is piainly to be scen, but now, at flood tide, had plenty of waice. After getling into the right position, the anclor was dropped, and we spent the day on board very pleasantly. The weather held modorate till afternoon. Tho ship yet Jay off the mouth of the harbor, and made slow progress upuard. The sehooner, the day before, being so fire uhoud, had muly daylight and wind enough to got in; and the ship, finding she woukd bo benighted, as tho wind sank with the sun, hauled on and off during the night, and then lay with scarcely wind enough to fill the sails. A mart breese, however, sprung up in the afterfoon, and she
came gallantly into port, only repeating the mistake mado by the schooner betwecu the chtaniols; bat got off at night with tho tide, and, after some delay, anchored securely in suftioiont dopth ol water. As sho intended making somo stay in port, she was subsequently taken further up to the proper anchorage, and was moored on the bth of October, having come in on the th.

Captainclift had boen informed by the mate, whon had boon ashore, and by Mr. Mrill, of my misfortuacs and adventures among the Patagonians, and on the following
 received toe vory cordially, and insisten that I shonld mako his shife my homo ans long as it should stit my conyenience to do so. I accepted his kind offer, first going on shore, and communicating it to my liberal benefactor, Mr. Hall. He at once assented that it woild undoubtedly be plensantor to bo with my countrymen. I could dot leave him, hovever, without endeavoring to express my carnest gratitude for my resene from a uaptivity worso almost than death, mad lier tha kindly mympthy mad gencroun hampitality that he had oxercisel for two months. In my destituto condition I lad nothing but thanks to give, and I fervently hoped he might never be in a situation to need the like kindness from others; but he was assured, that whenever: or however it might bo possible to show my gratitude in a more substmatial mamer, it would be my happiness to do sos. Te hogged me to give myenti no tromblo mo that nemere, insisted on my retuining the articles of clothing with which ho had supplied me, loped I would come often and sco him while the vessels continued there, and I bade this noble specimen of the truc-hcarted Englishman a tearful good-by.

## OIA ITER X

A Christiun slip-master - Cruiso for whales, and for a California-bound vessel - An outhandishe craft - An American vessel - Passage secured

 sottloment -- Peasing receplion - Extonsiry coal-mino -- Sca-lions Mutiny of the convets, and atfol fite of the govornor and chaplain.

Caprary Ciffr cordially welcomed me to his ship, and immediately tendered me whatever I might need for personal comfort. I declined availing mysolf of his generosity, assuring him that $I$ could be comfortable with present supplies; but he insisted on replonishing my wardrobe, siloucing all ofjections by tho romatk that I planly neatod the articles, and that it was a part of our duly ou carth to give to the needy. Captain Clift was a Clristian in proeept and example. Jio had dialy prayer on board his ship, and made his religion an insepqrable part of himself; something more than a profession, that did not oxpend itself in words, but found expression in aets of kinuncss to all withiu his reach. Ho had on board a poor sick Irish lad, who wat taken into the cabin, and mursed with all tho eato that ciremnstances admitted, Had poor Mike beom his own son, he could not have donemore for him. Such acts, incapable of being traced to any sordid or selfigh
motive, sprung spontancously from his capacious heart, full to overllowing with the milk of human kiadncss. As the ship had been at tho Pallikind Islumis for several monthe, whero thoy livel exchusively amon fresh ment, it soomed innpossible that there should be a ease of scuryy on bourd; but tho raptain romuthed hat tho latagomiun coast was the worat he eyer visited in this respect.

The erev, umder direction of the mate, a brother of the captain, were busy in landing cattle, swine, empty casks and other articles, to make room on board for trying out whales, in case they captured any more, for which the schooncr was getting ready to cruise up and down the coast. The mate wont in the tender on her. first trip out; but she rcturned, in three or four days, unsuccessful. $\Lambda$ accond cruise was undertaken, but in a week's absence only ono whule wis dimeoverod, und this thoy fitiled to neomro. A third and still longer trip was erfually unsuccessful, and thoy returnod not a litllo discouraged. During this timo I had repeatedly exchanged visits with Mr. Ifall, and felt guite comfortable in my now quarters; but suffered the misery of idleness, and of impatienco at my detention, even arnong such genurous and considerato frimeds. Paribilly to relieve tho todium of inactivity; in compliance with an urgent roquost for some uscful omploymont, I was allowes to repule Lito shin's spanker. But I determinal that, ou thé next cruise of the tender, I would take a berth, in the hope of falling in with some pessel bound around Cape IIorn, or to Bontevideo, Rio Janeiro, Permambueo, or any other port from which it might bo possible to socura a passago to Califorian, -a land I wis rosolvediat lenst to suo, utter having got so far ou my way, though so inauspiciously.

The vessel was soon ready to sail. The evening before our departure Mr. Maill visited mo, and also camo in tho morning, befure we were off; - the whole-souled fellow! I shall ulways fray for his happinesy. Onptuin Clifo added to his other kinduesses by pressing upon nee various artiules of eamfort for tho vogugo, with a nice elothes-bng to contain them all. I partel from them, heartily praying a continuance of God's blessing on them both; neding, however, that it was very likely they would see me turning up among them, like a bid peuny, on the rcturn of the schooncr. In truth, my natural broyancy lad so far died out, that but fiint hopes of a successful termination of tho voyage, bogun, so long before, under auspiees apparenily checring, now encouraged mo. We hove up the anchor, hoisted sail, and stecred out of the barbor and down the const, vanning off and standing in on the land, in hope to full in with whales. On the fourth day out, we diseoverod a bail coming down the const towards us. It proved to bo an outlandish-looking craft, from her rig appearing to be a Portuguese schooner. We sailed towards her with a light breeze, lowered onr loat, and went alongside the foreigner. She had on boatd a harge crow of eut-throat looking fellows, loitering about. We were not asked on board, but remanined in the boat talking with them through one of our men, a Portugnese. They said they were liom soma place, the mame of which I have now quite forgoten, up the Straits of Gibraltar, and were bound through the Straits of Magellan 4 California. I suggested to Mr. Clift tho propriety of gotting on board, and going to Port Famine or
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for his own part, he would fect hardly willing to trust himself anong them, in which opinion I concurred.

Gar Portuguese hand went on board, and talked with the enptain of my adventures among the Indians, and of the occupation, sc., of our schooner. He was divected to inquire for whales, and brought us answer that several had been seen along the coast, some distance to the northward. Whilo this conversation was going on, a iall, hatiry fellow camo up from the calsin, encased in a dark-colored aloak having a red collur, and stripes of the same hue ruming about the cdge; a hood, or cap, of divers gaudy colors, lay back on his shouldors, and another, gayly and profusely variogated in hue, was perelied upon his head. Altogetloor he was a comical-looking piece of human nature. IIo took a look at our vessel through tho glass. In auswer to an inquiry through our interpreter, ive leamed that thoy had passed, the day befire, an Amariean schooner bound that way, which could not bo far off. Ono of tho sailors passed some licquor to us over the side of the vessel ; it was mad suff, sud T could only out of complinent go through witi the farm of drinking. While this little courtesy was enacting, our lisau over-hoal was scanning the horizon with his glass, and at length exclamed that ho sary tho vossel; wo turned, and distinctly perocived a sail making towards us.

We soon returned to the tender, and stood in for tho shore, in order to eut off the approaching stranger; max-
 viow was botter, and keps the mato advised of her comse. Whon nem onough to lo watebed from the deek, I emme down, as it was impossible she conld oscape us. Mr. Olift
offercd to board her, and I aceordingly pieked up my things, ready for contingencies; the brecze was light, and the strange schooner appronched slowly. We stood in till it was judged we were in her track, and then hove to, with fle stars and stripes flying at the main gatf, as a signal that we wished to speak her. l'resently the same beautiful flag was run up her main roak; on she cane, - our bout was lowered, Mr. Clift jumped in with mo, and wo were rowed alongside, the schooner rounding to, nud laying by for us to come on board. Gaptain Clift announced himself to the master of the schooner, who came to tho side to receive us, and introduced me. He courteonsly invited us on board, jocosely remarking that wo lad at good many captains for one vessel, took us into the cabin, and treated us with the greatest civility.

The schooner proved to be the IIopewell, of New OrIcans, Captain Mortm, from Antigut, and bound to San Francisco, throngh the Straits of Magellan. There were two passengers aboard, an American gentleman, àd a Portuguoso, takon aboard at Bahia. At Captain Morton's reçucst, I gilvo a sketeh of my expedition and sojourn among the camibutls. "You were bound to California when you cmbarked?" he inquired, when I had concluded; "I am bound there, and, if you wish to finish your poyage, you catu go with me." My mind was relievod; I almost feared to ask a passage, but my wish had been anticipated, - my request, generously granted before it was ubtormal. I gratofilly weropted his offer; remarking that ruless my yessel lad arrived in safety, of which I had no assithamee, I slould find myselt as destituto on landing as at that moment; hat that be could leave me at Port

Famine, if I becane troublesome. The "Jobm Allyne" I supposul to hayo beer lowt nom after my captare; 1 had heard nothing of her sinee. He desired me to givo mysolf
 sell. to entertain us. Ay we wore opposito the river Calllogos, and conld easily run down to Oapo Yirgin during the night, Captain Morton felt in no hurry; and the whaling schooner was very well posted for observation on the coast, bo that our men were well contented, and we had a vory pilasank sucial interview of two or threo hours. Finally, after partiking of some refreshments, I bade adicu to, my excellent friend Mr. Clift, and the two pessels parted, to pursue their different courses.

Daring the night, we worked our way down to tho straits. I ant up cuito lato witl the ciptain; and, whon at Jength I retired to my state-room, fell soundly aslecp. The next morning we'were nearly opposite Cape Virgin, the north point of the entrance to the straits. We were rathor wido off the enpe; tho wind was nhead, and a good strong broozu; wo heat in ab jath, and anehored amdor Point Dungeness. The Portuguess schooner was in the offing; sho warked up bofore night, and anchored a little to the windward of us. We lay at anchor thirougle the night; the nest morning we both got under way, with a light brecze, which lasted, however, but a littIe while,' when tho wind came round ahead. As we were passing Poiat Dungeness - it was not fairly daylight, and I had not yot risen, - Mr. Fr., one of the passengers, cried out that tho shore opposito was lined with Indians. I hurriced on dook, to get a peep at them; upon looking, there appeared a great schoo of seals on the beach; they seemeä
to be shanding up, amd walking on thesir hind foet, mo as to have, in the dusk, very much the appearanco of hadinas. With somo difficulty we worked up to near the peint where the doln Allyne lay when I made my unlucky visit on shore, and tame to machor; so that $I$ wis brought back again almost to the starting-point of this. "eventful history," - ic revolution suggestive of many reflections.

The next day there came a heavy gale; the Portugnese sehooner lad anchored on the preceding night, in tho bight of Possession Bay, further down. We lay heavily pitehing at our anchors till afternoon, when Captain Morton determined to get his anchors, if possible, and run down to whore the foreign selooner lay, thinking it might prove a safo anchorage. After much trouble in raising the anchors, we ran back, keoping the lead going, and rouning at a furious rate, under bare poles, exeepting the head of tho jil. The whole bay was a sheet of surf and foam. I began to think we hal not much bettered our condition by removing. Wo nuchorol abrenst of our I'ortuguoso friend, but still dragged the anchors. Wo finally brought up by securing some iron castings we had on bourd to the kedge; the chain-cable was reeved through them,- they were let down ten or filteen feet from the anchor. The small kedge thos fixed, with the weight attached to the chain, ploughed to the bottom, instead of being lifted out by the strain on the cablo, thereby performing the service of one many tines its weight. Our littlo vessel rode out the gale, which was of short duration; as the sun went down the wind subsided. We had hoisted a small sail to the mainmast, in shapo :erembling a leg of mutton, to make the vessel ride heal to the wind, instead of lying in the trough
of tho son. Tho tide, raming at ho bino mongly ngatimet. tho wind, caused us to dio nearly hoadsido to tha foree of
 aftor-sail, caused the craft to lic more steadily. dust beforo sunset we got our nuchors at the bow, and were
 in the foronoon, near the first marrows. We arrivel there in tho ovoning, and again anthored; tho next morning, with a light brecze from the castwakd, wo stood into the narrows, in company with the Portugnese schooncr. Soon after we had passed through the narrows, the wind came ahead; we bat along, and anchorod moder Cape Gregory, a fine anchorago.

Towards evening we discovered something sithing upon a high, abrupt sand-eliff, on the bordering shore; we could perceive, by an occesiosal movement, that it was a living
 was oloscly inspoctod with tho glass; at lash it was pronounced to be an hindian. The shore was closely seanned in all directions, to ascertain whether there wore more in the vicinity; none were in sight, and wo concluded to pay tho solitary a visit; but, as homdreds might be concoaled in the neighborhood, we armed to the teeth. Ohd flint-lock muskets, rusty with long idleness, were dragged frous their bidiug-places, and treated to a dose of oil, to limber their aged joints; new flinte wero fitted to the locks, and everything put in good order. The guns were heavily charged with powder und shot; pistols and cutlasses, dirks and bowic-knivos, woro all in readiness, and the bont, was aloner-
 the first and accond mates, and myself, pushed off for the

Hore Wo lamed at some distance from the olject of our visit, that we might have a better opportunity to survey the coentry aromad, . Before tho boat farly fult tho botion, the sccond mate jumped into tho water, and ran along the beach, until he could see that the supposed Thidinn wat a largo birch. Ho raisod hity gom, and firel; the bird came tumbling down the precipiee, and, on running and, we foume it to be a largo condor. I'lo Jonteman had broken his wing. We caught our prize and took it on board the vessel, and were heartily langhed at for our pains by the eaptain, who had beea viewing the onslanght through the glass. Mr. F. was teased by him many days for the intrepidity of his charge on the poor bied, rushing to the attack with a drawn sword in one hated, and a cocked pistol in the other, We all folt a little crest-fillen, I most admit, "ftor having made much formidallo preparativens for an hadian fight, to rotum with so inglorious a prize ; but, as nonc of my formor tormentora could rensonably be supposed to have strayed to this part of the country, and I had no animosilics towards other tribes to be gratified, I felt, on the whole, very woll sntisfied with the result. Wo measured the bird; but, as I was not "takin' notes" at the time, it is now impossible to give its dimensions; it was very large.
Ithe next day wo commenced beating under a head-wind through the second narrows; but, when partially through, it commeneed blowing so severely that we were compelled to return to our anchorage at Cape Gregory. The following iny wo double-rcefed the sitils, beut through the nar-
 shore, and discovered traces of Tidians; tho smoke of their
fires was sean to tho wostward. Wo roamed about on shore for some hours, leat found nothing to interest us; it was all axtouting bare and monaterous. The broozo von-- tinuing fresh ahead, wo remained one day in the harbor, sponding our luisuro in slowting neun-bives, which wore very abundant. Oneo maro we got under way, and anchored off the mouth of Pocket llarbor until daylight, thea stood into Royal Road, and passed to the westward of Elizabeth Ysland into Catalima Bay.

Before passing Sandy Point, we saw several horscs, and a Ohilian flag flying. Wo hnuled in and came to anchor, as we wished to procure wood and water. A large gathering of Spaniarde from tho settlement came to the shore. Among them I noticed a littlo man, handsomely dressed, with a beautiful cloak, and a cap having a wide gilt band; he appeared to bo about fifty years old. A young man, of per-
 drossod in military costume, bluo trousore with whito sideatripo, blue cont wilh atauding collar, and cloth cap with a gilt bund. Theso inmprtant porsomagos woro no lesss than tho governor and inis lighlast officar. They were walk-
 landed, thuking bauds, and asking us whoro we wero from, whither bound, and if we stood in need of anytling. Capt. Morton could undorstand the Spmish, when apoken, casier than ho could apeak it himself. I thereforo actod as apokes. man, sud replicd that wo wantod wood and water. Aiter loarning the quuntity needad, his oxoolleney gave his men ordsra to cut and splii the wood, and draw it to the shore ; and said that if wo would send our water-censks ashore, his men should fill them. In due time both orders wero executed,
and we reecived a good supply of theso necessary stores We were then invited to the governor's house. His tiblo watssumptuously ypreat, und we were ontertained in tho most handsome style. He was a kind, gontlemanly man, and relined to roccive at pung for tho supplios to furnighod us, but accepted some presente from the captnin. The young officer ulso trented us very politely, and lospitably ontertained us in his house. Our vessel remained here about a week. Ilivery day the governor sent us a large bucket of sweet milk, and sometimes fresh beef. The place was a Ohilian penal settlement. He was about ronoving the colony from Port Pamine here, on account of the superiority of the soil. The young soldior and the Catholic padre wore his prinespal officers. $\Lambda$ part of the colany yet remained at Port Faminc.

One day, while walking out with the governor to lock at the selllemmat, do nsted if wo wore nequaimed with conl. I. replisal, pointing to Mr. If, that he had boen an engineor on Heveral steamboats, and ouglt to be ablo to judge of carbon, as thoy oulled it. Tfo sent his men along tho litto brook to. look for some. They soon roturned with soveral small wipecinems, which Mr. bi, pronomeol good conl. The govcrnor suid that the littlo brook led up to a large conl-mine, sis or seven miles back, and he requested us to go and look at it. The next day he ronewed the proposal, offored us horses aid a man to clear the way, and said the padre would accompany us. I lesitated a littlo, auggesting that wo might fall int wilh Indians. But be said, and the priest coneurred, that thero was no dangor on that seore, and we consented to go. We accorringly went on shore the following morning, and fuand borses in readiness for us. Mr. F., the
padre and mysolf, slarted off, necompanied by a Spaniart on foot, armed with an axe, to clear away the obstructions in our path. Altor loaving the settlement, we plunged into a thiok wood, on low, marshy gromd, and followed a blind trail, leading now over the trumk of a laxgo tree, which our horses loapod with difficulty, now aoross a quagmiro, which had to bo fillod with busbes to fornish a foothold, and agnin yas obstruotod by an overlanging tree, or pement bramel, which arrested cur progress till it could be out away. In this manner wo workel a passago for about a mile, when wo emorged into an upland region free from underbrush. By this time, the thought recurred that it was rather imprudent travelling unarmed in that misorable country, infested by savage nom and wild bensts; but I wus in for it, and jogged along with dogged rosolution. The face of the country became more uneven as we procedel, tall trees were numprous, and wo caught an oqcasional glimpse of anow on tha bille, Wo soon reachod a boight at which there was ubundanoc of show. Our guido atrodo in udvanco, hix Span-
 to himpelf. As wo wero desoending a stecp phace, my horso auddonly stoppod, and bont his houd men logs to tho ground,
 found himself about thirty feet below, his head and hands stuck fust in tho snow, med his locels elovatod high in air. A little suart exertion extricated me from my uncomfortghle position. Our guido camo to mo, uttoring malodictions on the tumbling beast. Clumbering with me back to where the horse stood, he beat hion soundly, and again girt the saddly so tightly that I amost fearmal it would sevor his body. I remonstrated, but he repitied that it wats a bat
horse, and was playing old tricks. At the bottom of the declivity I remounted; we travelled through the snow an far as we could rido, then left our horsos and continuod our way on foot. The anow was vory decp, in places frozen lard encugh to bour our weight. A walk of a mile or moro brought us, with some fatigue, to the coal-nino. But there was such a depth of snow that wo could soo only hero and there a projection of coal in the banks of the brook which runs down from the inountains to the settlement.
The coal was pronounced by Mr. F. to be of good quality for steamboat use. Some pieces which we brought down with us burned very freely, and enitted great heat. Mr. F. thought it a great discovory, and lad an inclination to upply to the Chilian governmont for pormission to work the mine. The Buenos Ayrean govermment, also, I was informed, laid clain to this desolate country. Porest trees, of great size, woth of hard aud soft wood, appeared to bo abundant; und numorous streans of water aro conveniont, which could readily supply water-power sufficient to manuftheturo almont any quantity of lambor, $A$ sanal inight very ensily be dug to the straits, or a railroad might be construetod, so ns to take tho coal, with littlo trouble, from the ming to tho endma. the gadre math that an lhaglinh company, some time ago, started to oxplore this mine, but, on account of the great depth of amow, gavo up the ontorprise without inspection.

Wo returned to the settlement before night, and went to the young officer's houso, where we were bountifilly supplied with refreshments, and had a very pleasant, sociable incervery, into which tho priest entored with duo spirit, in respect both to the physical and montal refreshments. Ro.
turned to the resel at dusk, The next morn' $s$ we landed some gooda, and tatuled with the peoplo. rine principal artieles purchased wero cougrer-skins, guanmeo-skins, turl at fow obtrielleskins, bowed togethor in the form of an calim, the long foathers being extracted, leaving a soft, downy surfaco. The governor asked pornission, which the captain roadily granted, for some of tho women to visit tho yessel and trade on board; and in the afternoon half a dozen or morc of thom visited us, viowed tho vossel, purchnsel such articles as they wanted, and were then set on shore. We speut here a day or two more very agrecably, trading with
 Wo had a little sport in trying to eapture somo sea-lims that were gambolling around tho vessel, but were unsuceessful. We saw the skin of one that had been captured by one of the conviets; it was blauk, eovered with a thiek coat of corrse hair, or rather hristles. In sizo they were about ofpuil to tho common bull-dog. Jhwy riso every now anul then to tho surface of the water, to blow, like a porpoise. Wo butu the goverome, tha young uliseer and tho padec, un affoctionate firowell. Their kinduess and conrtesy had mado our rixit so ngreomhlo lat wo woro almust sorry to leavo them. Not long after our departuro, we werestacked to learn that they hat mot with in suiden amb entaol finte. The oonvicts mutinied, and rose upon the officers. 'Ibe govornor and tho priestikemomed in romaing tho opmesitu shore, where they remained threo dity, willout food. They decided to return to the setlement, and abide the consequoncon, whatuver they might hee, Tho eonsiats bound them hand and foot, roasted them alive, Durned their bones, ank

peecing never agrin to see their fuces, but had loved to think of them as still inhabiting thant bleak shore, turning it, by the magie of their checrful temper, into a pleasant gardon, and warming it in tha glow of thoir kindly hearts. Their ond was in such fearful contrast to their lives, and did such violenco to our remembrance of their virtues, that the itdings affiected us with a sense of personal loss, and made that lonely spot at oneo among the happiest and tho saddest of my oxperiance.

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## OIIAPTHI X.

Porl Famino - Sit. Nicholas' Bay, and its ingeribions - Poditeness of the Indian dectined - Difficully of mavigating thes strats - A jost-big in
 the Brilish government ta resente prisoners in I'alagoniat-Anoriean
 Termandoz-News from home - $A$ chapter of necidents - A brip to
 the mines $-A$ huyly mecting.

Oor next stopping-phace was Port Pamine. We were visited, tho first evening after we emehored, by- the acting governor of the colony amblhair Trish doctor. The catpain and mysell' wout on whore the next day, and mate a very agreeuble visit to the officers, who treated ass withe mach
 cast anchor in Saint Nicholas' hay, a beatiful harbor. Going on shore, we obscrved the mancs of a number of vessols that had preeeded us through tho straitu carred upon trees, with the dates of the seferal inseriptions; we nded our own to the edtalogne. There were some dosorted bush-huts, probalbly of Terra-del-Puegans, who frequantly crosa over the straits in their callowe, where fi: himes. A suall, shallow strean, of mush beaty, flows into thes harbor; we rowed up it for some distanee, ghnilu; the the
banks. From this point, several ineffectual attempts were mide to advanco; but wo were driven back as eoon as wo clenred Cape hroward; and obliged to retreat to our anchorage. Our vessel was flat, and could not hold on before a stiff breeze, but was inclined, like a crab, to move sideways. The wiind having subsided, we made satil late in the afternoon, suceceded in doubling Oape Froward, and dropped anchor in Smag Bay; but, not being platsed with our position, weighed anchor, and continued our course to Fortescue Bay. In passing Cape Holland we saw a largo company of Indiuas. They paraded on the shore with dingy flags flying, and waved skins in the air to invito our approun; but wo kept on our way without noticing them; anchored, the next afternoon, in . Tort Gallant, -a fine harbor, sheltered from all winds. We olsorved the wreck of some large verscl, mad corjectured that it might bo that of a lireach bark of which wo were told at Port Fimine, which was run aslore and plundered by the Indians, who murdered the erew. We wore advised to keep a sharp look-out for fudtans here, which wo failed not to do; but none made their appearance. As wo beat up Grooked
 covered a white flag alying on the Tom-dul-huegra shore. 'Illinking it might be the signal of some white people who haul been shipwrecked, we stood over into who opposito chamel, near enough to see Indians and their canoes on the leach, ready to pay us a risit. We hove about, having no desire to malse their acquaintince, and anchored, towards night, in the leantifu] Borga Bay, opposite.
The most difficult and dangerous feature of navigation in the straits is the encountering of suden and violent
squalls, whioh strike the vessel withont tho least waraing, and aro froguently onough to wrok her in a fiw minates oyon in the hands of the most experiuncod semmon. Wc found on shoro inseriptions of Cabifornin-bound vessels, ate bofore. On a branch of a trec overhanging a little stream, wo found a bottlo suspunded, omithing papors. This was taken on board, end ils contents oxamined. lyree or four vobsels, passing through tho atruits, had lol't memoranda of thoir oxperionco, - much as snow-stanms, loss of spars, anchors, ehains, \&o. Guptain Morton wrote a humorous account of our voyage, to deposit in this repository of curiositios; and I added a contribution, narrating my capture by the Iudians and esenpe, with ar request that, if it should fall into hands bound for the United States or England, it might bo publiakod. I littlo thought that it would bear to my anxious friends the first intelligenee of my safety. I left lotters at Sea-fion Islond, to be forwarded by the first opportunity, which failed to reach their destination; but this, bottled and suspended from a tree in the wilderness,
 passing trater, by whom the soiled wriling was deeiphered, and kindly forwarded to Smitin's News-room, in Joston, and was published in the " Boston Allits."

Our progress was alow, both wind and tide beins against us; a strong current set constantly to the eastward. At Swallow Jarbor, where we next anchored, wo were completely sheltered from the wistls, execpt that which camo down flom tho lalizy momation, galled by the malara " wilJowaws." 'I'ho secnary nroms in extexelingly wild. I'lase wity a houtifill waterlall on the mountain side, the steman probably fed by melting snow. We stopped at phany
harhors as we pansed along, most of them quite securo when colered, but dillicult of access. linifeport liay, at which wo touched, is vory properly mamod. It is but a slight ithdentation in the land, and has a bottom affording very poor hohling-ground, covered with kelp; besides, it is very imperfegty blolterent hom tho wind. White lying hero wo had a severe gale from the westward, which produced considerablo "ehope" Our vessol drugged her anchors, in consequence of (heir beconing foul with kelp. Ilowever, by dropping our kedge-anchor, and londing the chains, we succeeded in arresting our motion before striking the rocks. We had a marrow escape.

At Cape Monday, having east anchor, we discovered, towards night, a stomer on the Patagonian side, bound westward. Our colors were wet, as thero were indications of a dark and storiny night, and the steamer turnod floout and steored for our harbor, This was a pleasant circmostance, as tho cuptain meant, if possible, to get towed through tho strmits. Tho vessel anchorod near us, ant proved to bo tho
 geatloman residing in 'Iukhuara, and now bourd to Valparaiso. Captain Smith had his daughter with him, and hatf it dozen pussengers. We visited them, and were very civilly reccived, invited into the calin, and introduced to the young ladly. On hearing my name, she observed that they found at Borgi 3ay a paper in a bottle, describing tho enprivity of a person bearing tho samo namo in Patagraia, with an ateoomb of his escapo. Cuphaia Morton informent her that. I was the writer of that doemment. "f.s it prossible?" sho exclatmed; "then you are tho hore of" those ndventures!" "I. certanly an the unfortmate
person thare deseribed," I replich, "though wholly undeserving tho mame of hero." Sho exprenscil, as wid all the punsongers, mach sympathy, and nsked many questions in regurd to the trentment reveivel and tho lifo lod daring my onptivily.

Oaptain Smith suggested that I might be nble to give him some infornation in regard to two Englishmen who had been captured by the sayages. Ho had orders from tho Board of Admiralty to make seareh at any, places at whicli ho wight touch on the Patagonian const, and cndeavor to learn something of their fate. I told him that I knew something of certain English prisonors in that country, and proceeded to relate what I had learned from the Indinas of the murder of Captain Eaton, and the capture and subsequont murlor of Mcuares. Simes and Douglass; giving the names of the vessel and the prisoners from inforination compunicated by Mr. Hall. Oaptain Smith produced his lottor of instructions, and tho names and ciroumstanees porfuotly ooinsided, oxecpt that the instreotions desoribat the Avon asa alip, white the was stylod by Mr. Mall as a brig; an immatorial variation, as all classes of vessels often pass ander the gencral designation of "ships." My deposition of the facts was written out by two of the passongors, and, laving boen read to me, $I$ signed it, for transmiasiou to lingland. The English governunent, Oaptain Smith suid, had been at great pains and expeyse to obtain information of those unfortunate young men, who belonged to highly rospectablo fanilios in England, and to facilitate their casalpe. Joats had been sent out and buried in the sand, and a great number of landkorchiefs had beori printod, containing particalar statements of the situation of
the buried boats; theso had been distributed to vossols bound noar the Patugonian const, to be thrown ashoro, in: the lope that they might be pieked up'by Indians, and thes convoy tho desired information to tho prisonors, if thoy were living. In houring what the llritish govermments had done for its unfortumate subjects, I indulged in somo bitter remarks on the supposed neglect of our govermment in respoct to my fite, in leaving me (as I presumed to think) to parish among camnibals, without making any effort to learn my fate, or to rescue me from destruction; remarks of which I had abundant causo to be ashamed, when I learned what had been actually attempted in my behalf.
Wo could effect no arrangement to be towed by the steuner, as the captain said his stock of fuol was too small to warratt rumning the risk of being retarded; besides, in case of accideni, it would affect his insurance. Wo spent part of the evening on board the steamer; very soon after returuing to our thip, a loat, containing two or throo of the pussengers, drew up alongsido, and a package was put into my hands containing ten dollars, and a letier, signed by the captain und passengers, requesting my accoptance of the gift, as a slight token of their rognrd and sympathy. While returning my hearty thanks for such a demonstration of kinduess to a strangor, I beggod to deoline the money; but thoy urged its acooptance, and I roluctantly gratifice their wishes.

All the next day we boat along, till we found anchorago at Round Island for the might. On noaring the harbor, a mast was observed on tho rocks, lying partly out of the wabr. I took the boat, oarly the next morning, to ascer-
tain if it was attached to a wreck; but found what it was loose, and mant havo drifted there. I laecked off the jron band and cross-trees from the mast-head, and brought them on board our vessel. At Tamer Harbor, our next port, we noticed the wreck of a new vessel, lying well up on the shore, her bottom badly shattered by the rooks an which she had been driven, and both masts gone; it proved to be tho "John A. Sutter," of Rhode Island. On the opposite shore were parts of iron-mills, and other mackinory, probubly designed for use in California. The shore was strewed with trunks and chests, from the wreck; she had been stripped of everything valuable. The cabin on, deck had been cut, and partially burned, by those touching at the harbor. We fished up a bundle of steel rods from the hold, which was partly filled with sand and water. The vessel had been wrecked, as wo aftersards ascertainced, in a thick fag, on one of the little islands off the western mouth of the straits, and drifted back to the harbor, where wo found her. While we wore here, tho sehooner Jutius Tringle, of New Jonden, bound fou Chiliterin, cambin amd anchored. Tlie next diy a fino wind bore us to Merey Harbor, tho last anchorage in the Straits of Magellan. The harbor is a good one; and we determined not to leave it till wo had a groud wimi, thint would takn us weld out, firr enough to elear the islands lying off the north side. Wo remained sovernl days wating for a outlowesterty wind, during which dolay a pilot-kot, bound for the golden country, enme up with as. Our time here was spont very agreonlly; our passiage through the sthaits lame consumed fifty-ono days, and had been effected withona accilent, though we had withesseal repeatel tokens of dis-
aster to some of our predecessors. By way of eclebrating our success, wo got up a "elam-bake," minus the clams, in lieu of which we collected and roasted a guanlity of muscles, by burying them in the earth, and applying hot stones; they proved excellent eating, and we had "i good time."

Our mate, who was a sensible young man, of good education, had two foibles; he was a dedided grumbler, and, in his conviviality, he was a little ton far from total abstinenee. Ho had a particular tislike of a dog on board, purchased at Sundy Point, - a thievish rascal, that always lad his nose in anything that was dirly; even the tar and slush-buckets did not excape his attentions. On the evenjng of the clan-bake, the mate was a litile exhilarated; and, having pulled off his pea-jacket proparatory to "turning in" for the might, he seized Bose, mistaking him for the jacket he had just dropped, and threw him into his berth. The dog was not at all displeased with such comfortable quarters, and lay down very nicely with bis unexpected bod-fullow. I. ohserved tho mato, tho next . morning, siding mear his berth, yawning; his oyes presently rested on the detested Bose; his feet were in quiek motion, and an unceremonious kitek turned the dog out as suthenly us ho land tresa tumed in. Illm incident afforded us a liearty laugh at the mate's expenso, who became, for Whe rest of the voyige, in decided temperance man.

Stired of our detention, we pret off in unfavorablo weatleer ; the Pringle and the pilot-boat (whose name I have forgolten) getting out with ns, but wo found it expedient to retreat to our anchorage. A gate soon followed, which prolonged out stay; when its fary was past, we got out
and proceeded northyard, for Callao. In passing the port of Juan Fernandez, we baw a whaling-ship just pulting out to soa; we had designed to stop, here for some supplies, but oonoludod that wo would botter obtaia them at Callao, and hold on our courso. La dur way to Onllav wo spoke the bark Sarah, Captain Morse, from Now Bedford, bound to California with a company of sixty membors, of whioh Oaptain Morso was president. Our captain told thom that he had on board a man from New Bedford, Captain Bourne, -oscaped from captivity among the Indians. Captain Morse replied that ho recolleated tho aloop of war Vandalia was sent down to the struits in. search of him, Prosently a crowd of persons surroundal the captain of the Sarah, who appeared to bo talking carnostly; the bark was soon hovo to, and several gentlemen from Now Joudiond unmes to un in a bont. Thay bumul ovorjoyed to lind mo alive and well, and made numerous inquirios about my captivity and rescue. They informed mo that tho Yandulin was despatehed by our government to my rolief, with orders to purish my captors, if expedient and practicable. Irom them, ulsa, I gained the first information concerning my slip and shipmates; it seemed that the vessel, with the Hobo and the J. B. Giiger, lost thoir olning and onchors in the stratios, and dragged out to non. The John Allyne, ather stuoring lwo ar thred daga
 that thoy had water enough uhoard to earry them aromel Oapo Horn, the only practicable course, as, without chains and anohors, it was impassiblo to enter hio strates. With
 tho phasagio round the eerpe as they were. They encoma
rered a gale off the Forn ; and, while lying to, the vessel was knocked on her beam ends. The second mate, Mr. If. Graro, of Now Bedford, was washed overboard, and lost; pthers wero badly bruised, some narrowly escaping the doom of tho mato. 'tho onhin partily fillod with watur; but the sohooner righted, with the loss of spars, sails, bulwarks, caboose, and stanchions. She finally weatherod tho gale, and arrived at Valparaiso, forty-ono daye aftor I was left in Patagonia. Hore the vessel was repaired, at groat cost, and proceeded safely to California. After the relation of this chapter of aceidents, I gave them a brief narrative of my adventures among tho Patagonians; they roturned towards night to their ship. The wind was light, and in the morning we were still near cach othor'; several of the passengers came to us in a boat, bringing with them It qumbily of $\Delta$ morinan acosspapers. I found in thom notices of the disasters that befell my vessol, and tho particulus of my capture. The papers were lent to mo until wo should meet at Callao, - a greal favor; their contents wore devoured with a high relish, as they were the first American papers 1 had seen since my onpture. Both vessels arrived safely, on the third day afterwards, at Callao.

In the evoning after our arxival, I went with the caphain and Mr. W. on hoard tho Sneah, and spent an hour vory agrocably. I'ho passongers. lied agroed to thko tho diligeneo noxb moming, mad visil the eily of Jinna, six miles distant, and they invited us to join them. Mr . $\mathrm{ll}^{\text {r }}$. assenterl, but I declined, preferring, on tho whole, to romain on mhipmed. 'Ithe party wors on moro botimen the noxt morning, except Mr. L'., who consumod so maelt
time in urging no to go with them, in wheh Captain Morton joined, that he said the company must hive got off; and, unless I would accompany him on horseback, ho would have to bear me company in the ship; so, rather than disappoint him, though carng bot little persomally for the jumt, I yielded. We wont ashore immediately, procured borses, und, having found our frients, rambled over the eity, viowing the numeroms publie building by which it is adornex. Wo were contintilly bosct by shrivelled, cadayerous beggars; they posted thenselves at overy comer, und besouglet us, by the lBlessed Virgin, to give them alms. Hhe day passod, on the whole, so pleas. antly, und there rematined so many oljeets of interest unvisited, we rather regretted that it was not longer. The diligences drove zep to tho hotel towardy ovening, to tako our frients to the port; we started for onr horses, intending to overtake and accompany them in thoir drivo, but miasod our vay. Somo timo olapsed beloro we found oursolves at the gate of the city, opening on the beautiful public roud to (Allito. As wo passed ont, wo drew up at a respectable-looking ranche; two young spamiards appoared to bo tho only occupanis. With some littlo delay, during which ono of the two stepped out at a back door, wo procured cignes, lighted them, and were moving towards the entranec. Whilst I was paying for them, my companion got the start of me. As I was placisg my foot in the stirrup, twenty or thirty mounted horsemen ditshed through the griteway, up to the house. Thoy were armed to tho. tectli; their holsters stuck full of pistols, and I could sea shining bades probruding through their farments. They had a tesperate, lawless look, mulike Hat
of soldiers or civil olficers, and it seemed to mo they were no better than they should bo. Ithought of the delay in giving us our cigars, and it struck me that one of the troop strongly resembled the fellow who atepped out so quietly on our entranoc. I sprang into the saddle and gave my horse two or three smart raps, under the stimulus of which he cleared the canseway between the sidewalk and tho road at a singlo bound, and specdily overtook my companion. Ifo lad caught a glimpse of tho armed cavaleade, and we urged our horses at full speed for about a mile, without looking buek. On turning, notling was seen but a long streak of dust. We then comparad notes touehing tho armed men, and agrecl that we were best of at a distunce from tiren. We made tho best of our way to Callino, which wo reached a little after dark, and found tho captain delighted at our safo return, as ho had fenred some aceident, having heard since moming of sevoral robleries lately comnitted on that road. II had been told that a perfect understanding existed between the robbers and the people of Callao, who gave daily intelligenee of persons lenving tho port for the city; and that ever oflicers of the goverunent wore suspocted of comiving nt these outrages, if not actually in league with the bnnditti, As yet, all attempts to ferret them out and broak up thoir combination had failed. Our deseription of the party we encountered so far agreed with the stateutents of American residents at Callito, that we were congratulated, and felt disposed to congratulate ourselves, on our safe journey. Neither of us was burdened with plata, and we had no moro effective werpons than our jack-kuives.
As a national vessel had been ordered to the coast of l'itatigonia fer my relief, I thought it my duty to report 18*
myself the next day to tho American consul; who was much intereated by the recital of my expericace. Whe brig Aun and Julia, Unptain Madister, of New Orlonns, mano inte port a day or two alter. (Gaptain Medister aad that the Vandalia camo into Rio Jimeiro while he was there, shipped more men, and sailed sonthward in great haste.

Having oltained wood and water and other noeessary supplies, we put out to sea once more. I must not omit to record the kinthess shown, and tho still groater kinduess tondered mo, by tho ceptain of tho Surah, and all the members of the company. They offered me a free pastage and any nssistance I might noed on arrival in California; but the gencrosity of Oaptan Morton had suppliad all prescnt needs, and, with all gratilude for their proffered aid, I was not willing to tax their hounty in advance. We stood woll to tho westward beloro erossing tho line, as only light winds oun bo oxpooted beforo reacking from five to seven degrges of north or south latitudu, whon tho trate-winds set
 San liturineo, which wus in very goorl lime, comsidaring the suliligg yualities of ent vossul. Wo athenored in tho beanifal harbor, February 19, 1850, one yenr and seven days from the date of my leaving Neiv liedford.

Any deneription of Sin braneines would bo aldugether superfuous, hy hor streets, evom, are familiar in the statey as housohold words. I found, upongoing anhore, leders l'rom thoso most denr to me, which had long awnited my arrival; also ono from a brother then in Californit. Jo stated that inmedintely on bearing of my misfortunes he started for San Finneisoo to sev Commodorodones, then on that station, amd endeavor to induce him to make an cllor for my release.

On making his business known, the gallant commodore informed him that he lad already heard of it, and had dempateded dice sloup-of-war laceant for my resene, in tho full confidence that the caterprise' would be successfiel. When I was telling the Indian council that flourishing story of ney consequence at home, and of the big ships and little ships, the big gans and litilo gums, that were at my comnama, ready to avenge any mischief thoy night do me, I little thought how literally the action of our govermmant, and the spomtancous kindness of Comnodoro Jones, woro yorifying my words. The sympathy manifested in my behalf by the gollimt commodore doserves more than this passing notico. My brother also left a deposit of funds against my arrival, if it ever occurred, of the probability of which he was in some doubt; also his addross, and liat of another brother, who was then at the mines. I could learn but little as to the fite of my vessol, or of my effects on board, except that she had duly arrived there, and, atter moch disagreement nut disputa among tho eompuny, hud boon sold for a triflo above the conts of repair on the passage. This operathon, I hought, savorod litilo of Yuakeo mhowdness; sinee wo arrived at a later date; with a ycssel of about the same size, age and value, at a time when shipping was in less demand, anul sold her for nearly threo timos tho amount. I was happy to meet many itcquantanees, who gavo me a hearly welcome, and showed me kindnoss I can nover foyget.

The sehooner $J$. Pringle, from which wo parted on issuing from the Straits of Magellan, arrived in port very soon alter us, having touchod tot Vilparraiso. Iler captain said that he found the sloop-of-war Vandalia at Valparaiso, to obtain chains and an anchor, as sho had lost one anchor and
ono hundrod and thirly fathoms of ohain in I'osososion Bay, and was obliged to double Cape Horn. She was to sail tgain for Patagonia as soon as the damages wero repaired, entering the western mourl. of the straits. Captain B. reported my escape, and that I was safe on board the Hopewell, for Galifornia, informing the offeers that he parted company with moat Morcy Marbor - inteligenco that was rocoival with domonatrutions of livoly plonsure.

Being unable to obtain any information of my personal offocts, left on tho Johm Allyne, I left this mushroom sity on tho third day aftor my arrival, and took passago in tho steamer Senator for Sacranerlto, at the moderate faro of twenty-five lollars for a passage of a few hours' duration. I found this aity of rag houses full of the indications of iss rosent and rapid notilomoni. 'Ihostrools abounded in mud, a foot or more in depth. Here I recovored my chost, but the truaks containing my elothing wero missing. Our company, it appeared, had broken up, and its members woro dispersed hithor and thither in tho minos, every man for hinself. My brothers, as noar as I could asectain, woro seventy miloa distant, possibly removed to tho Midalle Fork of the American river, and I decided to start on foot. Accordingly, having purchased, at enormous prices, a , air of red fanmel Wlankots, thick boots, a rific and revolver, and other necessary equipmonts, I sot out for the mines the next morning, in company with two or three porsons from the States. Tho road was excecdingly muddy, but materially improved after passing Suther's Fort. Wo hat travelled ten miles, when I found that my feat were so bally blistered that I could proceed no furthor, and advised my companions to go on without me. My feet wero in fact alnost completely skinned.

Afler rosting at a pullic-house till tho next morning, and encasing my sore leet in a pair of poor, thin shocs, I pursued my journcy. I made very slow progress. An ox-tem overtook ane, the owner of which kept a house, or, more properly speaking, a booth, for boarding and lodging miners, five or six miles ancud. He kindly offered me a ride, which I glally acecpted, and lodged with him for tho sight.
Ny journoy the next day wars loss latiguing; on the day following I arrived at Georgetown, where I found that ay brotherss had built them a house and spent the winter, but hat now left the phace, and removed to the Middle Fork. The distance was twenty miles by one route and filteen by another. The longest road, was cousiderod the bost, and I fullowed it, lodging at night in a low grog-shop, denominated an im. $\Lambda$ suow-storm dutained mo here during tho next forenoon. By noon it appeared to have oleared up, and I resumed my mareh, but had not gone more than a mile before it began snowing again, as fist as before; yet $I$ was resolved not to turn back. The mow, however, fell so fant, and with increasing yiolence, and tho road was so wretched, that this reselution was somewhat shaken. The way led through a forest of lofty pines, the land broken by deep gulches and ligh hills. As I trudged along through tho deep snow, my attention was suddenly attracted to a clomp of hashes by tho wayside, that appeared to wave to and fro, as if agituted by something moro than wind. I felt for my knife and pistol, to make sure they were where they could be made immediately availhble, placed my hand on the louk of mey rifle, and awsitited in silence the approach of my unscen visitor. I'resently a pair of largo, glistening cyes glired at me throagh an oponing in the bushos. Nothe-
ing olso whe discorniblo; the form, and oven the head, of the animal to whom thess fieree opties appertainerl, could not bo mado out. But thoir gaze was fixed steadily upon me, and I roturned it with equal stendiness, if not equal brilliancy and effect, without once changing my position. I had heard of looking wild animals sot of countenaneo, and determined to try the experiment, bofore resorting to any other decisive measures. After gazing fixedly at tho mysterious oocupant of the thicket for a fus minutes, he turned and walked leisurely away, giving mo only an imperfect vicw of his figure. So far as I could distinguish the shape, it appeared to be a grisly bear, though not of the largest size. I was ghad to get rili of so ugly n customer on suoh oasy terms, and went on my way rejoieing, though it was a weary and desolate one.

Doing vary muelh fitiguch, I haliod at the foot of a largo oak-tree, as the shades of evening were closing around mo, with tho design of climbing it, and spending the night as comfortably as I could in its brameles, - the lodncing thut I hud untisiputod might teo the only availahlu ono. But, aftor a foy minutes' roul, I roused my fagging energies and concluded to fecl - for I could not sec - my way a little further, before roosting for the night. Tho darkness of the night, dooponod by tho storm, hid tho path so oflectually, that the Yankeo fuculty of gaessing was ealled into abuadant exaroiso. I trudgod along, however, wilh dogged determination, whith was very soon rowarded. Nhalf a mile had soarooly been passed, when a bright light greeted me: issuing from a tont. Walking up to it, I found in oennuied lyy hres mon, omigrante from the vicinity of'my native phace. 'Ihey oordially woleomord mad hompitably ontortainod nos, on

Itaruing who I was, and promised me every assistance in their power.

The next morning I set out again, and reached the river. I whes at no loss to designate the spot where my brothers wero likely to bo found, but a formidablo barrier interposed : a rapid and swollen strem separated us, just as wo were almost within gpenking distance. I walked along the shore to find a $\log$ or some wood with which to construet a float; nothing could be found. It was a grievous disalppointment; my evil star, I thought, had not yot wanod. A.t the opposite shore, fastened to the branch of a tree, lay a snug little raft, as if in mockery. I must spend the night, it seomod, on tho rivar banks, without food or sholtor, and within sight of my friends. Just before night I was fortunate enough to desery a man on the further shore, who appourcd to be on tho look-out for some ono, and hailed him. IIe answered, and forthwith took mo over. I was soon in the presence of my two brothers, neithor of whom at first rocognized mo. It was thappy meeting, and on their part wholly unexpectert, as thoy had givon mo up for lost. Aher many comoratulations and inmmorablo quosbions, rapilly interchanged, I mentioned the dilliculty I had in making the last stage of the joumey to them, - the passage of the river. Ilhey satil that they were on the look-out that ovening for one of their mumber; otherwise, I might have staid there a woek without attracting the attention of anybody. They congratulated me on my ill success in searehing for a log, or the materials to construet a float. Tho athenpl th eross would havo heen extremely hazardous, and very likely tatal. 'J'he river waty fill of rapiths, oecontries ourmont, ant ather jurils, making it at all times dillicult to
cross, with the lest facilities that could be commanded. Of all this I had ample confirmation in $n o$ long time after. Two men started to paddlo themselves over in a canoe at the sume place. Beforo they roached the opposite shore, their eanoe was borne down the strcum into the rapids, and dashed to pieces against the rocks. One of them was drowned; the other caught the top of a small tree just boforo renching tho rapids. By cutlecting all the ropes and lines wo oould find, attaching a biono to ono end and thowing it within his reach, the means of reseue, after several trials, wore pat into his power. Such was the roar of the waters we could not spoak in tones andible by him, but mado signs to him to secura the rope about his body, and he was drawn to the shore in safety. A similar accident afterwards happened to ono of my brothers, in attempting to cross with another man upon a raft. Tho swift current driftod thom within the power of tho rapids, and it was only by the greatort oxoritions that thoy asenped tha boiling abym below.

## CIIAPTER XII.

A gigantio apeculation, with a dwarligh result-Poils of waters-Sioknoss and bereavoment - Growth of Surnmento and San YranoiscoVoyago bomeward - Imposition on sliphoard - I'amama - Ilavana -Homo-Coneluding observations - Practicability of Chastion raissions in Iratagonia consiforars.

Os my arrival at the mines, $I$ found my brothers engaged in a company of twenty men, organized for tho purpose of huncling a momatain ridge, and digging a racewny at its base, with a viow to dam tho river and turn it through the tunnel. By this means tho bed of the xiver, for a mile or more, would be laid bare, and gold in groat profusion, it was beliceech, would be discovered. Nineteen of the members were on the ground; the twentieth was umble to come; and, though thero wore several applicents for the vacancy, I was chosen to fill it. Wo commenced operations in about a weck. It may give a clearer idea of the magnitude of the work, to state that an oxcaration, twelvo feet wido by soven deẹ, was made, by blusting through rock (s)ate and granite) a distanco of over at hundred feet. The race was nearly half a mile in length; the prizes paid for every article of food were enormous. lbefore turning the river, we let out the ex-
peeted field of gold to be worked by seven nundred men, who were to givo us onchalf of the produce; there was groat expeatation. The work was tho gronterst of this naturo that had yet been undertaken in Galifornia; we had worked hard through a whole season, and brought it to a succossful completion, without any fatal accilent, though seyeral dangerous eircumstances bad threntened to retard its progress. Eiverything being prepared, the dim was closed, tho river rose, - pressed, as if angrily, against the new barrier that opposed its wonted flow, - and then gullenly cxplored tho novel course that solicited its waters. Tho dry chtmel was cagerly attacked; but, alas for human lopes! it proved to be anything rut rich; in fact, it was loss favorable for working then tho average, and tho diggors abandonod tho spot, luming tho company elangrined, and greatly disheartened at their fruitless conclusion.

I camo very near being delivered from this disn ppointment, and from all other eathly eares, - those of anthorw ship inolutal, - lig a husty trip into tho rapids. Ducing tho intervals of our work, a young man of the company undertook with mo to construct a canoc, and establish it ferry for passengers across the river. Our shiff, on its completion, was carried by all hands to the river bank, ant committed to the stream, with all tho ceremonies castonary on tho launching of larger eraft. A successful adveatare was made, the next day, with one passenger. On the following day six miners applied for passage ; I took halli of them on board, with their pieks, pans and shovels, aut started with them. We lad approached within ten feet of tho opposito bauk, when a countor-current suddenly
struek us, whirled the head of the boat from the direction of the shome, and, in spite of the utmost exertion, carried us into the merean, and ahost over tho rapids. Jiy a successiful manouvre wo turned her head up stream, and paddled noderately till we had passed the dnagerous spot. At length, after a great struggle with inminent danger, in the midst of which the passengors wore praying and erying for mercy and help, we reached somo trees, standing in the swollen stream. By taking hold of one of tho branches the boat was brought to, but with such violence as to dash in hor side; we sprang safely into the trees as soon as the boat struck. Our fricuds on shore cut poles, and extended them to us, by help of which wo were soon On torm firma. One boat rolled over, mul suak. An attack of dysentery soon after interrupted any work, but not for at great length of time.

After the failure of our river speculation, I spent some time "prospecting" for a desitable "digging." Before one was discovered that offered much inducement, I wats Mgain prostrated by illness, daring which my brothers joined me, with the monrnful intelligence that my littlo son was no more! These heavy tidings, at buch a time, proved almost too much for an onfeebled body and anxions mind; it was the thought of my littlo fimily that norved my upirit against despuir, in the thithest hours of captivity. A blow there tumed my strengh into wakness, and my wakness well-nigh into absolute helplessness.

It would bo too fiar fiom the purpose of this volumo to solicit the reader's company through all my wanderings for a yeur and a half in this wonderful country, to which so miny high hopes ace carried, and from which so many
 that I hud six suecessivo utiteks of sickness, tho list tho moat severe of all ; I was brought to death's door, ath had litile hope of seeng home again. After a month's illness, my medical attendant advised. a return to tho States, ins soon as I could bear the excreise of riding. At the earliest day prudenee would allow, I. was carried, with all practicable care, to Sacramento, a city I had not seen sinco I passed through it in year and a half hefore. Its appearane was greatly improved in every resped. With tho increased supply of necessurics and conveniences, the fabulous priecs of eighteen months before had given plateo to more sober, authentic, and matter-offact dematads; stenmbont fare had fallen from twenty-five dollars to one, and the crowding and shouting of rumers compared with tha most active seenes of tho kind to bo witnessed in Now York or Albany: We arrived at San Franeise during the night; as the day dibmed, and the mist that roverel tho town was liftel, the specticle that met the view was dike onchantment; a compact and woll-built eity hat risen, ita beautiful harbor lined with extensive wharves, spacions warohousos, and elcgant lwellings, foonting upon bexat streets, and all applinees of busincss and pleasure offering themselves in profusion.

I walked to the nearest hotel, ats I was too feble to go a luuded yatds: The friend who acoompanicel me, and took upon himself all care of the voyage in respect to both of us, found that tho stemmers were crowded to the utmost, nod ongeged passago in a batk for San Jatan dol Simb, or Draman. Wo examined tho primed bith ol fare anal thought it would bo vory satisfactory, if its promises wiou
 were of 'a a quality, and suggested tho propricty of masing at commithe of passengers to investignto the stores ; but tho motion was overruled as unacecssary.

We put to sea with about a hundred and thirty passengers, many of whom suffered soverely from sea-sickness. These improved in a few days, and begau to feel like enting; but, to their constermation, instead of wholesome provisions and fresh water, nothing was to be had but spoilod sueat, and water that was unfit to drink, laving been put up in old becr-casks and become tainted, - and a short allowance of that. We were stinted to three pints a day oack for drimking and oulinary purposes. The only wholesome and eatable artieles of food were pork, bread mud dried apples. Then and coffee were too wretelod to bo used. Those wiseacres who had so summarily deelined any examination of the provisions before starting now cane to me with very long faces, conlessing their crror when it was too late to be remedied. For forty-eight days they languishod on this miserable fare. There were many quarrols and contentions on board, growing out of these dificulties, and some casces of sickness. We beried bwo men at sea and one the day after our arrival in port; and the whole company, iu fact, were litule better than skeletons when they realesest San Juan. As to mysclf; my appetite eraved but litale food, and the sea air agreed so well with me that I. had almost recovered on arrival there.

We momed mules on the following day, and crossed to Lake Nienragua, which we reached just too late for tho pleaturer. Sume of tho comparity wonk ap tho lake and procured small sail to take them across, but I decided to
remain till the arival of another regular stemer from Ban Pracioco. This delaised us two wesks, when we proaceded to Quorgutown, on tho Athatio khore, and took passage on hoard tho steaner Danicl Wubster, for New York, dia Ilavaba. ds wo passed out of ho lumbor a salute was fired for the United States steamer Saranac, then visiting that port to investigate the aldair of the British brig lixpress firing into onc of our stennere a short time before, on account of a refasal to pay certan port charges. When fairly outside the bur, the tables were set, and the lomgry passengers bad begran fortifying their stomachs with cager emulation, when I perceived a conmotion among the officers and men betakening something whong. Presently the head pump was working lively, and the mon appeared, ruming with buckets of waick. The the questions rained upon them they made no reply, but hastened along in silence. The boat had taken fise, but it was promplly extinguistod befure many of the pasemgers suspected it.
 walls of the forl, and atte fires were allowed to go out. During the night a hreeze sprugg up, producing a swell in the harbor, wheh rendered our position a dingerons one, as there was not room for the boat to swing around clear of tho rocks. Jlue pustiengers all filt extrenoly amsious for their gafely; but the fices were renewed, sudfeitent stam was soon generated to work the ponderons engine, the steamer swong slowly and sately around, and we werb salit. The Spanish guardhate ordered as back to our first atr-
 ressol und shou 1 jut har in a placo of sufety.

The next moming we look in coal and started for New York. I was seized, on the following day, for the first time in my life, with chilly und feycr, but partially resovered, under care of the ship's physician, before arriving in port. Wo mado Now York without acecident, and laviag spent two days in the city, the steamer State of Mane bore we to my homo, Jamuary 133h, 1852, 一after an absence of three years, lacking a month, --w with a heart rising gratefully to God for his many interpositions in my belalf, to deliver me from the perils of the sea and the perils of the band.

It can scarcely be necessary, for the bencfit of any reader who has fullowed we through the course of this mamiave, to add any remarks on the hazirds of visiting Patagonia, or the consequences likely to cossue in the event of shipwreck on that desolate coust. The land is dreary, and it were a suflieient trial of fortitude to be cast away upon it, -- Lo run the inmuincnt risk of perishing by cold, and louger mad thirst. But the extrenest joril arising from ite poycrly ol the commery is exhilatating, compared with the tender mercics of the proplle. Rather than trust to their protection, better hide from the light of day and graw the bark of stuntal trees for food, drimking, as I did, from tho briny sea. The dread which has detorred voyagers from entering the comtry, or even tonching tho shore, mulcsis armed to the tecth, offering articles of traftic with one hand and holding a loaded mosket in the other, is no nowe than reasomble. I do not know that the country has ayer feen explored by civilized amath. 'Itho oflicory and mon of the Adrenture mad Beagle, two ships sent out by the

British Ahmirulty to marvoy tho Straits of Magellan in tho years 1820, 1830, 1832 and 1834, examinel and ponctated tho country to a groater oxtont than my othor voyngors.

If the other tribes inhaliting the country resemble that with which I was domesticatod, it must be a hazartous enterprise for missionaries to attempt the propagation of the gospel among them. Eyen apart from this, the difficulty of gaining a subsistence there must prove an almost insuporable olsistacle. Tho barrenness of the soil, and tho want ol' water, render adoriculture a desperate resouree, ard there is no spontaneous product of the carth to sustain lifo. To live like the savages would be simply impossible to men who lave been hathituated to the comforts of civilizod Jifo; I eonld not haso survived many montlos of sach hardship. l'rovisions would have to be imported; this difficulty scems sufficient to diseonage, if not to prevent, efforts in that direction. When, to this, we adkl tho ernelty, the duplicity, the treachery and blool-thirstimess

- of tho people, I an malhe to conjecture thromgh what
 Christianity. Whethor acecss to then combd be grined through their Spanish American neighbors, or ly menticing somo of them, when young, into a more civilized society, and so opening an avenne of peaceable and bencticinl intorcourse, it is not easy to conelende, withont actual oxporiment.
Sinao rubuning to this gountry, lawe simws have been confraced, loy the narrativo recently pullished of the sad fito of tho langlish minsiountios sent to l'atugenia. (aphain (iardiner, and three or four Cornish fishermen, who voluntecred for this labor of love, were landed by a passing vessel somo-
whero on tho ibhospilatile coust. So inveterato was the hostility of the matives, thoy durst not trust themselves tunong them; they were drives, in their covered bargos, from place to place; like their Master, having not, on the land, where to lay their heads. Arrangements had been made, betore leaving England, to have provisions follow them; thirty-six barrels of provisions, destined for them, were found some time after, by a goverument vessel, at the Falklanel Islands. The commander took them on board, and sitiled for the place of their destination; upon thoir first limding, traces of the unfortunate men were found; and, on thorough search, directions were discovered to look for them at another place. They were followed from ons stopping-place to another, till the gravo of one of them was found, who had died of sharvation. The survivors were traced to a spot where their boats lay on the shore, ruoceupied; at a little distance off lay their bodies, unburied, their bones bleachiog on the sand. The humano discoverers buried their remains. On lifting a stone from the month of a eapo hare was diselosed an merativo of their sufferings, and of sucecssive deaths, wrilten by Capr tain Gardiner; at the date of the last entry he lad not tasled food for four days. In all probability, leo shared the fute of his brethren, -starvation, -and ryith him closed their melaucholy history. A sad tale! Yet thero wero days and weeks when I would have gladly exchanged my lor fur wamberings liko theíss, uron tho desert bloro. But thom those horrors I was mercifilly delivored; they, in tho prosecation of a sutered and benevolent orcand, woro chit down by the dispensation of Him who seelh not as yan secth.

It may oceur to some reader that the deceptions I practised upon tho natives, as framkly marrated, had a tendency to impair their coufidence in white men, and thus to iscreasc the difficulty of reaching them by Christian iufluences, and to render tho lot of amy poor man hereafter falling into their hands more desperate than it would otherviso be. Perhaps so; yet the dinger does not seem so imminent, when we consider that they aro entire strangers to truth. lrobably no Pratagonian's experience or observation cond furnish an example of consistent veracity, and they would not be likely to suspect the ex. istenec of such a virtue in any one. It is apparent, from their behavior in the "last scene of all" with me, that fiom first to last thay vehemently mistrosted my statemonts; and their mosi likely comment on the report of the chief must have been, "I told you so." 'The stock was less than if they had reposed a more gencrous confidenco.

Tho notoricty which was given to my capture by tho nowapmor pross calleal fierth many exprossions of xym. pathy flom persone who kinew mothing of me except that I was a fellow-being in distress. To all such I tender my thanks. It is a grateful duty, in parting eoupany widn tho render, to renew the expression of thankfal rencenprance with which I recall the benclactors who, under Gut, reseued and befriended me, - Mr. Jall, and the noblehearted captains, who fed and elothed me when hungry and makod, and conveycu me gratuitously to my destimation. Nor san I forget tho prompt ation of tho Honorabie Secretary of the Navy, the efficient exertions of the offiecrs of the Vaudalia, or the generosity of Commodore Jones.

I would also acknowledge, with the liveliest gratitude, my obligations to Whe llon. Daniel Webster, * the IIon, R. O. Winthrop, the Ion. George Evans, of Maine, and to tho Hon. Joseph Grimncll, and the Mon. John H. Clifiord, of New Bedford; - all of whom, wher informed of my eaptivity, voluntecred their aid, and made thoso representations to the Nayy department which rosulted in tho despatch of tho Yandalia on her humano mission. Nor mast I onit to add my thanks to Mr. Denison, who kindly bore their memorials to Washington, and laid them beforo the department. If I acguired nothing moro by my unlooked-for experience, I at least gained a warmer patriotism, and a profounder sense of the benignant wisdom of Providence.

* Since this was witton ho has pased bayond dito rench of my thanks; bet this fuct eannot suppress the utterance of gratituda which I owe to lis mughst monery.

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